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TITLE I--AMENDMENTS TO THE INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION ACT

SEC. 101. AMENDMENTS TO THE INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION ACT.

Parts A through D of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.) are amended to read as follows:

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	In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the Senate amendment, insert the following:
	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. This Act may be cited as the ``Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004".
	SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF THE ACT. This Act is organized into the following titles: TITLE IAMENDMENTS TO THE INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION ACT TITLE IINATIONAL CENTER FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION RESEARCH TITLE IIIMISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS TITLE IAMENDMENTS TO THE INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION ACT SEC. 101. AMENDMENTS TO THE INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION ACT. Parts A through D of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.) are amended to read as follows:
PART A GENERAL PROVISIONS	PART AGENERAL PROVISIONS
SEC. 601. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS; FINDINGS; PURPOSES.	SEC. 601. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS; FINDINGS; PURPOSES.
(a) Short Title. This Act may be cited as the "Individuals with Disabilities Education Act'.(b) Table of Contents. The table of contents for this Act is as follows:	(a) SHORT TITLEThis title may be cited as the `Individuals with Disabilities Education Act'. (b) TABLE OF CONTENTSThe table of contents for this title is as follows:
Part A General Provisions	Part AGeneral Provisions
Sec. 601. Short title; table of contents; findings; purposes. Sec. 602. Definitions. Sec. 603. Office of Special Education Programs. Sec. 604. Abrogation of State sovereign immunity.	Sec. 601. Short title; table of contents; findings; purposes. Sec. 602. Definitions. Sec. 603. Office of Special Education Programs. Sec. 604. Abrogation of State sovereign immunity.

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Sec. 605. Acquisition of equipment; construction or alteration of facilities. Sec. 606. Employment of individuals with disabilities. Sec. 607. Requirements for prescribing regulations.	Sec. 605. Acquisition of equipment; construction or alteration of facilities. Sec. 606. Employment of individuals with disabilities. Sec. 607. Requirements for prescribing regulations. Sec. 608. State administration. Sec. 609. Paperwork reduction. Sec. 610. Freely associated states.
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Sec. 645. Authorization of appropriations.	Sec. 644. Authorization of appropriations.

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Part D National Activities to Improve Education of Children with Disabilities	Part DNational Activities To Improve Education of Children With Disabilities Sec. 650. Findings.
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Subpart 2 Coordinated Research, Personnel Preparation, Technical Assistance, Support, and Dissemination of Information	SUBPART 2PERSONNEL PREPARATION, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, MODEL DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS, AND DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION
Sec. 661. Administrative provisions. Chapter 1 Improving early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities through coordinated research and personnel preparation Sec. 671. Findings and purpose. Sec. 672. Research and innovation to improve services and results for children with disabilities. Sec. 673. Personnel preparation to improve services and results for children with disabilities. Sec. 674. Studies and evaluations.	 Sec. 661. Purpose; definition of eligible entity. Sec. 662. Personnel development to improve services and results for children with disabilities. Sec. 663. Technical assistance, demonstration projects, dissemination of information, and implementation of scientifically based research. Sec. 664. Studies and evaluations. Sec. 665. Interim alternative educational settings, behavioral supports, and systemic school interventions. Sec. 667. Authorization of appropriations.
Chapter 2 Improving early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities through coordinated technical assistance, support, and dissemination of information Sec. 681. Findings and purposes. Sec. 682. Parent training and information centers. Sec. 683. Community parent resource centers. Sec. 684. Technical assistance for parent training and information centers. Sec. 685. Coordinated technical assistance and dissemination. Sec. 686. Authorization of appropriations.	SUBPART 3SUPPORTS TO IMPROVE RESULTS FOR CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES Sec. 670. Purposes. Sec. 671. Parent training and information centers. Sec. 672. Community parent resource centers. Sec. 673. Technical assistance for parent training and information centers. Sec. 674. Technology development, demonstration, and utilization; and media services. Sec. 675. Authorization of appropriations.

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Sec. 687. Technology development, demonstration, and utilization, and media services.	SUBPART 4GENERAL PROVISIONS Sec. 681. Comprehensive plan for subparts 2 and 3. Sec. 682. Administrative provisions.
 (c) Findings. The Congress finds the following: (1) Disability is a natural part of the human experience and in no way diminishes the right of individuals to participate in or contribute to society. Improving educational results for children with disabilities is an essential element of our national policy of ensuring equality of opportunity, full participation, independent living, and economic self-sufficiency for individuals with disabilities. (2) Before the date of the enactment of the Education for All Handicapped Children Act of 1975 (Public Law 94-142) (A) the special educational needs of children with disabilities were not being fully met; (B) more than one-half of the children with disabilities in the United States did not receive appropriate educational services that would enable such children to have full equality of opportunity; (C) 1,000,000 of the children with disabilities in the United States were excluded entirely from the public school system and did not go through the educational process with their peers; (D) there were many children with disabilities throughout the United States participating in regular school programs whose disabilities prevented such children from having a successful educational experience because their disabilities were undetected; and (E) because of the lack of adequate services within the public school system, families were often forced to find services outside the public school system, often at great distance from their residence and at their 	(c) FINDINGSCongress finds the following: (1) Disability is a natural part of the human experience and in no way diminishes the right of individuals to participate in or contribute to society. Improving educational results for children with disabilities is an essential element of our national policy of ensuring equality of opportunity, full participation, independent living, and economic self-sufficiency for individuals with disabilities. (2) Before the date of enactment of the Education for All Handicapped Children Act of 1975 (Public Law 94-142), the educational needs of millions of children with disabilities were not being fully met because (A) the children did not receive appropriate educational services; (B) the children were excluded entirely from the public school system and from being educated with their peers; (C) undiagnosed disabilities prevented the children from having a successful educational experience; or (D) a lack of adequate resources within the public school system forced families to find services outside the public school system.
own expense. (3) Since the enactment and implementation of the Education for All Handicapped Children Act of 1975, this Act has been successful in ensuring children with disabilities and the families of such children access to a free appropriate public education and in improving educational results for children with disabilities. (4) However, the implementation of this Act has been impeded by low expectations, and an insufficient focus on applying replicable research on proven methods of teaching and learning for children with disabilities. (5) Over 20 years of research and experience has demonstrated that the	 (3) Since the enactment and implementation of the Education for All Handicapped Children Act of 1975, this title has been successful in ensuring children with disabilities and the families of such children access to a free appropriate public education and in improving educational results for children with disabilities. (4) However, the implementation of this title has been impeded by low expectations, and an insufficient focus on applying replicable research on proven methods of teaching and learning for children with disabilities. (5) Almost 30 years of research and experience has demonstrated that the

access in the general curriculum to the maximum extent possible;

education of children with disabilities can be made more effective by (A) having high expectations for such children and ensuring their

- (B) strengthening the role of parents and ensuring that families of such children have meaningful opportunities to participate in the education of their children at school and at home:
- (C) coordinating this Act with other local, educational service agency, State, and Federal school improvement efforts in order to ensure that such children benefit from such efforts and that special education can become a service for such children rather than a place where they are sent:
- (D) providing appropriate special education and related services and aids and supports in the regular classroom to such children, whenever appropriate;
- (E) supporting high-quality, intensive professional development for all personnel who work with such children in order to ensure that they have the skills and knowledge necessary to enable them
 - (i) to meet developmental goals and, to the maximum extent possible, those challenging expectations that have been established for all children; and
- (ii) to be prepared to lead productive, independent, adult lives, to the maximum extent possible;
- (F) providing incentives for whole-school approaches and pre-referral intervention to reduce the need to label children as disabled in order to address their learning needs; and
- (G) focusing resources on teaching and learning while reducing paperwork and requirements that do not assist in improving educational results.
- (6) While States, local educational agencies, and educational service

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education of children with disabilities can be made more effective by--

- (A) having high expectations for such children and ensuring their access to the general education curriculum in the regular classroom, to the maximum extent possible, in order to--
 - (i) meet developmental goals and, to the maximum extent possible, the challenging expectations that have been established for all children; and (ii) be prepared to lead productive and independent adult lives, to the maximum extent possible;
- (B) strengthening the role **and responsibility** of parents and ensuring that families of such children have meaningful opportunities to participate in the education of their children at school and at home;
- (C) coordinating this title with other local, educational service agency, State, and Federal school improvement efforts, including improvement efforts under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, in order to ensure that such children benefit from such efforts and that special education can become a service for such children rather than a place where such children are sent;
- (D) providing appropriate special education and related services, and aids and supports in the regular classroom, to such children, whenever appropriate;
- (E) supporting high-quality, intensive **preservice preparation** and professional development for all personnel who work with children with **disabilities** in order to ensure that such personnel have the skills and knowledge **necessary to improve the academic achievement and functional performance of children with disabilities, including the use of scientifically based instructional practices**, to the maximum extent possible:
- (F) providing incentives for whole-school approaches, scientifically based early reading programs, positive behavioral interventions and supports, and early intervening services to reduce the need to label children as disabled in order to address the learning and behavioral needs of such children;
- (G) focusing resources on teaching and learning while reducing paperwork and requirements that do not assist in improving educational results; and
- (H) supporting the development and use of technology, including assistive technology devices and assistive technology services, to maximize accessibility for children with disabilities.
- (6) While States, local educational agencies, and educational service

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agencies are responsible for providing an education for all children with disabilities, it is in the national interest that the Federal Government have a role in assisting State and local efforts to educate children with disabilities in order to improve results for such children and to ensure equal protection of the law.	agencies are primarily responsible for providing an education for all children with disabilities, it is in the national interest that the Federal Government have a supporting role in assisting State and local efforts to educate children with disabilities in order to improve results for such children and to ensure equal protection of the law. (7) A more equitable allocation of resources is essential for the Federal Government to meet its responsibility to provide an equal educational opportunity for all individuals. (8) Parents and schools should be given expanded opportunities to resolve their disagreements in positive and constructive ways. (9) Teachers, schools, local educational agencies, and States should be relieved of irrelevant and unnecessary paperwork burdens that do not lead to improved educational outcomes.
(7)(A) The Federal Government must be responsive to the growing needs of an increasingly more diverse society. A more equitable allocation of resources is essential for the Federal Government to meet its responsibility to provide an equal educational opportunity for all individuals.	(10)(A) The Federal Government must be responsive to the growing needs of an increasingly diverse society.
 (B) America's racial profile is rapidly changing. Between 1980 and 1990, the rate of increase in the population for white Americans was 6 percent, while the rate of increase for racial and ethnic minorities was much higher: 53 percent for Hispanics, 13.2 percent for African-Americans, and 107.8 percent for Asians. (C) By the year 2000, this Nation will have 275,000,000 people, nearly one of every three of whom will be either African-American, Hispanic, Asian-American, or American Indian. (D) Taken together as a group, minority children are comprising an ever larger percentage of public school students. Large-city school populations are overwhelmingly minority, for example: for fall 1993, the figure for Miami was 84 percent; Chicago, 89 percent; Philadelphia, 78 percent; Baltimore, 84 percent; Houston, 88 percent; and Los Angeles, 88 percent. 	 (B) America's ethnic profile is rapidly changing. In 2000, 1 of every 3 persons in the United States was a member of a minority group or was limited English proficient. (C) Minority children comprise an increasing percentage of public school students.
(E) Recruitment efforts within special education must focus on bringing larger numbers of minorities into the profession in order to provide appropriate practitioner knowledge, role models, and sufficient manpower to address the clearly changing demography of special education. (F) The limited English proficient population is the fastest growing in our Nation, and the growth is occurring in many parts of our Nation. In the	 (D) With such changing demographics, recruitment efforts for special education personnel should focus on increasing the participation of minorities in the teaching profession in order to provide appropriate role models with sufficient knowledge to address the special education needs of these students. (11)(A) The limited English proficient population is the fastest growing in our Nation, and the growth is occurring in many parts of our Nation.

Nation's 2 largest school districts, limited English proficient students make up almost half of all students initially entering school at the kindergarten level. Studies have documented apparent discrepancies in the levels of referral and placement of limited English proficient children in special education. The Department of Education has found that services provided to limited English proficient students often do not respond primarily to the pupil's academic needs. These trends pose special challenges for special education in the referral, assessment, and services for our Nation's students from non-English language backgrounds.

- (8)(A) Greater efforts are needed to prevent the intensification of problems connected with mislabeling and high dropout rates among minority children with disabilities.
 - (B) More minority children continue to be served in special education than would be expected from the percentage of minority students in the general school population.
 - (C) Poor African-American children are 2.3 times more likely to be identified by their teacher as having mental retardation than their white counterpart.
 - (D) Although African-Americans represent 16 percent of elementary and secondary enrollments, they constitute 21 percent of total enrollments in special education.
 - (E) The drop-out rate is 68 percent higher for minorities than for whites.
- (F) More than 50 percent of minority students in large cities drop out of school.
- (9)(A) The opportunity for full participation in awards for grants and contracts; boards of organizations receiving funds under this Act; and peer review panels; and training of professionals in the area of special education by minority individuals, organizations, and historically black colleges and universities is essential if we are to obtain greater success in the education of minority children with disabilities.
 - (B) In 1993, of the 915,000 college and university professors, 4.9 percent were African-American and 2.4 percent were Hispanic. Of the 2,940,000 teachers, pre-kindergarten through high school, 6.8 percent were African-American and 4.1 percent were Hispanic.
 - (C) Students from minority groups comprise more than 50 percent of K-12 public school enrollment in seven States yet minority enrollment in teacher training programs is less than 15 percent in all but six States.

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- (B) Studies have documented apparent discrepancies in the levels of referral and placement of limited English proficient children in special education.
- (C) Such discrepancies pose a special challenge for special education in the referral of, assessment of, and provision of services for, our Nation's students from non-English language backgrounds.
- (12)(A) Greater efforts are needed to prevent the intensification of problems connected with mislabeling and high dropout rates among minority children with disabilities.
 - (B) More minority children continue to be served in special education than would be expected from the percentage of minority students in the general school population.
 - (C) African-American children are identified as having mental retardation and emotional disturbance at rates greater than their White counterparts.
 - (D) In the 1998-1999 school year, African-American children represented just 14.8 percent of the population aged 6 through 21, but comprised 20.2 percent of all children with disabilities.
 - (E) Studies have found that schools with predominately White students and teachers have placed disproportionately high numbers of their minority students into special education.
- (13)(A) As the number of minority students in special education increases, the number of minority teachers and related services personnel produced in colleges and universities continues to decrease.
 - (B) The opportunity for full participation by minority individuals, minority organizations, and Historically Black Colleges and Universities in awards for grants and contracts, boards of organizations receiving assistance under this title, peer review panels, and training of professionals in the area of special education is essential to obtain greater success in the education of minority children with disabilities.
- (14) As the graduation rates for children with disabilities continue to climb, **providing effective transition services** to promote successful post-school employment or education is an important measure of accountability for children with disabilities.

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 (D) As the number of African-American and Hispanic students in special education increases, the number of minority teachers and related service personnel produced in our colleges and universities continues to decrease. (E) Ten years ago, 12 percent of the United States teaching force in public elementary and secondary schools were members of a minority group. Minorities comprised 21 percent of the national population at that time and were clearly underrepresented then among employed teachers. Today, the elementary and secondary teaching force is 13 percent minority, while one-third of the students in public schools are minority children. (F) As recently as 1991, historically black colleges and universities enrolled 44 percent of the African-American teacher trainees in the Nation. However, in 1993, historically black colleges and universities received only 4 percent of the discretionary funds for special education and related services personnel training under this Act. (G) While African-American students constitute 28 percent of total enrollment in special education, only 11.2 percent of individuals enrolled in pre-service training programs for special education are African-American. (H) In 1986-87, of the degrees conferred in education at the B.A., M.A., and Ph.D. levels, only 6, 8, and 8 percent, respectively, were awarded to African-American or Hispanic students. (10) Minorities and underserved persons are socially disadvantaged because of the lack of opportunities in training and educational programs, undergirded by the practices in the private sector that impede their full participation in the mainstream of society. 	
 (d) Purposes. The purposes of this title are (1)(A) to ensure that all children with disabilities have available to them a free appropriate public education that emphasizes special education and related services designed to meet their unique needs and prepare them for employment and independent living; (B) to ensure that the rights of children with disabilities and parents of such children are protected; and (C) to assist States, localities, educational service agencies, and Federal agencies to provide for the education of all children with disabilities; (2) to assist States in the implementation of a statewide, comprehensive, 	 (d) PURPOSESThe purposes of this title are (1)(A) to ensure that all children with disabilities have available to them a free appropriate public education that emphasizes special education and related services designed to meet their unique needs and prepare them for further education, employment, and independent living; (B) to ensure that the rights of children with disabilities and parents of such children are protected; and (C) to assist States, localities, educational service agencies, and Federal agencies to provide for the education of all children with disabilities; (2) to assist States in the implementation of a statewide, comprehensive,

coordinated, multidisciplinary, interagency system of early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families:

- (3) to ensure that educators and parents have the necessary tools to improve educational results for children with disabilities by supporting systemic-change activities; coordinated research and personnel preparation; coordinated technical assistance, dissemination, and support; and technology development and media services; and
- (4) to assess, and ensure the effectiveness of, efforts to educate children with disabilities.

SEC. 602. DEFINITIONS.

Except as otherwise provided, as used in this Act:

- (1) Assistive technology device. The term 'assistive technology device' means any item, piece of equipment, or product system, whether acquired commercially off the shelf, modified, or customized, that is used to increase, maintain, or improve functional capabilities of a child with a disability.
- (2) Assistive technology service. The term 'assistive technology service' means any service that directly assists a child with a disability in the selection, acquisition, or use of an assistive technology device. Such term includes
 - (A) the evaluation of the needs of such child, including a functional evaluation of the child in the child's customary environment;
 - (B) purchasing, leasing, or otherwise providing for the acquisition of assistive technology devices by such child;
 - (C) selecting, designing, fitting, customizing, adapting, applying, maintaining, repairing, or replacing of assistive technology devices;
 - (D) coordinating and using other therapies, interventions, or services with assistive technology devices, such as those associated with existing education and rehabilitation plans and programs;
 - (E) training or technical assistance for such child, or, where appropriate, the family of such child; and
 - (F) training or technical assistance for professionals (including individuals providing education and rehabilitation services), employers, or other individuals who provide services to, employ, or are otherwise

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coordinated, multidisciplinary, interagency system of early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families;

- (3) to ensure that educators and parents have the necessary tools to improve educational results for children with disabilities by supporting system improvement activities; coordinated research and personnel preparation; coordinated technical assistance, dissemination, and support; and technology development and media services; and
- (4) to assess, and ensure the effectiveness of, efforts to educate children with disabilities.

SEC. 602. DEFINITIONS.

Except as otherwise provided, in this title:

- (1) ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY DEVICE .--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--The term `assistive technology device' means any item, piece of equipment, or product system, whether acquired commercially off the shelf, modified, or customized, that is used to increase, maintain, or improve functional capabilities of a child with a disability.
 - (B) EXCEPTION.--The term does not include a medical device that is surgically implanted, or the replacement of such device.
- (2) ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY SERVICE.--The term `assistive technology service' means any service that directly assists a child with a disability in the selection, acquisition, or use of an assistive technology device. Such term includes--
- (A) the evaluation of the needs of such child, including a functional evaluation of the child in the child's customary environment;
- (B) purchasing, leasing, or otherwise providing for the acquisition of assistive technology devices by such child;
- (C) selecting, designing, fitting, customizing, adapting, applying, maintaining, repairing, or replacing assistive technology devices;
- (D) coordinating and using other therapies, interventions, or services with assistive technology devices, such as those associated with existing education and rehabilitation plans and programs;
- (E) training or technical assistance for such child, or, where appropriate, the family of such child; and
- (F) training or technical assistance for professionals (including individuals providing education and rehabilitation services), employers, or other individuals who provide services to, employ, or are otherwise

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substantially involved in the major life functions of such child.

- (3) Child with a disability.
 - (A) In general. The term 'child with a disability' means a child (i) with mental retardation, hearing impairments (including deafness), speech or language impairments, visual impairments (including blindness), serious emotional disturbance (hereinafter referred to as emotional disturbance'), orthopedic impairments, autism, traumatic brain injury, other health impairments, or specific learning disabilities; and
 - (ii) who, by reason thereof, needs special education and related services.
 - (B) Child aged 3 through 9. The term 'child with a disability' for a child aged 3 through 9 may, at the discretion of the State and the local educational agency, include a child
 - (i) experiencing developmental delays, as defined by the State and as measured by appropriate diagnostic instruments and procedures, in one or more of the following areas: physical development, cognitive development, communication development, social or emotional development, or adaptive development; and
 - (ii) who, by reason thereof, needs special education and related services.
- (4) Educational service agency. The term 'educational service agency'—
 (A) means a regional public multi-service agency
 - (i) authorized by State law to develop, manage, and provide services or programs to local educational agencies; and
 - (ii) recognized as an administrative agency for purposes of the provision of special education and related services provided within public elementary and secondary schools of the State; and
- (B) includes any other public institution or agency having administrative control and direction over a public elementary or secondary school.
- (5) Elementary school. The term 'elementary school' means a nonprofit institutional day or residential school that provides elementary education,

substantially involved in the major life functions of such child.

- (3) CHILD WITH A DISABILITY .--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--The term `child with a disability' means a child--(i) with mental retardation, hearing impairments (including deafness), speech or language impairments, visual impairments (including blindness), serious emotional disturbance (referred to in this title as `emotional disturbance'), orthopedic impairments, autism, traumatic brain injury, other health impairments, or specific learning disabilities; and
 - (ii) who, by reason thereof, needs special education and related services.
 - (B) CHILD AGED 3 THROUGH 9.--The term `child with a disability' for a child aged 3 through 9 (or any subset of that age range, including ages 3 through 5), may, at the discretion of the State and the local educational agency, include a child--
 - (i) experiencing developmental delays, as defined by the State and as measured by appropriate diagnostic instruments and procedures, in 1 or more of the following areas: physical development; cognitive development; communication development; social or emotional development; or adaptive development; and
 - (ii) who, by reason thereof, needs special education and related services.
- (4) CORE ACADEMIC SUBJECTS.--The term `core academic subjects' has the meaning given the term in section 9101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.
- (5) EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCY.--The term `educational service agency'--
 - (A) means a regional public multiservice agency--
 - (i) authorized by State law to develop, manage, and provide services or programs to local educational agencies; and
 - (ii) recognized as an administrative agency for purposes of the provision of special education and related services provided within public elementary schools and secondary schools of the State; and
 - (B) includes any other public institution or agency having administrative control and direction over a public elementary school or secondary school.
- (6) ELEMENTARY SCHOOL.--The term `elementary school' means a nonprofit institutional day or residential school, **including a public**

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as determined under State law.

- (6) Equipment. The term 'equipment' includes
 - (A) machinery, utilities, and built-in equipment and any necessary enclosures or structures to house such machinery, utilities, or equipment; and
 - (B) all other items necessary for the functioning of a particular facility as a facility for the provision of educational services, including items such as instructional equipment and necessary furniture; printed, published, and audio-visual instructional materials; telecommunications, sensory, and other technological aids and devices; and books, periodicals, documents, and other related materials.
- (7) Excess costs. The term 'excess costs' means those costs that are in excess of the average annual per-student expenditure in a local educational agency during the preceding school year for an elementary or secondary school student, as may be appropriate, and which shall be computed after deducting
 - (A) amounts received
 - (i) under part B of this title;
 - (ii) under part A of title I of the

Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; or

- (iii) under part A of title VII of that Act; and
- (B) any State or local funds expended for programs that would qualify for assistance under any of those parts.
- (8) Free appropriate public education. The term 'free appropriate public education' means special education and related services that
 - (A) have been provided at public expense, under public supervision and direction, and without charge;
 - (B) meet the standards of the State educational agency;
 - (C) include an appropriate preschool, elementary, or secondary school education in the State involved; and
 - (D) are provided in conformity with the individualized education program required under section 614(d).

elementary charter school, that provides elementary education, as determined under State law.

- (7) EQUIPMENT.--The term 'equipment' includes--
 - (A) machinery, utilities, and built-in equipment, and any necessary enclosures or structures to house such machinery, utilities, or equipment; and
 - (B) all other items necessary for the functioning of a particular facility as a facility for the provision of educational services, including items such as instructional equipment and necessary furniture; printed, published, and audio-visual instructional materials; telecommunications, sensory, and other technological aids and devices; and books, periodicals, documents, and other related materials.
- (8) EXCESS COSTS.--The term `excess costs' means those costs that are in excess of the average annual per-student expenditure in a local educational agency during the preceding school year for an elementary school or secondary school student, as may be appropriate, and which shall be computed after deducting--
 - (A) amounts received--
 - (i) under part B;
 - (ii) under part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; and
 - (iii) under parts A and B of title III of that Act; and
 - (B) any State or local funds expended for programs that would qualify for assistance under any of those parts.
- (9) FREE APPROPRIATE PUBLIC EDUCATION.--The term `free appropriate public education' means special education and related services that--
 - (A) have been provided at public expense, under public supervision and direction, and without charge;
 - (B) meet the standards of the State educational agency;
 - (C) include an appropriate preschool, elementary school, or secondary school education in the State involved; and
 - (D) are provided in conformity with the individualized education program required under section 614(d).
- (10) HIGHLY QUALIFIED .--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--For any special education teacher, the term `highly qualified' has the meaning given the term in section 9101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, except that such term

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	also- (i) includes the requirements described in subparagraph (B); and (ii) includes the option for teachers to meet the requirements of section 9101 of such Act by meeting the requirements of subparagraph (C) or (D). (B) REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION TEACHERSWhen used with respect to any public elementary school or secondary school special education teacher teaching in a State, such term means that (i) the teacher has obtained full State certification as a special education teacher (including certification obtained through alternative routes to certification), or passed the State special education teacher licensing examination, and holds a license to teach in the State as a special education teacher, except that when used with respect to any teacher teaching in a public charter school, the term means that the teacher meets the requirements set forth in the State's public charter school law; (ii) the teacher has not had special education certification or licensure requirements waived on an emergency, temporary, or provisional basis; and (iii) the teacher holds at least a bachelor's degree. (C) SPECIAL EDUCATION TEACHERS TEACHING TO ALTERNATE ACHIEVEMENT STANDARDSWhen used with respect to a special education teacher who teaches core academic subjects exclusively to children who are assessed against alternate achievement standards established under the regulations promulgated under section 1111(b)(1) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, such term means the teacher, whether new or not new to the profession, may either (i) meet the applicable requirements of section 9101 of such Act for any elementary, middle, or secondary school teacher who is new or not new to the profession; or (ii) meet the requirements of subparagraph (B) or (C) of section 9101(23) of such Act as applied to an elementary school teacher, or, in the case of instruction above the elementary level, has subject matter knowledge appropriate to the level of instruction being provided, as determined by the State, nee

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 (9) Indian. The term 'Indian' means an individual who is a member of an Indian tribe. (10) Indian tribe. The term 'Indian tribe' means any Federal or State Indian tribe, band, rancheria, pueblo, colony, or community, including any Alaska Native village or regional village corporation (as defined in or established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act). (11) Individualized education program. The term 'individualized education program' or IEP means a written statement for each child with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with section 614(d). 	demonstrate competence in all the core academic subjects in which the teacher teaches in the same manner as is required for an elementary, middle, or secondary school teacher who is not new to the profession under section 9101(23)(C)(ii) of such Act, which may include a single, high objective uniform State standard of evaluation covering multiple subjects; or (iii) in the case of a new special education teacher who teaches multiple subjects and who is highly qualified in mathematics, language arts, or science, demonstrate competence in the other core academic subjects in which the teacher teaches in the same manner as is required for an elementary, middle, or secondary school teacher under section 9101(23)(C)(ii) of such Act, which may include a single, high objective uniform State standard of evaluation covering multiple subjects, not later than 2 years after the date of employment. (E) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Notwithstanding any other individual right of action that a parent or student may maintain under this part, nothing in this section or part shall be construed to create a right of action on behalf of an individual student or class of students for the failure of a particular State educational agency or local educational agency employee to be highly qualified. (F) DEFINITION FOR PURPOSES OF THE ESEA.—A teacher who is highly qualified under this paragraph shall be considered highly qualified for purposes of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. (11) HOMELESS CHILDREN.—The term 'homeless children' has the meaning given the term 'homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a). (12) INDIAN.—The term 'Indian' means an individual who is a member of an Indian tribe, band, rancheria, pueblo, colony, or community, including any Alaska Native village or regional village corporation (as defined in or established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)). (14) INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM; IEP.—The term 'individualized education program' or 'IEP' means a written statement
(12) Individualized family service plan. The term 'individualized family service plan' has the meaning given such term in section 636.(13) Infant or toddler with a disability. The term 'infant or toddler with a disability' has the meaning given such term in section 632.	 (15) INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLANThe term `individualized family service plan' has the meaning given the term in section 636. (16) INFANT OR TODDLER WITH A DISABILITYThe term `infant or toddler with a disability' has the meaning given the term in section 632.

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- (14) Institution of higher education. The term 'institution of higher education'
 - (A) has the meaning given that term in section 1201(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965; and
 - (B) also includes any community college receiving funding from the Secretary of the Interior under the Tribally Controlled Community College Assistance Act of 1978.
- (15) Local educational agency.
 - (A) The term 'local educational agency' means a public board of education or other public authority legally constituted within a State for either administrative control or direction of, or to perform a service function for, public elementary or secondary schools in a city, county, township, school district, or other political subdivision of a State, or for such combination of school districts or counties as are recognized in a State as an administrative agency for its public elementary or secondary schools.
 - (B) The term includes:
 - (i) an educational service agency, as defined in paragraph (4); and
 - (ii) any other public institution or agency having administrative control and direction of a public elementary or secondary school.
 - (C) The term includes an elementary or secondary school funded by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, but only to the extent that such inclusion makes the school eligible for programs for which specific eligibility is not provided to the school in another provision of law and the school does not have a student population that is smaller than the student population of the local educational agency receiving assistance under this Act with the smallest student population, except that the school shall not be subject to the jurisdiction of any State educational agency other than the Bureau of Indian Affairs.
- (16) Native language. The term 'native language', when used with reference to an individual of limited English proficiency, means the language normally used by the individual, or in the case of a child, the language normally used by the parents of the child.
- (17) Nonprofit. The term 'nonprofit,' as applied to a school, agency,

- (17) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.--The term `institution of higher education'--
- (A) has the meaning given the term in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965; and
- (B) also includes any community college receiving funding from the Secretary of the Interior under the Tribally Controlled College or University Assistance Act of 1978.
- (18) LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENT.--The term `limited English proficient' has the meaning given the term in section 9101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.
- (19) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY .--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--The term `local educational agency' means a public board of education or other public authority legally constituted within a State for either administrative control or direction of, or to perform a service function for, public elementary schools or secondary schools in a city, county, township, school district, or other political subdivision of a State, or for such combination of school districts or counties as are recognized in a State as an administrative agency for its public elementary schools or secondary schools.
 - (B) EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCIES AND OTHER PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS OR AGENCIES.--The term includes--
 - (i) an educational service agency; and
 - (ii) any other public institution or agency having administrative control and direction of a public elementary school or secondary school.
 - (C) BIA FUNDED SCHOOLS.--The term includes an elementary school or secondary school funded by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, but only to the extent that such inclusion makes the school eligible for programs for which specific eligibility is not provided to the school in another provision of law and the school does not have a student population that is smaller than the student population of the local educational agency receiving assistance under this title with the smallest student population, except that the school shall not be subject to the jurisdiction of any State educational agency other than the Bureau of Indian Affairs.
- (20) NATIVE LANGUAGE.--The term `native language', when used with respect to an individual who is limited English proficient, means the language normally used by the individual or, in the case of a child, the language normally used by the parents of the child.
- (21) NONPROFIT.--The term `nonprofit', as applied to a school, agency,

organization, or institution, means a school, agency, organization, or institution owned and operated by one or more nonprofit corporations or associations no part of the net earnings of which inures, or may lawfully

- (18) Outlying area. The term 'outlying area' means the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
- (19) Parent. The term 'parent'
 - (A) includes a legal guardian; and
 - (B) except as used in sections 615(b)(2) and 639(a)(5), includes an individual assigned under either of those sections to be a surrogate parent.
- (20) Parent organization. The term 'parent organization' as the meaning given that term in section 682(g).
- (21) Parent training and information center. The term 'parent training and information center' means a center assisted under section 682 or 683.
- (22) Related services. The term 'related services' means transportation, and such developmental, corrective, and other supportive services (including speech-language pathology and audiology services, psychological services, physical and occupational therapy, recreation, including therapeutic recreation, social work services, counseling services, including rehabilitation counseling, orientation and mobility services, and medical services, except that such medical services shall be for diagnostic and evaluation purposes only) as may be required to assist a child with a disability to benefit from special education, and includes the early identification and assessment of disabling conditions in children.

(23) Secondary school. The term 'secondary school' means a nonprofit

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organization, or institution, means a school, agency, organization, or institution owned and operated by 1 or more nonprofit corporations or associations no part of the net earnings of which inures, or may lawfully inure, to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

- (22) OUTLYING AREA.--The term `outlying area' means the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
- (23) PARENT .-- The term `parent' means--
 - (A) a natural, adoptive, or foster parent of a child (unless a foster parent is prohibited by State law from serving as a parent);
 - (B) a guardian (but not the State if the child is a ward of the State);
 - (C) an individual acting in the place of a natural or adoptive parent (including a grandparent, stepparent, or other relative) with whom the child lives, or an individual who is legally responsible for the child's welfare; or
 - (D) except as used in sections 615(b)(2) and 639(a)(5), an individual assigned under either of those sections to be a surrogate parent.
- (24) PARENT ORGANIZATION.--The term `parent organization' has the meaning given the term in section 671(g).
- (25) PARENT TRAINING AND INFORMATION CENTER.--The term `parent training and information center' means a center assisted under section 671 or 672.
- (26) RELATED SERVICES .--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--The term `related services' means transportation, and such developmental, corrective, and other supportive services (including speech-language pathology and audiology services, interpreting services, psychological services, physical and occupational therapy, recreation, including therapeutic recreation, social work services, school nurse services designed to enable a child with a disability to receive a free appropriate public education as described in the individualized education program of the child, counseling services, including rehabilitation counseling, orientation and mobility services, and medical services, except that such medical services shall be for diagnostic and evaluation purposes only) as may be required to assist a child with a disability to benefit from special education, and includes the early identification and assessment of disabling conditions in children.

 (B) EXCEPTION.--The term does not include a medical device that is
 - surgically implanted, or the replacement of such device.

(27) SECONDARY SCHOOL.--The term `secondary school' means a

institutional day or residential school that provides secondary education, as determined under State law, except that it does not include any education beyond grade 12.

- (24) Secretary. The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Education.
- (25) Special education. The term 'special education' means specially designed instruction, at no cost to parents, to meet the unique needs of a child with a disability, including
 - (A) instruction conducted in the classroom, in the home, in hospitals and institutions, and in other settings; and
 - (B) instruction in physical education.
- (26) Specific learning disability.
- (A) In general. The term 'specific learning disability' means a disorder in one or more of the basic psychological processes involved in understanding or in using language, spoken or written, which disorder may manifest itself in imperfect ability to listen, think, speak, read, write, spell, or do mathematical calculations.
- (B) Disorders included. Such term includes such conditions as perceptual disabilities, brain injury, minimal brain dysfunction, dyslexia, and developmental aphasia.
- (C) Disorders not included. Such term does not include a learning problem that is primarily the result of visual, hearing, or motor disabilities, of mental retardation, of emotional disturbance, or of environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage.
- (27) State. The term 'State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and each of the outlying areas.
- (28) State educational agency. The term 'State educational agency' means the State board of education or other agency or officer primarily responsible for the State supervision of public elementary and secondary schools, or, if there is no such officer or agency, an officer or agency designated by the Governor or by State law.
- (29) Supplementary aids and services. The term 'supplementary aids and services' means, aids, services, and other supports that are provided in regular education classes or other education-related settings to enable children with disabilities to be educated with nondisabled children to the maximum extent appropriate in accordance with section 612(a)(5).

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nonprofit institutional day or residential school, **including a public secondary charter school** that provides secondary education, as determined under State law, except that it does not include any education beyond grade 12.

- (28) SECRETARY.--The term `Secretary' means the Secretary of Education.
- (29) SPECIAL EDUCATION.--The term `special education' means specially designed instruction, at no cost to parents, to meet the unique needs of a child with a disability, including--
 - (A) instruction conducted in the classroom, in the home, in hospitals and institutions, and in other settings; and
 - (B) instruction in physical education.
- (30) SPECIFIC LEARNING DISABILITY .--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--The term `specific learning disability' means a disorder in 1 or more of the basic psychological processes involved in understanding or in using language, spoken or written, which disorder may manifest itself in the imperfect ability to listen, think, speak, read, write, spell, or do mathematical calculations.
 - (B) DISORDERS INCLUDED.--Such term includes such conditions as perceptual disabilities, brain injury, minimal brain dysfunction, dyslexia, and developmental aphasia.
 - (C) DISORDERS NOT INCLUDED.--Such term does not include a learning problem that is primarily the result of visual, hearing, or motor disabilities, of mental retardation, of emotional disturbance, or of environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage.
- (31) STATE.--The term `State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and each of the outlying areas.
- (32) STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.--The term `State educational agency' means the State board of education or other agency or officer primarily responsible for the State supervision of public elementary schools and secondary schools, or, if there is no such officer or agency, an officer or agency designated by the Governor or by State law.
- (33) SUPPLEMENTARY AIDS AND SERVICES.--The term 'supplementary aids and services' means aids, services, and other supports that are provided in regular education classes or other education-related settings to enable children with disabilities to be educated with nondisabled children to the maximum extent appropriate in accordance

IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress with section 612(a)(5). (30) Transition services. The term 'transition services' means a (34) TRANSITION SERVICES.--The term 'transition services' means a coordinated set of activities for a student with a disability that coordinated set of activities for a child with a disability that--(A) is designed within an outcome-oriented process, which promotes (A) is designed to be within a results-oriented process, that is focused on improving the academic and functional achievement of the child with a movement from school to post-school activities, including postdisability to facilitate the child's movement from school to post-school secondary education, vocational training, integrated employment activities, including post-secondary education, vocational education, (including supported employment), continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, or community participation; integrated employment (including supported employment), continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, or community participation; (B) is based on the individual child's needs, taking into account the (B) is based upon the individual student's needs, taking into account the child's strengths, preferences, and interests; and student's preferences and interests; and (C) includes instruction, related services, community experiences, the (C) includes instruction, related services, community experiences, the development of employment and other post-school adult living development of employment and other post-school adult living objectives, and, when appropriate, acquisition of daily living skills and objectives, and, when appropriate, acquisition of daily living skills and functional vocational evaluation. functional vocational evaluation. (35) UNIVERSAL DESIGN.--The term 'universal design' has the meaning given the term in section 3 of the Assistive Technology Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 3002). (36) WARD OF THE STATE .--(A) IN GENERAL.--The term 'ward of the State' means a child who, as determined by the State where the child resides, is a foster child, is a ward of the State, or is in the custody of a public child welfare agency. (B) EXCEPTION.--The term does not include a foster child who has a foster parent who meets the definition of a parent in paragraph (23). SEC. 603. OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS. SEC. 603. OFFICE OF SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.--There shall be, within the Office of Special (a) Establishment. There shall be, within the Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services in the Department of Education, an Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services in the Department of Education, an Education Programs, which shall be the principal agency in such Office of Special Education Programs, which shall be the principal agency in

- Department for administering and carrying out this Act and other programs and activities concerning the education of children with disabilities.
- (b) Director. The Office established under subsection (a) shall be headed by a Director who shall be selected by the Secretary and shall report directly to the Assistant Secretary for Special Education and Rehabilitative Services.
- the Department for administering and carrying out this title and other programs and activities concerning the education of children with disabilities.
- (b) DIRECTOR.--The Office established under subsection (a) shall be headed by a Director who shall be selected by the Secretary and shall report directly to the Assistant Secretary for Special Education and Rehabilitative Services.

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(c) Voluntary and Uncompensated Services. Notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary is authorized to accept voluntary and uncompensated services in furtherance of the purposes of this Act.	(c) VOLUNTARY AND UNCOMPENSATED SERVICESNotwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary is authorized to accept voluntary and uncompensated services in furtherance of the purposes of this title.
SEC. 604. ABROGATION OF STATE SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY.	SEC. 604. ABROGATION OF STATE SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY.
(a) In General. A State shall not be immune under the eleventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States from suit in Federal court for a violation of this Act.	(a) IN GENERALA State shall not be immune under the 11th amendment to the Constitution of the United States from suit in Federal court for a violation of this title.
(b) Remedies. In a suit against a State for a violation of this Act, remedies (including remedies both at law and in equity) are available for such a violation to the same extent as those remedies are available for such a violation in the suit against any public entity other than a State.	(b) REMEDIESIn a suit against a State for a violation of this title, remedies (including remedies both at law and in equity) are available for such a violation to the same extent as those remedies are available for such a violation in the suit against any public entity other than a State.
(c) Effective Date. Subsections (a) and (b) apply with respect to violations that occur in whole or part after the date of the enactment of the Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1990.	(c) EFFECTIVE DATESubsections (a) and (b) apply with respect to violations that occur in whole or part after the date of enactment of the Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1990.
SEC. 605. ACQUISITION OF EQUIPMENT; CONSTRUCTION OR ALTERATION OF FACILITIES.	SEC. 605. ACQUISITION OF EQUIPMENT; CONSTRUCTION OR ALTERATION OF FACILITIES.
(a) In General. If the Secretary determines that a program authorized under this Act would be improved by permitting program funds to be used to acquire appropriate equipment, or to construct new facilities or alter existing facilities, the Secretary is authorized to allow the use of those funds for those purposes.	(a) IN GENERALIf the Secretary determines that a program authorized under this title will be improved by permitting program funds to be used to acquire appropriate equipment, or to construct new facilities or alter existing facilities, the Secretary is authorized to allow the use of those funds for those purposes.
 (b) Compliance With Certain Regulations. Any construction of new facilities or alteration of existing facilities under subsection (a) shall comply with the requirements of— (1) appendix A of part 36 of title 28, Code of Federal Regulations (commonly known as the Americans with Disabilities Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities'); or (2) appendix A of part 101-19.6 of title 41, Code of Federal Regulations (commonly known as the Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards'). 	(b) COMPLIANCE WITH CERTAIN REGULATIONSAny construction of new facilities or alteration of existing facilities under subsection (a) shall comply with the requirements of (1) appendix A of part 36 of title 28, Code of Federal Regulations (commonly known as the `Americans with Disabilities Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities'); or (2) appendix A of subpart 101-19.6 of title 41, Code of Federal Regulations (commonly known as the `Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards').

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SEC. 606. EMPLOYMENT OF INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES. The Secretary shall ensure that each recipient of assistance under this Act makes positive efforts to employ and advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities in programs assisted under this Act.	SEC. 606. EMPLOYMENT OF INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES. The Secretary shall ensure that each recipient of assistance under this title makes positive efforts to employ and advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities in programs assisted under this title.
SEC. 607. REQUIREMENTS FOR PRESCRIBING REGULATIONS. (a) Public Comment Period. The Secretary shall provide a public comment period of at least 90 days on any regulation proposed under part B or part C of this Act on which an opportunity for public comment is otherwise required by law.	SEC. 607. REQUIREMENTS FOR PRESCRIBING REGULATIONS. (a) IN GENERALIn carrying out the provisions of this title, the Secretary shall issue regulations under this title only to the extent that such regulations are necessary to ensure that there is compliance with the specific requirements of this title.
(b) Protections Provided to Children. The Secretary may not implement, or publish in final form, any regulation prescribed pursuant to this Act that would procedurally or substantively lessen the protections provided to children with disabilities under this Act, as embodied in regulations in effect on July 20, 1983 (particularly as such protections relate to parental consent to initial evaluation or initial placement in special education, least restrictive environment, related services, timelines, attendance of evaluation personnel at individualized education program meetings, or qualifications of personnel), except to the extent that such regulation reflects the clear and unequivocal intent of the Congress in legislation.	(b) PROTECTIONS PROVIDED TO CHILDRENThe Secretary may not implement, or publish in final form, any regulation prescribed pursuant to this title that— (1) violates or contradicts any provision of this title; or (2) procedurally or substantively lessens the protections provided to children with disabilities under this title, as embodied in regulations in effect on July 20, 1983 (particularly as such protections related to parental consent to initial evaluation or initial placement in special education, least restrictive environment, related services, timelines, attendance of evaluation personnel at individualized education program meetings, or qualifications of personnel), except to the extent that such regulation reflects the clear and unequivocal intent of Congress in legislation.
	(c) PUBLIC COMMENT PERIODThe Secretary shall provide a public comment period of not less than 75 days on any regulation proposed under part B or part C on which an opportunity for public comment is otherwise required by law.
(c) Policy Letters and Statements. The Secretary may not, through policy letters or other statements, establish a rule that is required for compliance with, and eligibility under, this part without following the requirements of section 553 of title 5, United States Code.	(d) POLICY LETTERS AND STATEMENTSThe Secretary may not issue policy letters or other statements (including letters or statements regarding issues of national significance) that (1) violate or contradict any provision of this title; or (2) establish a rule that is required for compliance with, and eligibility under, this title without following the requirements of section 553 of title 5, United States Code.

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	 (e) EXPLANATION AND ASSURANCESAny written response by the Secretary under subsection (d) regarding a policy, question, or interpretation under part B shall include an explanation in the written response that (1) such response is provided as informal guidance and is not legally binding; (2) when required, such response is issued in compliance with the requirements of section 553 of title 5, United States Code; and (3) such response represents the interpretation by the Department of Education of the applicable statutory or regulatory requirements in the context of the specific facts presented.
 (d) Correspondence From Department of Education Describing Interpretations of This Part. (1) In general <<note: a="" act="" act.<="" additional="" and="" basis,="" by="" communication,="" correspondence="" department="" describes="" disseminate="" during="" education="" entities="" federal="" forms="" from="" implemented="" in="" individuals="" interested="" interpretations="" li="" list="" of="" on="" or="" previous="" publication.="" publish="" pursuant="" quarter="" quarterly="" received="" register,="" regulations="" secretary="" shall,="" that="" the="" this="" through="" to="" various="" widely=""> (2) Additional information. For each item of correspondence published in a list under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall identify the topic addressed by the correspondence and shall include such other summary information as the Secretary determines to be appropriate. </note:>	 (f) CORRESPONDENCE FROM DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION DESCRIBING INTERPRETATIONS OF THIS TITLE (1) IN GENERALThe Secretary shall, on a quarterly basis, publish in the Federal Register, and widely disseminate to interested entities through various additional forms of communication, a list of correspondence from the Department of Education received by individuals during the previous quarter that describes the interpretations of the Department of Education of this title or the regulations implemented pursuant to this title. (2) ADDITIONAL INFORMATIONFor each item of correspondence published in a list under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall (A) identify the topic addressed by the correspondence and shall include such other summary information as the Secretary determines to be appropriate; and (B) ensure that all such correspondence is issued, where applicable, in compliance with the requirements of section 553 of title 5, United States Code.
 (e) Issues of National Significance. If the Secretary receives a written request regarding a policy, question, or interpretation under part B of this Act, and determines that it raises an issue of general interest or applicability of national significance to the implementation of part B, the Secretary shall (1) include a statement to that effect in any written response; (2) widely disseminate that response to State educational agencies, local educational agencies, parent and advocacy organizations, and other interested organizations, subject to applicable laws relating to confidentiality of information; and (3) not later than one year after the date on which the Secretary responds to the written request, issue written guidance on such policy, question, or 	

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interpretation through such means as the Secretary determines to be appropriate and consistent with law, such as a policy memorandum, notice of interpretation, or notice of proposed rulemaking.	
(f) Explanation. Any written response by the Secretary under subsection (e) regarding a policy, question, or interpretation under part B of this Act shall include an explanation that the written response (1) is provided as informal guidance and is not legally binding; and (2) represents the interpretation by the Department of Education of the applicable statutory or regulatory requirements in the context of the specific facts presented.	
	SEC. 608. STATE ADMINISTRATION.
	(a) RULEMAKINGEach State that receives funds under this title shall— (1) ensure that any State rules, regulations, and policies relating to this title conform to the purposes of this title; (2) identify in writing to local educational agencies located in the State and the Secretary any such rule, regulation, or policy as a State-imposed requirement that is not required by this title and Federal regulations; and (3) minimize the number of rules, regulations, and policies to which the local educational agencies and schools located in the State are subject under this title.
	(b) SUPPORT AND FACILITATIONState rules, regulations, and policies under this title shall support and facilitate local educational agency and school-level system improvement designed to enable children with disabilities to meet the challenging State student academic achievement standards.
	SEC. 609. PAPERWORK REDUCTION. (a) PILOT PROGRAM (1) PURPOSEThe purpose of this section is to provide an opportunity for States to identify ways to reduce paperwork burdens and other administrative duties that are directly associated with the requirements of this title, in order to increase the time and resources available for instruction and other activities aimed at improving educational and functional results for children with disabilities. (2) AUTHORIZATION (A) IN GENERALIn order to carry out the purpose of this section, the Secretary is authorized to grant waivers of statutory requirements of, or

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	regulatory requirements relating to, part B for a period of time not to exceed 4 years with respect to not more than 15 States based on proposals submitted by States to reduce excessive paperwork and noninstructional time burdens that do not assist in improving educational and functional results for children with disabilities. (B) EXCEPTION.—The Secretary shall not waive under this section any statutory requirements of, or regulatory requirements relating to, applicable civil rights requirements. (C) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to— (i) affect the right of a child with a disability to receive a free appropriate public education under part B; and (ii) permit a State or local educational agency to waive procedural safeguards under section 615. (3) PROPOSAL.— (A) IN GENERAL.—A State desiring to participate in the program under this section shall submit a proposal to the Secretary at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may reasonably require. (B) CONTENT.—The proposal shall include— (i) a list of any statutory requirements of, or regulatory requirements relating to, part B that the State desires the Secretary to waive, in whole or in part; and (ii) a list of any State requirements that the State proposes to waive or change, in whole or in part, to carry out a waiver granted to the State by the Secretary. (4) TERMINATION OF WAIVER.—The Secretary shall terminate a State's waiver under this section if the Secretary determines that the State— (A) needs assistance under section 616(d)(2)(A)(ii) and that the waiver has contributed to or caused such need for assistance; (B) needs intervention under section 616(d)(2)(A)(iii) or needs substantial intervention under section 616(d)(2)(A)(iii) or needs substantial intervention under section 616(d)(2)(A)(iii) or heeds substant
	include in the annual report to Congress submitted pursuant to section 426 of the Department of Education Organization Act information related to the effectiveness of waivers granted under subsection (a), including any specific recommendations for broader implementation of such waivers, in (1) reducing (A) the paperwork burden on teachers, principals, administrators, and related service providers; and

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	(B) noninstructional time spent by teachers in complying with part B; (2) enhancing longer-term educational planning; (3) improving positive outcomes for children with disabilities; (4) promoting collaboration between IEP Team members; and (5) ensuring satisfaction of family members. SEC. 610. FREELY ASSOCIATED STATES. The Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau shall continue to be eligible for competitive grants administered by the Secretary under this title to the extent that such grants continue to be available to States and local educational agencies under this title.

Comparison of P.L. 105-17 to H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress – November 19, 2004

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SEC. 611 AUTHORIZATION; ALLOTMENT; USE OF FUNDS; AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS	SEC. 611. AUTHORIZATION; ALLOTMENT; USE OF FUNDS; AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
(a) GRANTS TO STATES- (1) PURPOSE OF GRANTS- The Secretary shall make grants to States and the outlying areas, and provide funds to the Secretary of the Interior, to assist them to provide special education and related services to children with disabilities in accordance with this part. (2) MAXIMUM AMOUNTS- The maximum amount of the grant a State may receive under this section for any fiscal year is — (A) the number of children with disabilities in the State who are receiving special education and related services — (i) aged 3 through 5 if the State is eligible for a grant under section 619; and (ii) aged 6 through 21; multiplied by (B) 40 percent of the average per-pupil expenditure in public elementary and secondary schools in the United States.	(a) GRANTS TO STATES (1) PURPOSE OF GRANTSThe Secretary shall make grants to States, outlying areas, and freely associated States, and provide funds to the Secretary of the Interior, to assist them to provide special education and related services to children with disabilities in accordance with this part. (2) MAXIMUM AMOUNTThe maximum amount of the grant a State may receive under this section (A) for fiscal years 2005 and 2006 is (i) the number of children with disabilities in the State who are receiving special education and related services (I) aged 3 through 5 if the State is eligible for a grant under section 619; and (II) aged 6 through 21; multiplied by (ii) 40 percent of the average per-pupil expenditure in public elementary schools and secondary schools in the United States; and (B) for fiscal year 2007 and subsequent fiscal years is (i) the number of children with disabilities in the 2004-2005 school year in the State who received special education and related services (I) aged 3 through 5 if the State is eligible for a grant under section 619; and (II) aged 6 through 21; multiplied by (ii) 40 percent of the average per-pupil expenditure in public elementary schools and secondary schools in the United States; adjusted by (iii) 40 percent of the average per-pupil expenditure in public elementary schools and secondary schools in the United States; adjusted by (iii) the rate of annual change in the sum of (I) 85 percent of such State's population described in subsection (d)(3)(A)(i)(III).
(b) OUTLYING AREAS AND FREELY ASSOCIATED STATES-	(b) OUTLYING AREAS AND FREELY ASSOCIATED STATES; SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR .—

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(1) FUNDS RESERVED- From the amount appropriated for any fiscal year under subsection (j), the Secretary shall reserve not more than one percent, which shall be used (A) to provide assistance to the outlying areas in accordance with their respective populations of individuals aged 3 through 21; and (B) for fiscal years 1998 through 2001, to carry out the competition described in paragraph (2), except that the amount reserved to carry out that competition shall not exceed the amount reserved for fiscal year 1996 for the competition under part B of this Act described under the heading 'SPECIAL EDUCATION' in Public Law 104-134. (2) LIMITATION FOR FREELY ASSOCIATED STATES- (A) COMPETITIVE GRANTS- The Secretary shall use funds described in paragraph (1)(B) to award grants, on a competitive basis, to Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the freely associated States to carry out the purposes of this part. (B) AWARD BASIS- The Secretary shall award grants under subparagraph (A) on a competitive basis, pursuant to the recommendations of the Pacific Region Educational Laboratory in Honolulu, Hawaii. Those recommendations shall be made by experts in the field of special education and related services. (C) ASSISTANCE REQUIREMENTS- Any freely associated State that wishes to receive funds under this part shall include, in its application for assistance (i) information demonstrating that it will meet all conditions that apply to States under this part; (ii) an assurance that, notwithstanding any other provision of this part, it will use those funds only for the direct provision of special education and related services to children with disabilities and to enhance its capacity to make a free appropriate public education available to all children with disabilities; (iii) the identity of the source and amount of funds, in addition to funds under this part, that it will make available to all children with disabilities within its jurisdiction; and	(1) OUTLYING AREAS AND FREELY ASSOCIATED STATES (A) FUNDS RESERVEDFrom the amount appropriated for any fiscal year under subsection (i), the Secretary shall reserve not more than 1 percent, which shall be used- (i) to provide assistance to the outlying areas in accordance with their respective populations of individuals aged 3 through 21; and (ii) to provide each freely associated State a grant in the amount that such freely associated State received for fiscal year 2003 under this part, but only if the freely associated State meets the applicable requirements of this part, as well as the requirements of section 611(b)(2)(C) as such section was in effect on the day before the date of enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004.

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 (iv) such other information and assurances as the Secretary may require. (D) TERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the freely associated States shall not receive any funds under this part for any program year that begins after September 30, 2001. (E) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS- The Secretary may provide not more than five percent of the amount reserved for grants under this paragraph to pay the administrative costs of the Pacific Region Educational Laboratory under subparagraph (B). (3) LIMITATION- An outlying area is not eligible for a competitive award under paragraph (2) unless it receives assistance under paragraph (1)(A). (4) SPECIAL RULE- The provisions of Public Law 95-134, permitting the consolidation of grants by the outlying areas, shall not apply to funds provided to those areas or to the freely associated States under this section. (5) ELIGIBILITY FOR DISCRETIONARY PROGRAMS- The freely associated States shall be eligible to receive assistance under subpart 2 of part D of this Act until September 30, 2001. (6) DEFINITION- As used in this subsection, the term 'freely associated States' means the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau. (c) SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR- From the amount appropriated for any fiscal year under subsection (j), the Secretary shall reserve 1.226 percent to provide assistance to the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with subsection (i). 	 (B) SPECIAL RULEThe provisions of Public Law 95-134, permitting the consolidation of grants by the outlying areas, shall not apply to funds provided to the outlying areas or the freely associated States under this section. (C) DEFINITIONIn this paragraph, the term `freely associated States' means the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau. (2) SECRETARY OF THE INTERIORFrom the amount appropriated for any fiscal year under subsection (i), the Secretary shall reserve 1.226 percent to provide assistance to the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with subsection (h). (c) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE (1) IN GENERALThe Secretary may reserve not more than 1/2 of 1 percent of the amounts appropriated under this part for each fiscal year to provide technical assistance activities authorized under section 616(i). (2) MAXIMUM AMOUNTThe maximum amount the Secretary may reserve under paragraph (1) for any fiscal year is \$25,000,000, cumulatively adjusted by the rate of inflation as measured by the percentage increase, if any, from the preceding fiscal year in the Consumer Price Index For All Urban Consumers, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.

IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress (d) ALLOCATIONS TO STATES .--(d) ALLOCATIONS TO STATES-(1) IN GENERAL.--After reserving funds for technical assistance, and for (1) IN GENERAL- After reserving funds for studies and evaluations under section 674(e), and for payments to the outlying areas and the Secretary of payments to the outlying areas, the freely associated States, and the the Interior under subsections (b) and (c), the Secretary shall allocate the Secretary of the Interior under subsections (b) and (c) for a fiscal year, the remaining amount among the States in accordance with paragraph (2) or Secretary shall allocate the remaining amount among the States in subsection (e), as the case may be. (2) INTERIM FORMULA- Except as accordance with this subsection. provided in subsection (e), the Secretary shall allocate the amount described in paragraph (1) among the States in accordance with section 611(a)(3),(4)and (5)and (b)(1), (2), and (3) of this Act, as in effect prior to the enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997, except that the determination of the number of children with disabilities receiving special education and related services under such section 611(a)(3) may, at the State's discretion, be calculated as of the last Friday in October or as of December 1 of the fiscal year for which the funds are appropriated. (e) PERMANENT FORMULA-(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF BASE YEAR- The Secretary shall allocate the amount described in subsection (d)(1) among the States in accordance with this subsection for each fiscal year beginning with the first fiscal year for which the amount appropriated under subsection (i) is more than \$4,924,672,200. (2) USE OF BASE YEAR-(A) DEFINITION- As used in this subsection, the term 'base year' means the fiscal year preceding the first fiscal year in which this subsection applies. (B) SPECIAL RULE FOR USE OF BASE YEAR AMOUNT- If a State (2) SPECIAL RULE FOR USE OF FISCAL YEAR 1999 AMOUNT.--If a State received any funds under this section for the base year on the basis of received any funds under this section for fiscal year 1999 on the basis of children aged 3 through 5, but does not make a free appropriate public children aged 3 through 5, but does not make a free appropriate public education available to all children with disabilities aged 3 through 5 in the education available to all children with disabilities aged 3 through 5 in the State in any subsequent fiscal year, the Secretary shall compute the State's amount State in any subsequent fiscal year, the Secretary shall compute the State's base year amount, solely for the purpose of calculating the State's for fiscal year 1999, solely for the purpose of calculating the State's allocation in

basis of those children.

allocation in that subsequent year under paragraph (3) or (4), by

subtracting the amount allocated to the State for the base year on the

that subsequent year under paragraph (3) or (4), by subtracting the amount

allocated to the State for fiscal year 1999 on the basis of those children.

- (3) INCREASE IN FUNDS- If the amount available for allocations to States under paragraph (1) is equal to or greater than the amount allocated to the States under this paragraph for the preceding fiscal year, those allocations shall be calculated as follows:
 - (A) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall --
 - (I) allocate to each State the amount it received for the base year;
 - (II) allocate 85 percent of any remaining funds to States on the basis of their relative populations of children aged 3 through 21 who are of the same age as children with disabilities for whom the State ensures the availability of a free appropriate public education under this part; and
 - (III) allocate 15 percent of those remaining funds to States on the basis of their relative populations of children described in subclause (II) who are living in poverty.
 - (ii) For the purpose of making grants under this paragraph, the Secretary shall use the most recent population data, including data on children living in poverty, that are available and satisfactory to the Secretary.
 - (B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), allocations under this paragraph shall be subject to the following:
 - (i) No State's allocation shall be less than its allocation for the preceding fiscal year.
 - (ii) No State's allocation shall be less than the greatest of --
 - (I) the sum of --
 - (aa) the amount it received for the base year; and
 - (bb) one third of one percent of the amount by which the amount appropriated under <u>subsection (j)</u> exceeds the amount appropriated under this section for the base year;
 - (II) the sum of --
 - (aa) the amount it received for the preceding fiscal year; and
 - (bb) that amount multiplied by the percentage by which the increase in the funds appropriated from the preceding fiscal year exceeds 1.5 percent; or

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- (3) INCREASE IN FUNDS.--If the amount available for allocations to States under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year is equal to or greater than the amount allocated to the States under this paragraph for the preceding fiscal year, those allocations shall be calculated as follows:
 - (A) ALLOCATION OF INCREASE .--
 - (i) IN GENERAL.--Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall allocate for the **fiscal year**--
 - (I) to each State the amount the State received under this section for **fiscal year 1999**;
 - (II) 85 percent of any remaining funds to States on the basis of the States' relative populations of children aged 3 through 21 who are of the same age as children with disabilities for whom the State ensures the availability of a free appropriate public education under this part; and
 - (III) 15 percent of those remaining funds to States on the basis of the States' relative populations of children described in subclause (II) who are living in poverty.
 - (ii) DATA.--For the purpose of making grants under this paragraph, the Secretary shall use the most recent population data, including data on children living in poverty, that are available and satisfactory to the Secretary.
 - (B) LIMITATIONS.--Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), allocations under this paragraph shall be subject to the following:
 - (i) PRECEDING YEAR ALLOCATION.--No State's allocation shall be less than its allocation under this section for the preceding fiscal year.
 - (ii) MINIMUM.--No State's allocation shall be less than the greatest of--
 - (I) the sum of--
 - (aa) the amount the State received under this section for fiscal year 1999; and
 - (bb) 1/3 of 1 percent of the amount by which the amount appropriated under subsection (i) for the fiscal year exceeds the amount appropriated for this section for **fiscal year 1999**;

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(III) the sum of (aa) the amount it received for the preceding fiscal year; and (bb) that amount multiplied by 90 percent of the percentage increase in the amount appropriated from the preceding fiscal year (iii) Notwithstanding clause (ii), no State's allocation under this paragraph shall exceed the sum of (I) the amount it received for the preceding fiscal year; and	(II) the sum of (aa) the amount the State received under this section for the preceding fiscal year; and (bb) that amount multiplied by the percentage by which the increase in the funds appropriated for this section from the preceding fiscal year exceeds 1.5 percent; or (III) the sum of
 (I) the amount it received for the preceding fiscal year; and (II) that amount multiplied by the sum of 1.5 percent and the percentage increase in the amount appropriated. 	 (aa) the amount the State received under this section for the preceding fiscal year; and (bb) that amount multiplied by 90 percent of the percentage increase in the amount appropriated for this section from the preceding fiscal year.
	 (iii) MAXIMUMNotwithstanding clause (ii), no State's allocation under this paragraph shall exceed the sum of (I) the amount the State received under this section for the preceding fiscal year; and
	(II) that amount multiplied by the sum of 1.5 percent and the percentage increase in the amount appropriated under this section from the preceding fiscal year.
(C) If the amount available for allocations under this paragraph is insufficient to pay those allocations in full, those allocations shall be ratably reduced, subject to subparagraph (B)(i).	(C) RATABLE REDUCTIONIf the amount available for allocations under this paragraph is insufficient to pay those allocations in full, those allocations shall be ratably reduced, subject to subparagraph (B)(i).
(4) DECREASE IN FUNDS- If the amount available for allocations to States under paragraph (1) is less than the amount allocated to the States under this section for the preceding fiscal year, those allocations shall be calculated as follows:	(4) DECREASE IN FUNDSIf the amount available for allocations to States under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year is less than the amount allocated to the States under this section for the preceding fiscal year, those allocations shall be calculated as follows:
 (A) If the amount available for allocations is greater than the amount allocated to the States for the base year, each State shall be allocated the sum of (i) the amount it received for the base year; and 	(A) AMOUNTS GREATER THAN FISCAL YEAR 1999 ALLOCATIONSIf the amount available for allocations is greater than the amount allocated to the States for fiscal year 1999, each State shall be allocated the sum of (i) the amount the State received under this section for fiscal year 1999; and
(ii) an amount that bears the same relation to any remaining funds as the increase the State received for the preceding fiscal year over the base year bears to the total of all such increases for all States.	(ii) an amount that bears the same relation to any remaining funds as the increase the State received under this section for the preceding fiscal year over fiscal year 1999 bears to the total of all such increases for all States.

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(B) (i) If the amount available for allocations is equal to or less than the amount allocated to the States for the base year, each State shall be allocated the amount it received for the base year.(ii) If the amount available is insufficient to make the allocations described in clause (i), those allocations shall be ratably reduced.	(B) AMOUNTS EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN FISCAL YEAR 1999 ALLOCATIONS (i) IN GENERALIf the amount available for allocations under this paragraph is equal to or less than the amount allocated to the States for fiscal year 1999, each State shall be allocated the amount the State received for fiscal year 1999. (ii) RATABLE REDUCTIONIf the amount available for allocations under this paragraph is insufficient to make the allocations described in clause (i), those allocations shall be ratably reduced.
(f) STATE-LEVEL ACTIVITIES- (1) GENERAL- (A) Each State may retain not more than the amount described in subparagraph (B) for administration and other State-level activities in accordance with paragraphs (2) and (3). (B) For each fiscal year, the Secretary shall determine and report to the State educational agency an amount that is 25 percent of the amount the State received under this section for fiscal year 1997, cumulatively adjusted by the Secretary for each succeeding fiscal year by the lesser of (i) the percentage increase, if any, from the preceding fiscal year in the State's allocation under this section; or (ii) the rate of inflation, as measured by the percentage increase, if any, from the preceding fiscal year in the Consumer Price Index For All Urban Consumers, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor. (C) A State may use funds it retains under subparagraph (A) without regard to (i) the prohibition on commingling of funds in section 612(a)(18)(B); and (ii) the prohibition on supplanting other funds in section 612(a)(18)(C). (2) STATE ADMINISTRATION- (A) For the purpose of administering this part, including section 619	(e) STATE-LEVEL ACTIVITIES (1) STATE ADMINISTRATION (A) IN GENERALFor the purpose of administering this part, including
(including the coordination of activities under this part with, and providing technical assistance to, other programs that provide services to children with disabilities) – (i) each State may use not more than twenty percent of the maximum	paragraph (3), section 619, and the coordination of activities under this part with, and providing technical assistance to, other programs that provide services to children with disabilities (i) each State may reserve for each fiscal year not more than the maximum

amount it may retain under <u>paragraph (1)(A)</u> for any fiscal year or \$500,000 (adjusted by the cumulative rate of inflation since fiscal year 1998, as measured by the percentage increase, if any, in the <u>Consumer Price Index For All Urban Consumers</u>, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor), whichever is greater; and (ii) each outlying area may use up to five percent of the amount it receives under this section for any fiscal year or \$35,000, whichever is greater.

- (B) Funds described in <u>subparagraph (A)</u> may also be used for the administration of <u>part C</u> of this Act, if the State educational agency is the lead agency for the State under that part.
- (3) OTHER STATE-LEVEL ACTIVITIES- Each State shall use any funds it retains under <u>paragraph (1)</u> and does not use for administration under <u>paragraph (2)</u> for any of the following:
 - (A) Support and direct services, including technical assistance and personnel development and training.
 - (B) Administrative costs of monitoring and complaint investigation, but only to the extent that those costs exceed the costs incurred for those activities during fiscal year 1985.
 - (C) To establish and implement the mediation process required by <u>section</u> <u>615(e)</u>, including providing for the costs of mediators and support personnel.
 - (D) To assist local educational agencies in meeting personnel shortages.
 - (E) To develop a State Improvement Plan under subpart 1 of part D.
 - (F) Activities at the State and local levels to meet the performance goals established by the State under section <u>612(a)(16)</u> and to support

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amount the State was eligible to reserve for State administration under this section for fiscal year 2004 or \$800,000 (adjusted in accordance with subparagraph (B)), whichever is greater; and

- (ii) each outlying area may reserve for each fiscal year not more than 5 percent of the amount the outlying area receives under subsection (b)(1) for the fiscal year or \$35,000, whichever is greater.
- (B) CUMULATIVE ANNUAL ADJUSTMENTS.--For each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2005, the Secretary shall cumulatively adjust--
 - (i) the maximum amount the State was eligible to reserve for State administration under this part for fiscal year 2004; and
 - (ii) \$800,000, by the rate of inflation as measured by the percentage increase, if any, from the preceding fiscal year in the Consumer Price Index For All Urban Consumers, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.
- (C) CERTIFICATION.--Prior to expenditure of funds under this paragraph, the State shall certify to the Secretary that the arrangements to establish responsibility for services pursuant to section 612(a)(12)(A) are current.
- (D) PART C.--Funds reserved under subparagraph (A) may be used for the administration of part C, if the State educational agency is the lead agency for the State under such part.
- (2) OTHER STATE-LEVEL ACTIVITIES.--
 - (A) STATE-LEVEL ACTIVITIES .--
 - (i) IN GENERAL.--Except as provided in clause (iii), for the purpose of carrying out State-level activities, each State may reserve for each of the fiscal years 2005 and 2006 not more than 10 percent from the amount of the State's allocation under subsection (d) for each of the fiscal years 2005 and 2006, respectively. For fiscal year 2007 and each subsequent fiscal year, the State may reserve the maximum amount the State was eligible to reserve under the preceding sentence for fiscal year 2006 (cumulatively adjusted by the rate of inflation as measured by the percentage increase, if any, from the preceding fiscal year in the Consumer Price Index For All Urban Consumers, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor).
 - (ii) SMALL STATE ADJUSTMENT.--Notwithstanding clause (i) and except as provided in clause (iii), in the case of a State for which the maximum amount reserved for State administration is not greater than \$850,000, the State may reserve for the purpose of carrying out State-level activities for

- implementation of the State *Improvement* Plan under subpart 1 of part D if the State receives funds under that subpart.
- (G) To supplement other amounts used to develop and implement a Statewide coordinated services system designed to improve results for children and families, including children with disabilities and their families, but not to exceed one percent of the amount received by the State under this section. This system shall be coordinated with and, to the extent appropriate, build on the system of coordinated services developed by the State under part C of this Act.
- (H) For subgrants to local educational agencies for the purposes described in paragraph (4)(A).
- (4) (A) SUBGRANTS TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES FOR CAPACITY-BUILDING AND IMPROVEMENT- In any fiscal year in which the percentage increase in the State's allocation under this section exceeds the rate of inflation (as measured by the percentage increase, if any, from the preceding fiscal year in the Consumer Price Index For All Urban Consumers, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor), each State shall reserve, from its allocation under this section, the amount described in subparagraph (B) to make subgrants to local educational agencies, unless that amount is less than \$100,000, to assist them in providing direct services and in making systemic change to improve results for children with disabilities through one or more of the following:
 - (i) Direct services, including alternative programming for children who have been expelled from school, and services for children in correctional facilities, children enrolled in State-operated or State-supported schools, and children in charter schools.
 - (ii) Addressing needs or carrying out improvement strategies identified in the State's Improvement Plan under subpart 1 of part D.
 - (iii) Adopting promising practices, materials, and technology, based on knowledge derived from education research and other sources.
 - (iv) Establishing, expanding, or implementing interagency agreements and arrangements between local educational agencies and other agencies or organizations concerning the provision of services to children with disabilities and their families.
 - (v) Increasing cooperative problem-solving between parents and school

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each of the fiscal years 2005 and 2006, not more than 10.5 percent from the amount of the State's allocation under subsection (d) for each of the fiscal years 2005 and 2006, respectively. For fiscal year 2007 and each subsequent fiscal year, such State may reserve the maximum amount the State was eligible to reserve under the preceding sentence for fiscal year 2006 (cumulatively adjusted by the rate of inflation as measured by the percentage increase, if any, from the preceding fiscal year in the Consumer Price Index For All Urban Consumers, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor).

- (iii) EXCEPTION.--If a State does not reserve funds under paragraph (3) for a fiscal year, then--
 - (I) in the case of a State that is not described in clause (ii), for fiscal year 2005 or 2006, clause (i) shall be applied by substituting `9.0 percent' for `10 percent'; and
- (II) in the case of a State that is described in clause (ii), for fiscal year 2005 or 2006, clause (ii) shall be applied by substituting `9.5 percent' for `10.5 percent'.
- (B) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.--Funds reserved under subparagraph (A) shall be used to carry out the following activities:
- (i) For monitoring, enforcement, and complaint investigation.
- (ii) To establish and implement the mediation process required by section 615(e), including providing for the cost of mediators and support personnel.
- (C) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.--Funds reserved under subparagraph (A) may be used to carry out the following activities:
 - (i) For support and direct services, including technical assistance, personnel preparation, and **professional development** and training.
 - (ii) To support paperwork reduction activities, including expanding the use of technology in the IEP process.
- (iii) To assist local educational agencies in providing positive behavioral interventions and supports and appropriate mental health services for children with disabilities.
- (iv) To improve the use of technology in the classroom by children with disabilities to enhance learning.
- (v) To support the use of technology, including technology with universal design principles and assistive technology devices, to maximize accessibility to the general education curriculum for children with disabilities.
- (vi) Development and implementation of transition programs, including coordination of services with agencies involved in supporting the transition

H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress IDEA '97 – P.L. 105-17 personnel and promoting the use of alternative dispute resolution. of children with disabilities to postsecondary activities. (vii) To assist local educational agencies in meeting personnel shortages. (B) MAXIMUM SUBGRANT- For each fiscal year, the amount referred to (viii) To support capacity building activities and improve the delivery of in subparagraph (A) is services by local educational agencies to improve results for children with (i) the maximum amount the State was allowed to retain under disabilities. paragraph (1)(A) for the prior fiscal year, or for fiscal year 1998, 25 (ix) Alternative programming for children with disabilities who have been percent of the State's allocation for fiscal year 1997 under this section: expelled from school, and services for children with disabilities in multiplied by correctional facilities, children enrolled in State-operated or State-(ii) the difference between the percentage increase in the State's supported schools, and children with disabilities in charter schools. allocation under this section and the rate of inflation, as measured by (x) To support the development and provision of appropriate accommodations for children with disabilities, or the development and the percentage increase, if any, from the preceding fiscal year in the Consumer Price Index For All Urban Consumers, published by the provision of alternate assessments that are valid and reliable for assessing the performance of children with disabilities, in accordance with sections Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor. 1111(b) and 6111 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. (xi) To provide technical assistance to schools and local educational agencies, and direct services, including supplemental educational services as defined in 1116(e) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to children with disabilities, in schools or local educational agencies identified for improvement under section 1116 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 on the sole basis of the assessment results of the disaggregated subgroup of children with disabilities, including providing professional development to special and regular education teachers, who teach children with disabilities, based on scientifically based research to improve educational instruction, in order to improve academic achievement to meet or exceed the objectives established by the State under section 1111(b)(2)(G) the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. (3) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY RISK POOL .--(A) IN GENERAL .--(i) RESERVATION OF FUNDS.--For the purpose of assisting local educational agencies (including a charter school that is a local educational agency or a consortium of local educational agencies) in addressing the needs of high need children with disabilities, each State shall have the option to reserve for each fiscal year 10 percent of the amount of funds the State reserves for State-level activities under paragraph (2)(A)--(I) to establish and make disbursements from the high cost fund to local educational agencies in accordance with this paragraph during the first and succeeding fiscal years of the high cost fund; and (II) to support innovative and effective ways of cost sharing by the State,

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	by a local educational agency, or among a consortium of local educational agencies, as determined by the State in coordination with representatives from local educational agencies, subject to subparagraph (B)(ii). (ii) DEFINITION OF LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.—In this paragraph the term 'local educational agency' includes a charter school that is a local educational agency, or a consortium of local educational agencies. (B) LIMITATION ON USES OF FUNDS.— (i) ESTABLISHMENT OF HIGH COST FUND.—A State shall not use any of the funds the State reserves pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), but may use the funds the State reserves under paragraph (1), to establish and support the high cost fund. (ii) INNOVATIVE AND EFFECTIVE COST SHARING.—A State shall not use more than 5 percent of the funds the State reserves pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i) for each fiscal year to support innovative and effective ways of cost sharing among consortia of local educational agencies. (C) STATE PLAN FOR HIGH COST FUND.— (i) DEFINITION.—The State educational agency shall establish the State's definition of a high need child with a disability, which definition shall be developed in consultation with local educational agencies. (ii) STATE PLAN.—The State educational agency shall develop, not later than 90 days after the State reserves funds under this paragraph, annually review, and amend as necessary, a State plan for the high cost fund. Such State plan shall— (I) establish, in coordination with representatives from local educational agencies, a definition of a high need child with a disability that, at a minimum— (aa) addresses the financial impact a high need child with a disability is greater than 3 times the average per pupil expenditure (as defined in section 9101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965) in that State; (II) establish eligibility criteria for the participation of a local educational agency that, at a minimum, takes into account the number and percentage of high need children with disabilities served by

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	(IV) establish an annual schedule by which the State educational agency shall make its distributions from the high cost fund each fiscal year. (iii) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The State shall make its final State plan publicly available not less than 30 days before the beginning of the school year, including dissemination of such information on the State website. (D) DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE HIGH COST FUND.— (i) IN GENERAL.—Each State educational agency shall make all annual disbursements from the high cost fund established under subparagraph (A)(i) in accordance with the State plan published pursuant to subparagraph (C). (ii) USE OF DISBURSEMENTS.—Each State educational agency shall make annual disbursements to eligible local educational agencies in accordance with its State plan under subparagraph (C)(iii). (iiii) APPROPRIATE COSTS.—The costs associated with educating a high need child with a disability under subparagraph (C)(i) are only those costs associated with providing direct special education and related services to such child that are identified in such child's IEP. (E) LEGAL FEES.—The disbursements under subparagraph (D) shall not support legal fees, court costs, or other costs associated with a cause of action brought on behalf of a child with a disability to ensure a free appropriate public education for such child. (F) ASSURANCE OF A FREE APPROPRIATE PUBLIC EDUCATION.—Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed— (i) to limit or condition the right of a child with a disability who is assisted under this part to receive a free appropriate public education pursuant to section 612(a)(5); or (ii) to authorize a State educational agency or local educational agency to establish a limit on what may be spent on the education of a child with a disability. (G) SPECIAL RULE FOR RISK POOL AND HIGH NEED ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS IN EFFECT AS OF JANUARY 1, 2004.—Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs (A) through (F), a State may use funds reserved pursuant to this paragraph for implementing a placement neu

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(5) REPORT ON USE OF FUNDS- As part of the information required to be submitted to the Secretary under section 612, each State shall annually describe – (A) how amounts retained under paragraph (1) will be used to meet the requirements of this part; (B) how those amounts will be allocated among the activities described in paragraphs (2) and (3) to meet State priorities based on input from local educational agencies; and (C) the percentage of those amounts, if any, that will be distributed to	 (H) MEDICAID SERVICES NOT AFFECTEDDisbursements provided under this paragraph shall not be used to pay costs that otherwise would be reimbursed as medical assistance for a child with a disability under the State medicaid program under title XIX of the Social Security Act. (I) REMAINING FUNDSFunds reserved under subparagraph (A) in any fiscal year but not expended in that fiscal year pursuant to subparagraph (D) shall be allocated to local educational agencies for the succeeding fiscal year in the same manner as funds are allocated to local educational agencies under subsection (f) for the succeeding fiscal year. (4) INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN PROHIBITIONSA State may use funds the State reserves under paragraphs (1) and (2) without regard to(A) the prohibition on commingling of funds in section 612(a)(17)(B); and (B) the prohibition on supplanting other funds in section 612(a)(17)(C). (5) REPORT ON USE OF FUNDSAs part of the information required to be submitted to the Secretary under section 612, each State shall annually describe how amounts under this section(A) will be used to meet the requirements of this title; and (B) will be allocated among the activities described in this section to meet State priorities based on input from local educational agencies.
local educational agencies by formula.	(6) SPECIAL RULE FOR INCREASED FUNDSA State may use funds the State reserves under paragraph (1)(A) as a result of inflationary increases under paragraph (1)(B) to carry out activities authorized under clause (i), (iii), (vii), or (viii) of paragraph (2)(C). (7) FLEXIBILITY IN USING FUNDS FOR PART CAny State eligible to receive a grant under section 619 may use funds made available under paragraph (1)(A), subsection (f)(3), or section 619(f)(5) to develop and implement a State policy jointly with the lead agency under part C and the State educational agency to provide early intervention services (which shall include an educational component that promotes school readiness and incorporates preliteracy, language, and numeracy skills) in accordance with part C to children with disabilities who are eligible for services under section 619 and who previously received

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	services under part C until such children enter, or are eligible under State law to enter, kindergarten, or elementary school as appropriate.
(g) SUBGRANTS TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES- (1) SUBGRANTS REQUIRED- Each State that receives a grant under this section for any fiscal year shall distribute any funds it does not retain under subsection (f) (at least 75 percent of the grant funds) to local educational agencies in the State that have established their eligibility under section 613, and to State agencies that received funds under section 614(a)(1)(A) of this Act for fiscal year 1997, as then in effect, and have established their eligibility under section 613, for use in accordance with this part.	(f) SUBGRANTS TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES (1) SUBGRANTS REQUIREDEach State that receives a grant under this section for any fiscal year shall distribute any funds the State does not reserve under subsection (e) to local educational agencies (including public charter schools that operate as local educational agencies) in the State that have established their eligibility under section 613 for use in accordance with this part.
 (2) ALLOCATIONS TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES- (A) INTERIM PROCEDURE- For each fiscal year for which funds are allocated to States under <u>subsection (d)(2)</u>, each State shall allocate funds under <u>paragraph (1)</u> in accordance with <u>section 611(d)</u> of this Act, as in effect prior to the enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997. (B) PERMANENT PROCEDURE- For each fiscal year for which funds are allocated to States under <u>subsection (e)</u>, each State shall allocate funds under <u>paragraph (1)</u> as follows: 	(2) PROCEDURE FOR ALLOCATIONS TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIESFor each fiscal year for which funds are allocated to States under subsection (d), each State shall allocate funds under paragraph (1) as follows:
(i) BASE PAYMENTS- The State shall first award each agency described in paragraph (1) the amount that agency would have received under this section for the base year, as defined in subsection (e)(2)(A), if the State had distributed 75 percent of its grant for that year under section 611(d), as then in effect. (ii) ALLOCATION OF REMAINING FUNDS- After making allocations under clause (i), the State shall (I) allocate 85 percent of any remaining funds to those agencies on the basis of the relative numbers of children enrolled in public and private elementary and secondary schools within the agency's jurisdiction; and (II) allocate 15 percent of those remaining funds to those agencies in accordance with their relative numbers of children living in poverty, as	 (A) BASE PAYMENTSThe State shall first award each local educational agency described in paragraph (1) the amount the local educational agency would have received under this section for fiscal year 1999, if the State had distributed 75 percent of its grant for that year under section 611(d) as section 611(d) was then in effect. (B) ALLOCATION OF REMAINING FUNDSAfter making allocations under subparagraph (A), the State shall (i) allocate 85 percent of any remaining funds to those local educational agencies on the basis of the relative numbers of children enrolled in public and private elementary schools and secondary schools within the local educational agency's jurisdiction; and (ii) allocate 15 percent of those remaining funds to those local educational agencies in accordance with their relative numbers of children living in

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determined by the State educational agency. (3) FORMER CHAPTER 1 STATE AGENCIES- (A) To the extent necessary, the State (i) shall use funds that are available under subsection (f)(1)(A) to ensure that each State agency that received fiscal year 1994 funds under subpart 2 of part D of chapter 1 of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 receives, from the combination of funds under subsection, an amount equal to - (I) of this subsection, an amount equal to - (I) the number of children with disabilities, aged 6 through 21, to whom the agency was providing special education and related services on December 1 of the fiscal year for which the funds were appropriated, subject to the limitation in subparagraph (B); multiplied by (II) the per-child amount provided under such subpart for fiscal year 1994; and (ii) may use those funds to ensure that each local educational agency that received fiscal year 1994 funds under that subpart for children who had transferred from a State-operated or State-supported school or program assisted under that subpart receives, from the combination of funds available under subsection (f)(1)(A) and funds provided under paragraph (1) of this subsection, an amount for each such child, aged 3 through 21 to whom the agency was providing special education and related services on December 1 of the fiscal year for which the funds were appropriated, equal to the per-child amount the agency received under that subpart for fiscal year 1994. (B) The number of children counted under subparagraph (A)(i)(I) shall not exceed the number of children aged 3 through 21 for whom the agency received fiscal year 1994 funds under subpart 2 of part D of chapter 1 of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.	H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress poverty, as determined by the State educational agency.
(4) REALLOCATION OF FUNDS- If a State educational agency determines that a local educational agency is adequately providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities residing in the area served by that agency with State and local funds, the State educational agency may reallocate any portion of the funds under this part that are not needed by that local agency to provide a free appropriate public education to other local educational agencies in the State that are not adequately providing	(3) REALLOCATION OF FUNDSIf a State educational agency determines that a local educational agency is adequately providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities residing in the area served by that local educational agency with State and local funds, the State educational agency may reallocate any portion of the funds under this part that are not needed by that local educational agency to provide a free appropriate public education to other local educational agencies in the

special education and related services to all children with disabilities residing in the areas they serve.

- (h) DEFINITIONS- For the purpose of this section --
 - (1) the term 'average per-pupil expenditure in public elementary and secondary schools in the United States' means --
 - (A) without regard to the source of funds -
 - (i) the aggregate current expenditures, during the second fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made (or, if satisfactory data for that year are not available, during the most recent preceding fiscal year for which satisfactory data are available) of all local educational agencies in the 50 States and the District of Columbia); plus
 - (ii) any direct expenditures by the State for the operation of those agencies; divided by
 - (B) the aggregate number of children in average daily attendance to whom those agencies provided free public education during that preceding year; and
 - (2) the term 'State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- (i) USE OF AMOUNTS BY SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR-
 - (1) PROVISION OF AMOUNTS FOR ASSISTANCE-
 - (A) IN GENERAL- The Secretary of Education shall provide amounts to the Secretary of the Interior to meet the need for assistance for the education of children with disabilities on reservations aged 5 to 21, inclusive, enrolled in elementary and secondary schools for Indian children operated or funded by the Secretary of the Interior. The amount of such payment for any fiscal year shall be equal to 80 percent of the amount allotted under <u>subsection (c)</u> for that fiscal year.

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State that are not adequately providing special education and related services to all children with disabilities residing in the areas **served by those other local educational agencies**.

- (g) DEFINITIONS.--In this section:
 - (1) AVERAGE PER-PUPIL EXPENDITURE IN PUBLIC ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES.--The term `average per-pupil expenditure in public elementary schools and secondary schools in the United States' means--
 - (A) without regard to the source of funds—
 - (i) the aggregate current expenditures, during the second fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made (or, if satisfactory data for that year are not available, during the most recent preceding fiscal year for which satisfactory data are available) of all local educational agencies in the 50 States and the District of Columbia; plus
 - (ii) any direct expenditures by the State for the operation of those agencies; divided by
 - (B) the aggregate number of children in average daily attendance to whom those agencies provided free public education during that preceding year.
- (2) STATE.--The term `State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- (h) USE OF AMOUNTS BY SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.--
 - (1) PROVISION OF AMOUNTS FOR ASSISTANCE .--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary of Education shall provide amounts to the Secretary of the Interior to meet the need for assistance for the education of children with disabilities on reservations aged 5 to 21, inclusive, enrolled in elementary schools and secondary schools for Indian children operated or funded by the Secretary of the Interior. The amount of such payment for any fiscal year shall be equal to 80 percent of the amount allotted under subsection (b)(2) for that fiscal year. Of the amount described in the preceding sentence--
 - (i) 80 percent shall be allocated to such schools by July 1 of that fiscal year; and

- (B) CALCULATION OF NUMBER OF CHILDREN- In the case of Indian students aged 3 to 5, inclusive, who are enrolled in programs affiliated with the <u>Bureau of Indian Affairs</u> (hereafter in this subsection referred to as 'BIA') schools and that are required by the States in which such schools are located to attain or maintain State accreditation, and which schools have such accreditation prior to the date of enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1991, the school shall be allowed to count those children for the purpose of distribution of the funds provided under this paragraph to the Secretary of the Interior. The Secretary of the Interior shall be responsible for meeting all of the requirements of this part for these children, in accordance with <u>paragraph</u> (2).
- (C) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT- With respect to all other children aged 3 to 21, inclusive, on reservations, the State educational agency shall be responsible for ensuring that all of the requirements of this part are implemented
- (2) SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION- The Secretary of Education may provide the Secretary of the Interior amounts under <u>paragraph (1)</u> for a fiscal year only if the Secretary of the Interior submits to the Secretary of Education information that –
- (A) demonstrates that the Department of the Interior meets the appropriate requirements, as determined by the Secretary of Education, of sections 612 (including monitoring and evaluation activities) and 613;
- (B) includes a description of how the Secretary of the Interior will coordinate the provision of services under this part with local educational agencies, tribes and tribal organizations, and other private and Federal service providers;
- (C) includes an assurance that there are public hearings, adequate notice of such hearings, and an opportunity for comment afforded to members of tribes, tribal governing bodies, and affected local school boards before the adoption of the policies, programs, and procedures described in subparagraph (A);
- (D) includes an assurance that the Secretary of the Interior will provide

- (ii) 20 percent shall be allocated to such schools by September 30 of that fiscal year.
- (B) CALCULATION OF NUMBER OF CHILDREN.--In the case of Indian students aged 3 to 5, inclusive, who are enrolled in programs affiliated with the Bureau of Indian Affairs (referred to in this subsection as the `BIA') schools and that are required by the States in which such schools are located to attain or maintain State accreditation, and which schools have such accreditation prior to the date of enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1991, the school shall be allowed to count those children for the purpose of distribution of the funds provided under this paragraph to the Secretary of the Interior. The Secretary of the Interior shall be responsible for meeting all of the requirements of this part for those children, in accordance with paragraph (2).
- (C) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT.--With respect to all other children aged 3 to 21, inclusive, on reservations, the State educational agency shall be responsible for ensuring that all of the requirements of this part are implemented.
- (2) SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION.--The Secretary of Education may provide the Secretary of the Interior amounts under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year only if the Secretary of the Interior submits to the Secretary of Education information that--
 - (A) demonstrates that the Department of the Interior meets the appropriate requirements, as determined by the Secretary of Education, of sections 612 (including monitoring and evaluation activities) and 613;
 - (B) includes a description of how the Secretary of the Interior will coordinate the provision of services under this part with local educational agencies, tribes and tribal organizations, and other private and Federal service providers;
 - (C) includes an assurance that there are public hearings, adequate notice of such hearings, and an opportunity for comment afforded to members of tribes, tribal governing bodies, and affected local school boards before the adoption of the policies, programs, and procedures related to the requirements described in subparagraph (A);
 - (D) includes an assurance that the Secretary of the Interior will provide such

such information as the Secretary of Education may require to comply with section 618;

- (E) includes an assurance that the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Health and Human Services have entered into a memorandum of agreement, to be provided to the Secretary of Education, for the coordination of services, resources, and personnel between their respective Federal, State, and local offices and with State and local educational agencies and other entities to facilitate the provision of services to Indian children with disabilities residing on or near reservations (such agreement shall provide for the apportionment of responsibilities and costs including, but not limited to, child find, evaluation, diagnosis, remediation or therapeutic measures, and (where appropriate) equipment and medical or personal supplies as needed for a child to remain in school or a program); and
- (F) includes an assurance that the Department of the Interior will cooperate with the Department of Education in its exercise of monitoring and oversight of this application, and any agreements entered into between the Secretary of the Interior and other entities under this part, and will fulfill its duties under this part. Section 616(a) shall apply to the information described in this paragraph.
- (3) PAYMENTS FOR EDUCATION AND SERVICES FOR INDIAN CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES AGED 3 THROUGH 5-
 - (A) IN GENERAL- With funds appropriated under <u>subsection (j)</u>, the Secretary of Education shall make payments to the Secretary of the Interior to be distributed to tribes or tribal organizations (as defined under section 4 of the <u>Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act</u>) or consortia of the above to provide for the coordination of assistance for special education and related services for children with disabilities aged 3 through 5 on reservations served by elementary and secondary schools for Indian children operated or funded by the Department of the Interior. The amount of such payments under <u>subparagraph (B)</u> for any fiscal year shall be equal to 20 percent of the amount allotted under <u>subsection (c)</u>.

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information as the Secretary of Education may require to comply with section 618;

- (E) includes an assurance that the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Health and Human Services have entered into a memorandum of agreement, to be provided to the Secretary of Education, for the coordination of services, resources, and personnel between their respective Federal, State, and local offices and with State and local educational agencies and other entities to facilitate the provision of services to Indian children with disabilities residing on or near reservations (such agreement shall provide for the apportionment of responsibilities and costs, including child find, evaluation, diagnosis, remediation or therapeutic measures, and (where appropriate) equipment and medical or personal supplies as needed for a child to remain in school or a program); and
- (F) includes an assurance that the Department of the Interior will cooperate with the Department of Education in its exercise of monitoring and oversight of this application, and any agreements entered into between the Secretary of the Interior and other entities under this part, and will fulfill its duties under this part.
 - (3) APPLICABILITY.--The Secretary shall withhold payments under this subsection with respect to the information described in paragraph (2) in the same manner as the Secretary withholds payments under section 616(e)(6).
- (4) PAYMENTS FOR EDUCATION AND SERVICES FOR INDIAN CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES AGED 3 THROUGH 5.--
- (A) IN GENERAL.--With funds appropriated under subsection (i), the Secretary of Education shall make payments to the Secretary of the Interior to be distributed to tribes or tribal organizations (as defined under section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act) or consortia of tribes or tribal organizations to provide for the coordination of assistance for special education and related services for children with disabilities aged 3 through 5 on reservations served by elementary schools and secondary schools for Indian children operated or funded by the Department of the Interior. The amount of such payments under subparagraph (B) for any fiscal year shall be equal to 20 percent of the amount allotted under

- (B) Distribution of funds.--The Secretary of the Interior shall distribute the total amount of the payment under subparagraph (A) by allocating to each tribe or tribal organization an amount based on the number of children with disabilities ages 3 through 5 residing on reservations as reported annually, divided by the total of those children served by all tribes or tribal organizations.
- (C) Submission of information.--To receive a payment under this paragraph, the tribe or tribal organization shall submit such figures to the Secretary of the Interior as required to determine the amounts to be allocated under subparagraph (B). This information shall be compiled and submitted to the Secretary of Education.
- (D) Use of funds.--The funds received by a tribe or tribal organization shall be used to assist in child find, screening, and other procedures for the early identification of children aged 3 through 5, parent training, and the provision of direct services. These activities may be carried out directly or through contracts or cooperative agreements with the BIA, local educational agencies, and other public or private nonprofit organizations. The tribe or tribal organization is encouraged to involve Indian parents in the development and implementation of these activities. The above entities shall, as appropriate, make referrals to local, State, or Federal entities for the provision of services or further diagnosis.
- (E) Biennial report.--To be eligible to receive a grant pursuant to subparagraph (A), the tribe or tribal organization shall provide to the Secretary of the Interior a biennial report of activities undertaken under this paragraph, including the number of contracts and cooperative agreements entered into, the number of children contacted and receiving services for each year, and the estimated number of children needing services during the 2 years following the one in which the report is made. The Secretary of the Interior shall include a summary of this information on a biennial basis in the report to the Secretary of Education required under this subsection. The Secretary of Education may require any additional information from the Secretary of the Interior.
- (F) Prohibitions.--None of the funds allocated under this paragraph may be used by the Secretary of the Interior for administrative purposes, including child count and the provision of technical assistance.

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subsection (b)(2).

- (B) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.--The Secretary of the Interior shall distribute the total amount of the payment under subparagraph (A) by allocating to each tribe, tribal organization, or consortium an amount based on the number of children with disabilities aged 3 through 5 residing on reservations as reported annually, divided by the total of those children served by all tribes or tribal organizations.
- (C) SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION.--To receive a payment under this paragraph, the tribe or tribal organization shall submit such figures to the Secretary of the Interior as required to determine the amounts to be allocated under subparagraph (B). This information shall be compiled and submitted to the Secretary of Education.
- (D) USE OF FUNDS.--The funds received by a tribe or tribal organization shall be used to assist in child find, screening, and other procedures for the early identification of children aged 3 through 5, parent training, and the provision of direct services. These activities may be carried out directly or through contracts or cooperative agreements with the BIA, local educational agencies, and other public or private nonprofit organizations. The tribe or tribal organization is encouraged to involve Indian parents in the development and implementation of these activities. The tribe or tribal organization shall, as appropriate, make referrals to local, State, or Federal entities for the provision of services or further diagnosis.
- (E) BIENNIAL REPORT.--To be eligible to receive a grant pursuant to subparagraph (A), the tribe or tribal organization shall provide to the Secretary of the Interior a biennial report of activities undertaken under this paragraph, including the number of contracts and cooperative agreements entered into, the number of children contacted and receiving services for each year, and the estimated number of children needing services during the 2 years following the year in which the report is made. The Secretary of the Interior shall include a summary of this information on a biennial basis in the report to the Secretary of Education required under this subsection. The Secretary of Education may require any additional information from the Secretary of the Interior.
- (F) PROHIBITIONS.--None of the funds allocated under this paragraph may be used by the Secretary of the Interior for administrative purposes, including child count and the provision of technical assistance.

- (4) Plan for coordination of services.--The Secretary of the Interior shall develop and implement a plan for the coordination of services for all Indian children with disabilities residing on reservations covered under this Act. Such plan shall provide for the coordination of services benefiting these children from whatever source, including tribes, the Indian Health Service, other BIA divisions, and other Federal agencies. In developing the plan, the Secretary of he Interior shall consult with all interested and involved parties. It shall be based on the needs of the children and the system best suited for meeting those needs, and may involve the establishment of cooperative agreements between the BIA, other Federal agencies, and other entities. The plan shall also be distributed upon request to States, State and local educational agencies, and other agencies providing services to infants, toddlers, and children with disabilities, to tribes, and to other interested parties.
- (5) ESTABLISHMENT OF ADVISORY BOARD- To meet the requirements of section 612(a)(21), the Secretary of the Interior shall establish, not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997, under the BIA, an advisory board composed of individuals involved in or concerned with the education and provision of services to Indian infants, toddlers, children, and youth with disabilities, including Indians with disabilities, Indian parents or guardians of such children, teachers, service providers, State and local educational officials, representatives of tribes or tribal organizations, representatives from State Interagency Coordinating Councils under section 641 in States having reservations, and other members representing the various divisions and entities of the BIA. The chairperson shall be selected by the Secretary of the Interior. The advisory board shall --
 - (A) assist in the coordination of services within the BIA and with other local, State, and Federal agencies in the provision of education for infants, toddlers, and children with disabilities;
 - (B) advise and assist the Secretary of the Interior in the performance of the Secretary's responsibilities described in this subsection;
 - (C) develop and recommend policies concerning effective inter- and intraagency collaboration, including modifications to regulations, and the elimination of barriers to inter- and intra-agency programs and activities;
 - (D) provide assistance and disseminate information on best practices,

- (5) PLAN FOR COORDINATION OF SERVICES.--The Secretary of the Interior shall develop and implement a plan for the coordination of services for all Indian children with disabilities residing on reservations covered under this title. Such plan shall provide for the coordination of services benefiting those children from whatever source, including tribes, the Indian Health Service, other BIA divisions, and other Federal agencies. In developing the plan, the Secretary of the Interior shall consult with all interested and involved parties. The plan shall be based on the needs of the children and the system best suited for meeting those needs, and may involve the establishment of cooperative agreements between the BIA, other Federal agencies, and other entities. The plan shall also be distributed upon request to States, State educational agencies and local educational agencies, and other agencies providing services to infants, toddlers, and children with disabilities, to tribes, and to other interested parties.
- (6) ESTABLISHMENT OF ADVISORY BOARD.--To meet the requirements of section 612(a)(21), the Secretary of the Interior shall establish, under the BIA, an advisory board composed of individuals involved in or concerned with the education and provision of services to Indian infants, toddlers, children, and youth with disabilities, including Indians with disabilities, Indian parents or guardians of such children, teachers, service providers, State and local educational officials, representatives of tribes or tribal organizations, representatives from State Interagency Coordinating Councils under section 641 in States having reservations, and other members representing the various divisions and entities of the BIA. The chairperson shall be selected by the Secretary of the Interior. The advisory board shall--
 - (A) assist in the coordination of services within the BIA and with other local, State, and Federal agencies in the provision of education for infants, toddlers, and children with disabilities;
 - (B) advise and assist the Secretary of the Interior in the performance of the Secretary of the Interior's responsibilities described in this subsection;
 - (C) develop and recommend policies concerning effective inter- and intraagency collaboration, including modifications to regulations, and the elimination of barriers to inter- and intra-agency programs and activities;
 - (D) provide assistance and disseminate information on best practices,

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effective program coordination strategies, and recommendations for improved educational programming for Indian infants, toddlers, and children with disabilities; and (E) provide assistance in the preparation of information required under paragraph (2)(D). (6) ANNUAL REPORTS- (A) IN GENERAL- The advisory board established under paragraph (5) shall prepare and submit to the Secretary of the Interior and to the Congress an annual report containing a description of the activities of the advisory board for the preceding year. (B) AVAILABILITY- The Secretary of the Interior shall make available to the Secretary of Education the report described in subparagraph (A). (j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS- For the purpose of carrying out this part, other than section 619, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary.	effective program coordination strategies, and recommendations for improved early intervention services or educational programming for Indian infants, toddlers, and children with disabilities; and (E) provide assistance in the preparation of information required under paragraph (2)(D). (7) ANNUAL REPORTS (A) IN GENERALThe advisory board established under paragraph (6) shall prepare and submit to the Secretary of the Interior and to Congress an annual report containing a description of the activities of the advisory board for the preceding year. (B) AVAILABILITYThe Secretary of the Interior shall make available to the Secretary of Education the report described in subparagraph (A). (i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONSFor the purpose of carrying out this part, other than section 619, there are authorized to be appropriated (1) \$12,358,376,571 for fiscal year 2005; (2) \$14,648,647,143 for fiscal year 2006; (3) \$16,938,917,714 for fiscal year 2007; (4) \$19,229,188,286 for fiscal year 2009; (6) \$23,809,729,429 for fiscal year 2010; (7) \$26,100,000,000 for fiscal year 2011; and (8) such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 2012 and each succeeding fiscal year.

Comparison of P.L. 105-17 to H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress – November 19, 2004

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SEC. 612. STATE ELIGIBILITY.	SEC. 612. STATE ELIGIBILITY.
 (a) In General- A State is eligible for assistance under this part for a fiscal year if the State demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the State has in effect policies and procedures to ensure that it meets each of the following conditions: (1) FREE APPROPRIATE PUBLIC EDUCATION- (A) IN GENERAL- A free appropriate public education is available to all children with disabilities residing in the State between the ages of 3 and 21, inclusive, including children with disabilities who have been suspended or expelled from school. (B) LIMITATION- The obligation to make a free appropriate public education available to all children with disabilities does not apply with respect to children: (i) aged 3 through 5 and 18 through 21 in a State to the extent that its application to those children would be inconsistent with State law or practice, or the order of any court, respecting the provision of public education to children in those age ranges; and (ii) aged 18 through 21 to the extent that State law does not require that special education and related services under this part be provided to children with disabilities who, in the educational placement prior to their incarceration in an adult correctional facility: 	 (a) IN GENERALA State is eligible for assistance under this part for a fiscal year if the State submits a plan that provides assurances to the Secretary that the State has in effect policies and procedures to ensure that the State meets each of the following conditions: (1) FREE APPROPRIATE PUBLIC EDUCATION (A) IN GENERALA free appropriate public education is available to all children with disabilities residing in the State between the ages of 3 and 21, inclusive, including children with disabilities who have been suspended or expelled from school. (B) LIMITATIONThe obligation to make a free appropriate public education available to all children with disabilities does not apply with respect to children (i) aged 3 through 5 and 18 through 21 in a State to the extent that its application to those children would be inconsistent with State law or practice, or the order of any court, respecting the provision of public education to children in those age ranges; and (ii) aged 18 through 21 to the extent that State law does not require that special education and related services under this part be provided to children with disabilities who, in the educational placement prior to their incarceration in an adult correctional facility
 (I) were not actually identified as being a child with a disability under section 602(3) of this Act; or (II) did not have an individualized education program under this part. (2) FULL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY GOAL- The State has established a goal of providing full educational opportunity to all children with disabilities and a detailed timetable for accomplishing that goal. (3) CHILD FIND- 	 (I) were not actually identified as being a child with a disability under section 602; or (II) did not have an individualized education program under this part. (C) STATE FLEXIBILITYA State that provides early intervention services in accordance with part C to a child who is eligible for services under section 619, is not required to provide such child with a free appropriate public education. (2) FULL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY GOALThe State has established a goal of providing full educational opportunity to all children with disabilities and a detailed timetable for accomplishing that goal.

- (A) IN GENERAL- All children with disabilities residing in the State, including children with disabilities attending private schools, regardless of the severity of their disabilities, and who are in need of special education and related services, are identified, located, and evaluated and a practical method is developed and implemented to determine which children with disabilities are currently receiving needed special education and related services.
- (B) CONSTRUCTION- Nothing in this Act requires that children be classified by their disability so long as each child who has a disability listed in section 602 and who, by reason of that disability, needs special education and related services is regarded as a child with a disability under this part.
- (4) INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM- An individualized education program, or an individualized family service plan that meets the requirements of section 636(d), is developed, reviewed, and revised for each child with a disability in accordance with section 614(d).
- (5) LEAST RESTRICTIVE ENVIRONMENT-
- (A) IN GENERAL- To the maximum extent appropriate, children with disabilities, including children in public or private institutions or other care facilities, are educated with children who are not disabled, and special classes, separate schooling, or other removal of children with disabilities from the regular educational environment occurs only when the nature or severity of the disability of a child is such that education in regular classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily.
- (B) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT-
 - (i) IN GENERAL- If the State uses a funding mechanism by which the State distributes State funds on the basis of the type of setting in which a child is served, the funding mechanism does not result in placements that violate the requirements of subparagraph (A).

- (3) CHILD FIND .--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--All children with disabilities residing in the State, including children with disabilities who are homeless children or are wards of the State and children with disabilities attending private schools, regardless of the severity of their disabilities, and who are in need of special education and related services, are identified, located, and evaluated and a practical method is developed and implemented to determine which children with disabilities are currently receiving needed special education and related services.
 - (B) CONSTRUCTION.--Nothing in this **title** requires that children be classified by their disability so long as each child who has a disability listed in section 602 and who, by reason of that disability, needs special education and related services is regarded as a child with a disability under this part.
- (4) INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM.--An individualized education program, or an individualized family service plan that meets the requirements of section 636(d), is developed, reviewed, and revised for each child with a disability in accordance with section 614(d).
- (5) LEAST RESTRICTIVE ENVIRONMENT .--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--To the maximum extent appropriate, children with disabilities, including children in public or private institutions or other care facilities, are educated with children who are not disabled, and special classes, separate schooling, or other removal of children with disabilities from the regular educational environment occurs only when the nature or severity of the disability of a child is such that education in regular classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily.
 - (B) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT .--
 - (i) IN GENERAL.--A State funding mechanism shall not result in placements that violate the requirements of subparagraph (A), and a State shall not use a funding mechanism by which the State distributes funds on the basis of the type of setting in which a child is served that will result in the failure to provide a child with a disability a free appropriate public education according to the unique needs of the child as described in the child's IEP.

- (ii) ASSURANCE- If the State does not have policies and procedures to ensure compliance with clause (i), the State shall provide the Secretary an assurance that it will revise the funding mechanism as soon as feasible to ensure that such mechanism does not result in such placements.
- (6) PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS-
- (A) IN GENERAL- Children with disabilities and their parents are afforded the procedural safeguards required by section 615.
- (B) ADDITIONAL PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS- Procedures to ensure that testing and evaluation materials and procedures utilized for the purposes of evaluation and placement of children with disabilities will be selected and administered so as not to be racially or culturally discriminatory. Such materials or procedures shall be provided and administered in the child's native language or mode of communication, unless it clearly is not feasible to do so, and no single procedure shall be the sole criterion for determining an appropriate educational program for a child.
- (7) EVALUATION- Children with disabilities are evaluated in accordance with subsections (a) through (c) of section 614.
- (8) CONFIDENTIALITY- Agencies in the State comply with section 617(c) (relating to the confidentiality of records and information).
- (9) TRANSITION FROM PART C TO PRESCHOOL PROGRAMS- Children participating in early-intervention programs assisted under part C, and who will participate in preschool programs assisted under this part, experience a smooth and effective transition to those preschool programs in a manner consistent with section 637(a)(8). By the third birthday of such a child, an individualized education program or, if consistent with sections 614(d)(2)(B) and 636(d), an individualized family service plan, has been developed and is being implemented for the child. The local educational agency will participate in transition planning conferences arranged by the designated lead agency under section 637(a)(8).
- (10) CHILDREN IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS-
 - (Å) CHILDREN ENROLLED IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS BY THEIR PARENTS-
 - (i) IN GENERAL- To the extent consistent with the number and

- (ii) ASSURANCE.--If the State does not have policies and procedures to ensure compliance with clause (i), the State shall provide the Secretary an assurance that the State will revise the funding mechanism as soon as feasible to ensure that such mechanism does not result in such placements.
- (6) PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS .--
- (A) IN GENERAL.--Children with disabilities and their parents are afforded the procedural safeguards required by section 615.
- (B) ADDITIONAL PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS.--Procedures to ensure that testing and evaluation materials and procedures utilized for the purposes of evaluation and placement of children with disabilities for services under this title will be selected and administered so as not to be racially or culturally discriminatory. Such materials or procedures shall be provided and administered in the child's native language or mode of communication, unless it clearly is not feasible to do so, and no single procedure shall be the sole criterion for determining an appropriate educational program for a child.
- (7) EVALUATION.--Children with disabilities are evaluated in accordance with subsections (a) through (c) of section 614.
- (8) CONFIDENTIALITY.--Agencies in the State comply with section 617(c) (relating to the confidentiality of records and information).
- (9) TRANSITION FROM PART C TO PRESCHOOL PROGRAMS.--Children participating in early intervention programs assisted under part C, and who will participate in preschool programs assisted under this part, experience a smooth and effective transition to those preschool programs in a manner consistent with section 637(a)(9). By the third birthday of such a child, an individualized education program or, if consistent with sections 614(d)(2)(B) and 636(d), an individualized family service plan, has been developed and is being implemented for the child. The local educational agency will participate in transition planning conferences arranged by the designated lead agency under section 635(a)(10).
- (10) CHILDREN IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS .--
 - (A) CHILDREN ENROLLED IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS BY THEIR PARENTS.--
 - (i) IN GENERAL.--To the extent consistent with the number and location

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location of children with disabilities in the State who are enrolled by their parents in private elementary and secondary schools, provision is made for the participation of those children in the program assisted or carried out under this part by providing for such children special education and related services in accordance with the following requirements, unless the Secretary has arranged for services to those children under subsection (f):	of children with disabilities in the State who are enrolled by their parents in private elementary schools and secondary schools in the school district served by a local educational agency, provision is made for the participation of those children in the program assisted or carried out under this part by providing for such children special education and related services in accordance with the following requirements, unless the Secretary has arranged for services to those children under subsection
(I) Amounts expended for the provision of those services by a local educational agency shall be equal to a proportionate amount of Federal funds made available under this part.	 (f): (I) Amounts to be expended for the provision of those services (including direct services to parentally placed private school children) by the local educational agency shall be equal to a proportionate amount of Federal funds made available under this part. (II) In calculating the proportionate amount of Federal funds, the local educational agency, after timely and meaningful consultation with representatives of private schools as described in clause (iii), shall
(II) Such services may be provided to children with disabilities on the premises of private, including parochial, schools, to the extent consistent with law.	conduct a thorough and complete child find process to determine the number of parentally placed children with disabilities attending private schools located in the local educational agency. (III) Such services to parentally placed private school children with disabilities may be provided to the children on the premises of private, including religious, schools, to the extent consistent with law. (IV) State and local funds may supplement and in no case shall supplant the proportionate amount of Federal funds required to be expended under this subparagraph. (V) Each local educational agency shall maintain in its records and provide to the State educational agency the number of children evaluated under this subparagraph, the number of children determined
(ii) CHILD-FIND REQUIREMENT- The requirements of paragraph (3) of this subsection (relating to child find) shall apply with respect to children with disabilities in the State who are enrolled in private, including parochial, elementary and secondary schools.	to be children with disabilities under this paragraph, and the number of children served under this paragraph. (ii) CHILD FIND REQUIREMENT (I) IN GENERALThe requirements of paragraph (3) (relating to child find) shall apply with respect to children with disabilities in the State who are enrolled in private, including religious, elementary schools and secondary schools. (II) EQUITABLE PARTICIPATIONThe child find process shall be designed to ensure the equitable participation of parentally placed private school children with disabilities and an accurate count of such children.

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	(III) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out this clause, the local educational agency, or where applicable, the State educational agency, shall undertake activities similar to those activities undertaken for the agency's public school children. (IV) COST.—The cost of carrying out this clause, including individual evaluations, may not be considered in determining whether a local educational agency has met its obligations under clause (i). (V) COMPLETION PERIOD.—Such child find process shall be completed in a time period comparable to that for other students attending public schools in the local educational agency. (iii) CONSULTATION.—To ensure timely and meaningful consultation, a local educational agency, or where appropriate, a State educational agency, shall consult with private school representatives and representatives of parents of parentally placed private school children with disabilities during the design and development of special education and related services for the children, including regarding— (I) the child find process and how parentally placed private school children suspected of having a disability can participate equitably, including how parents, teachers, and private school officials will be informed of the process; (II) the determination of the proportionate amount of Federal funds available to serve parentally placed private school children with disabilities under this subparagraph, including the determination of how the amount was calculated; (III) the consultation process among the local educational agency, private school children with disabilities, including how such process will operate throughout the school year to ensure that parentally placed private school children with disabilities, including how such process will operate throughout the school year to ensure that parentally placed private school children with disabilities, including a discussion of types of services, including direct services will be apportioned if funds are insufficient to serve all children, and how and when these d

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	educational agency shall provide to the private school officials a written explanation of the reasons why the local educational agency chose not to provide services directly or through a contract. (iv) WRITTEN AFFIRMATION.—When timely and meaningful consultation as required by clause (iii) has occurred, the local educational agency shall obtain a written affirmation signed by the representatives of participating private schools, and if such representatives do not provide such affirmation within a reasonable period of time, the local educational agency shall forward the documentation of the consultation process to the State educational agency. (v) COMPLIANCE.— (l) IN GENERAL.—A private school official shall have the right to submit a complaint to the State educational agency that the local educational agency did not engage in consultation that was meaningful and timely, or did not give due consideration to the views of the private school official. (II) PROCEDURE.—If the private school official wishes to submit a complaint, the official shall provide the basis of the noncompliance with this subparagraph by the local educational agency to the State educational agency, and the local educational agency shall forward the appropriate documentation to the State educational agency. If the private school official is dissatisfied with the decision of the State educational agency, such official may submit a complaint to the Secretary by providing the basis of the noncompliance with this subparagraph by the local educational agency shall forward the appropriate documentation to the Secretary, and the State educational agency shall forward the appropriate documentation to the Secretary. (vi) PROVISION OF EQUITABLE SERVICES.— (l) DIRECTLY OR THROUGH CONTRACTS.—The provision of services pursuant to this subparagraph shall be provided— (aa) by employees of a public agency with an individual, association, agency, organization, or other entity. (li) SECULAR, NEUTRAL, NONIDEOLOGICAL.—Special education and related services

- (B) CHILDREN PLACED IN, OR REFERRED TO, PRIVATE SCHOOLS BY PUBLIC AGENCIES-
 - (i) IN GENERAL- Children with disabilities in private schools and facilities are provided special education and related services, in accordance with an individualized education program, at no cost to their parents, if such children are placed in, or referred to, such schools or facilities by the State or appropriate local educational agency as the means of carrying out the requirements of this part or any other applicable law requiring the provision of special education and related services to all children with disabilities within such State.
 - (ii) STANDARDS- In all cases described in clause (i), the State educational agency shall determine whether such schools and facilities meet standards that apply to State and local educational agencies and that children so served have all the rights they would have if served by such agencies.
- (C) PAYMENT FOR EDUCATION OF CHILDREN ENROLLED IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS WITHOUT CONSENT OF OR REFERRAL BY THE PUBLIC AGENCY-
 - (i) IN GENERAL- Subject to subparagraph (A), this part does not require a local educational agency to pay for the cost of education, including special education and related services, of a child with a disability at a private school or facility if that agency made a free appropriate public education available to the child and the parents elected to place the child in such private school or facility.
 - (ii) REIMBURSEMENT FOR PRIVATE SCHOOL PLACEMENT- If the parents of a child with a disability, who previously received special education and related services under the authority of a public agency, enroll the child in a private elementary or secondary school without the consent of or referral by the public agency, a court or a hearing officer may require the agency to reimburse the parents for the cost of that enrollment if the court or hearing officer finds that the agency had not made a free appropriate public education available to the child in a timely manner prior to that enrollment.
 - (iii) LIMITATION ON REIMBURSEMENT- The cost of reimbursement described in clause (ii) may be reduced or denied --

(I) if -

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- (B) CHILDREN PLACED IN, OR REFERRED TO, PRIVATE SCHOOLS BY PUBLIC AGENCIES.--
 - (i) IN GENERAL.--Children with disabilities in private schools and facilities are provided special education and related services, in accordance with an individualized education program, at no cost to their parents, if such children are placed in, or referred to, such schools or facilities by the State or appropriate local educational agency as the means of carrying out the requirements of this part or any other applicable law requiring the provision of special education and related services to all children with disabilities within such State.
 - (ii) STANDARDS.--In all cases described in clause (i), the State educational agency shall determine whether such schools and facilities meet standards that apply to State **educational agencies** and local educational agencies and that children so served have all the rights the children would have if served by such agencies.
- (C) PAYMENT FOR EDUCATION OF CHILDREN ENROLLED IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS WITHOUT CONSENT OF OR REFERRAL BY THE PUBLIC AGENCY.--
- (i) IN GENERAL.--Subject to subparagraph (A), this part does not require a local educational agency to pay for the cost of education, including special education and related services, of a child with a disability at a private school or facility if that agency made a free appropriate public education available to the child and the parents elected to place the child in such private school or facility.
- (ii) REIMBURSEMENT FOR PRIVATE SCHOOL PLACEMENT.--If the parents of a child with a disability, who previously received special education and related services under the authority of a public agency, enroll the child in a private elementary school or secondary school without the consent of or referral by the public agency, a court or a hearing officer may require the agency to reimburse the parents for the cost of that enrollment if the court or hearing officer finds that the agency had not made a free appropriate public education available to the child in a timely manner prior to that enrollment.
- (iii) LIMITATION ON REIMBURSEMENT.--The cost of reimbursement described in clause (ii) may be reduced or denied--

(I) if—

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(aa) at the most recent IEP meeting that the parents attended prior to removal of the child from the public school, the parents did not inform the IEP Team that they were rejecting the placement proposed by the public agency to provide a free appropriate public education to their child, including stating their concerns and their intent to enroll their child in a private school at public expense; or (bb) 10 business days (including any holidays that occur on a business day) prior to the removal of the child from the public school, the parents did not give written notice to the public agency of the information described in division (aa); (II) if, prior to the parents' removal of the child from the public school, the public agency informed the parents, through the notice requirements described in section 615(b)(7), of its intent to evaluate the child (including a statement of the purpose of the evaluation that was appropriate and reasonable), but the parents did not make the child available for such evaluation; or (III) upon a judicial finding of unreasonableness with respect to actions taken by the parents. (iv) EXCEPTION- Notwithstanding the notice requirement in clause (iii)(1), the cost of reimbursement may not be reduced or denied for failure to provide such notice if (I) the parent is illiterate and cannot write in English; (III) compliance with clause (iii)(1) would likely result in physical or serious emotional harm to the child; (III) the school prevented the parent from providing such notice; or (IV) the parents had not received notice, pursuant to section 615, of the notice requirement in clause (iii)(I).	(aa) at the most recent IEP meeting that the parents attended prior to removal of the child from the public school, the parents did not inform the IEP Team that they were rejecting the placement proposed by the public agency to provide a free appropriate public education to their child, including stating their concerns and their intent to enroll their child in a private school at public expense; or (bb) 10 business days (including any holidays that occur on a business day) prior to the removal of the child from the public school, the parents did not give written notice to the public agency of the information described in item (aa); (II) if, prior to the parents' removal of the child from the public school, the public agency informed the parents, through the notice requirements described in section 615(b)(3), of its intent to evaluate the child (including a statement of the purpose of the evaluation that was appropriate and reasonable), but the parents did not make the child available for such evaluation; or (III) upon a judicial finding of unreasonableness with respect to actions taken by the parents. (iv) EXCEPTIONNotwithstanding the notice requirement in clause (iii)(I), the cost of reimbursement (I) shall not be reduced or denied for failure to provide such notice; (bb) the parents had not received notice, pursuant to section 615, of the notice requirement in clause (iii)(I); or (cc) compliance with clause (iii)(I) would likely result in physical harm to the child; and (II) may, in the discretion of a court or a hearing officer, not be reduced or denied for failure to provide such notice if (aa) the parent is illiterate or cannot write in English; or (bb) compliance with clause (iii)(I) would likely result in serious emotional harm to the child.
(11) STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY RESPONSIBLE FOR GENERAL SUPERVISION- (A) IN GENERAL- The State educational agency is responsible for ensuring that	(11) STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY RESPONSIBLE FOR GENERAL SUPERVISION (A) IN GENERALThe State educational agency is responsible for ensuring that

IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress (i) the requirements of this part are met; and (i) the requirements of this part are met; (ii) all educational programs for children with disabilities in the State, (ii) all educational programs for children with disabilities in the State, including all such programs administered by any other State or local including all such programs administered by any other State agency or local agency-agency --(I) are under the general supervision of individuals in the State who (I) are under the general supervision of individuals in the State who are are responsible for educational programs for children with disabilities: responsible for educational programs for children with disabilities; and and (II) meet the educational standards of the State educational agency. (II) meet the educational standards of the State educational agency; and (iii) in carrying out this part with respect to homeless children, the requirements of subtitle B of title VII of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11431 et seq.) are met. (B) LIMITATION.--Subparagraph (A) shall not limit the responsibility of (B) LIMITATION- Subparagraph (A) shall not limit the responsibility of agencies in the State other than the State educational agency to provide, or agencies in the State other than the State educational agency to provide. pay for some or all of the costs of, a free appropriate public education for or pay for some or all of the costs of, a free appropriate public education any child with a disability in the State. for any child with a disability in the State. (C) EXCEPTION.--Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B), the (C) EXCEPTION- Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B), the Governor (or another individual pursuant to State law), consistent with State Governor (or another individual pursuant to State law), consistent with law, may assign to any public agency in the State the responsibility of State law, may assign to any public agency in the State the responsibility ensuring that the requirements of this part are met with respect to children of ensuring that the requirements of this part are met with respect to with disabilities who are convicted as adults under State law and children with disabilities who are convicted as adults under State law and incarcerated in adult prisons. incarcerated in adult prisons. (12) OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO AND METHODS OF ENSURING SERVICES.--

- (A) ESTABLISHING RESPONSIBILITY FOR SERVICES.--The Chief Executive Officer of a State or designee of the officer shall ensure that an interagency agreement or other mechanism for interagency coordination is in effect between each public agency described in subparagraph (B) and the State educational agency, in order to ensure that all services described in subparagraph (B)(i) that are needed to ensure a free appropriate public education are provided, including the provision of such services during the pendency of any dispute under clause (iii). Such agreement or mechanism shall include the following:
 - (i) AGENCY FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY.--An identification of, or a method for defining, the financial responsibility of each agency for providing services described in subparagraph (B)(i) to ensure a free appropriate public education to children with disabilities, provided that the financial responsibility of each public agency described in subparagraph (B), including the State medicaid agency and other public insurers of children

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	with disabilities, shall precede the financial responsibility of the local educational agency (or the State agency responsible for developing the child's IEP). (ii) CONDITIONS AND TERMS OF REIMBURSEMENTThe conditions, terms, and procedures under which a local educational agency shall be reimbursed by other agencies. (iii) INTERAGENCY DISPUTESProcedures for resolving interagency disputes (including procedures under which local educational agencies may initiate proceedings) under the agreement or other mechanism to secure reimbursement from other agencies or otherwise implement the provisions of the agreement or mechanism. (iv) COORDINATION OF SERVICES PROCEDURESPolicies and procedures for agencies to determine and identify the interagency coordination responsibilities of each agency to promote the coordination and timely and appropriate delivery of services described in subparagraph (B)(i).
(B) OBLIGATION OF PUBLIC AGENCY- (i) IN GENERAL- If any public agency other than an educational agency is otherwise obligated under Federal or State law, or assigned responsibility under State policy or pursuant to subparagraph (A), to provide or pay for any services that are also considered special education or related services (such as, but not limited to, services described in sections 602(1) relating to assistive technology devices, 602(2) relating to assistive technology services, 602(22) relating to related services, 602(29) relating to supplementary aids and services, and 602(30) relating to transition services) that are necessary for ensuring a free appropriate public education to children with disabilities within the State, such public agency shall fulfill that obligation or responsibility, either directly or through contract or other arrangement. (ii) REIMBURSEMENT FOR SERVICES BY PUBLIC AGENCY- If a public agency other than an educational agency fails to provide or pay for the special education and related services described in clause (i), the local educational agency (or State agency responsible for developing the child's IEP) shall provide or pay for such services to the child. Such local educational agency or State agency may then claim reimbursement for the services from the public agency that failed to provide or pay for such services and such public agency shall	(B) OBLIGATION OF PUBLIC AGENCY (i) IN GENERALIf any public agency other than an educational agency is otherwise obligated under Federal or State law, or assigned responsibility under State policy pursuant to subparagraph (A), to provide or pay for any services that are also considered special education or related services (such as, but not limited to, services described in section 602(1) relating to assistive technology devices, 602(2) relating to assistive technology services, 602(26) relating to related services, 602(33) relating to supplementary aids and services, and 602(34) relating to transition services) that are necessary for ensuring a free appropriate public education to children with disabilities within the State, such public agency shall fulfill that obligation or responsibility, either directly or through contract or other arrangement pursuant to subparagraph (A) or an agreement pursuant to subparagraph (C). (ii) REIMBURSEMENT FOR SERVICES BY PUBLIC AGENCYIf a public agency other than an educational agency fails to provide or pay for the special education and related services described in clause (i), the local educational agency (or State agency responsible for developing the child's IEP) shall provide or pay for such services to the child. Such local educational agency or State agency is authorized to claim reimbursement for the services from the public agency that failed to provide or pay for

H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress IDEA '97 – P.L. 105-17 reimburse the local educational agency or State agency pursuant to the such services and such public agency shall reimburse the local terms of the interagency agreement or other mechanism described in educational agency or State agency pursuant to the terms of the subparagraph (A)(i) according to the procedures established in such interagency agreement or other mechanism described in subparagraph agreement pursuant to subparagraph (A)(ii). (A)(i) according to the procedures established in such agreement pursuant to subparagraph (A)(ii). (C) SPECIAL RULE- The requirements of subparagraph (A) may be met (C) SPECIAL RULE.--The requirements of subparagraph (A) may be met through through--(i) state statute or regulation; (i) State statute or regulation; (ii) signed agreements between respective agency officials that clearly (ii) signed agreements between respective agency officials that clearly identify the responsibilities of each agency relating to the provision of identify the responsibilities of each agency relating to the provision of services; or services: or (iii) other appropriate written methods as (iii) other appropriate written methods as determined by the Chief determined by the Chief Executive Officer of Executive Officer of the State or designee of the officer and approved by the State or designee of the officer. the Secretary. (13) PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO LOCAL (13) PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY ELIGIBILITY- The State educational agency will EDUCATIONAL AGENCY ELIGIBILITY .-- The State educational agency will not make a final determination that a local educational agency is not eligible not make a final determination that a local educational agency is not eligible for assistance under this part without first affording that agency reasonable for assistance under this part without first affording that agency reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing. notice and an opportunity for a hearing. (14) COMPREHENSIVE SYSTEM OF PERSONNEL DEVELOPMENT- The State has in effect, consistent with the purposes of this Act and with section 635(a)(8), a comprehensive system of personnel development that is designed to ensure an adequate supply of qualified special education, regular education, and related services personnel that meets the requirements for a State improvement plan relating to personnel development in subsections (b)(2)(B) and (c)(3)(D) of section 653. (15) PERSONNEL STANDARDS-(14) PERSONNEL QUALIFICATIONS .--(A) IN GENERAL- The State educational agency has established and (A) IN GENERAL.--The State educational agency has established and maintains standards to ensure that personnel necessary to carry out this maintains qualifications to ensure that personnel necessary to carry out part are appropriately and adequately prepared and trained. this part are appropriately and adequately prepared and trained, including (B) STANDARDS DESCRIBED- Such standards shall that those personnel have the content knowledge and skills to serve children with disabilities. (i) be consistent with any State-approved or State-recognized

certification, licensing, registration, or other comparable requirements that apply to the professional discipline in which those personnel are

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providing special education or related services; (ii) to the extent the standards described in subparagraph (A) are not based on the highest requirements in the State applicable to a specific profession or discipline, the State is taking steps to require retraining or hiring of personnel that meet appropriate professional requirements in the State; and (iii) allow paraprofessionals and assistants who are appropriately trained and supervised, in accordance with State law, regulations, or written policy, in meeting the requirements of this part to be used to assist in the provision of special education and related services to children with disabilities under this part. (C) POLICY- In implementing this paragraph, a State may adopt a policy that includes a requirement that local education and related services to children with disabilities under this part.	(B) RELATED SERVICES PERSONNEL AND PARAPROFESSIONALSThe qualifications under subparagraph (A) include qualifications for related services personnel and paraprofessionals that
	(E) RULE OF CONSTRUCTIONNotwithstanding any other individual right

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	of action that a parent or student may maintain under this part, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to create a right of action on behalf of an individual student for the failure of a particular State educational agency or local educational agency staff person to be highly qualified, or to prevent a parent from filing a complaint about staff qualifications with the State educational agency as provided for under this part.	
 (16) PERFORMANCE GOALS AND INDICATORS- The State – (A) has established goals for the performance of children with disabilities in the State that (i) will promote the purposes of this Act, as stated in section 601(d); and 	(15) PERFORMANCE GOALS AND INDICATORSThe State (A) has established goals for the performance of children with disabilities in the State that (i) promote the purposes of this title, as stated in section 601(d); (ii) are the same as the State's definition of adequate yearly progress, including the State's objectives for progress by children with disabilities, under section 1111(b)(2)(C) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; (iii) address graduation rates and dropout rates, as well as such other	
 (ii) are consistent, to the maximum extent appropriate, with other goals and standards for children established by the State; (B) has established performance indicators the State will use to assess progress toward achieving those goals that, at a minimum, address the performance of children with disabilities on assessments, drop-out rates, and graduation rates; (C) will, every two years, report to the Secretary and the public on the progress of the State, and of children with disabilities in the State, toward meeting the goals established under subparagraph (A); and 	factors as the State may determine; and (iv) are consistent, to the extent appropriate, with any other goals and standards for children established by the State; (B) has established performance indicators the State will use to assess progress toward achieving the goals described in subparagraph (A), including measurable annual objectives for progress by children with disabilities under section 1111(b)(2)(C)(v)(II)(cc) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; and (C) will annually report to the Secretary and the public on the progress of the State, and of children with disabilities in the State, toward meeting the goals established under subparagraph (A), which may include elements of the reports required under section 1111(h) of the Elementary and Secondary	
(D) based on its assessment of that progress, will revise its State improvement plan under subpart 1 of part D as may be needed to improve its performance, if the State receives assistance under that subpart.	Education Act of 1965.	
(17) PARTICIPATION IN ASSESSMENTS- (A) IN GENERAL- Children with disabilities are included in general State and district-wide assessment programs, with appropriate	(16) PARTICIPATION IN ASSESSMENTS (A) IN GENERALAII children with disabilities are included in all general State and districtwide assessment programs, including assessments described under section 1111 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act	

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accommodations, where necessary. As appropriate, the State or local educational agency	of 1965, with appropriate accommodations and alternate assessments where necessary and as indicated in their respective individualized education programs.
(i) develops guidelines for the participation of children with disabilities in alternate assessments for those children who cannot participate in State and district-wide assessment programs; and (ii) develops and, beginning not later than July 1, 2000, conducts those alternate assessments.	(B) ACCOMMODATION GUIDELINESThe State (or, in the case of a districtwide assessment, the local educational agency) has developed guidelines for the provision of appropriate accommodations. (C) ALTERNATE ASSESSMENTS (i) IN GENERALThe State (or, in the case of a districtwide assessment, the local educational agency) has developed and implemented guidelines for the participation of children with disabilities in alternate assessments for those children who cannot participate in regular assessments under subparagraph (A) with accommodations as indicated in their respective individualized education programs. (ii) REQUIREMENTS FOR ALTERNATE ASSESSMENTSThe guidelines under clause (i) shall provide for alternate assessments that (I) are aligned with the State's challenging academic content standards and challenging student academic achievement standards; and (II) if the State has adopted alternate academic achievement standards permitted under the regulations promulgated to carry out section 1111(b)(1) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, measure the achievement of children with disabilities against those standards. (iii) CONDUCT OF ALTERNATE ASSESSMENTSThe State conducts the alternate assessments described in this subparagraph.
 (B) REPORTS- The State educational agency makes available to the public, and reports to the public with the same frequency and in the same detail as it reports on the assessment of nondisabled children, the following: (i) The number of children with disabilities participating in regular assessments. (ii) The number of those children participating in alternate assessments. 	 (D) REPORTSThe State educational agency (or, in the case of a districtwide assessment, the local educational agency) makes available to the public, and reports to the public with the same frequency and in the same detail as it reports on the assessment of nondisabled children, the following: (i) The number of children with disabilities participating in regular assessments, and the number of those children who were provided accommodations in order to participate in those assessments. (ii) The number of children with disabilities participating in alternate assessments described in subparagraph (C)(ii)(I). (iii) The number of children with disabilities participating in alternate assessments described in subparagraph (C)(ii)(II).

IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress (iii)(I) The performance of those children on regular assessments (iv) The performance of children with disabilities on regular assessments (beginning not later than July 1, 1998) and on alternate assessments and on alternate assessments (if the number of children with disabilities (not later than July 1, 2000), if doing so would be statistically sound and participating in those assessments is sufficient to yield statistically reliable would not result in the disclosure of performance results identifiable to information and reporting that information will not reveal personally identifiable information about an individual student), compared with the individual children. (II) Data relating to the performance of children described under achievement of all children, including children with disabilities, on those subclause (I) shall be disaggregated -assessments. (aa) for assessments conducted after July 1, 1998; and (bb) for assessments conducted before July 1, 1998, if the State is required to disaggregate such data prior to July 1, 1998. (E) UNIVERSAL DESIGN.--The State educational agency (or, in the case of a districtwide assessment, the local educational agency) shall, to the extent feasible, use universal design principles in developing and administering any assessments under this paragraph. (18) SUPPLEMENTATION OF STATE, LOCAL, AND OTHER FEDERAL (17) SUPPLEMENTATION OF STATE, LOCAL, AND OTHER FEDERAL **FUNDS-**FUNDS.--(A) EXPENDITURES- Funds paid to a State under this part will be (A) EXPENDITURES.--Funds paid to a State under this part will be expended in accordance with all the provisions of this part. expended in accordance with all the provisions of this part. (B) PROHIBITION AGAINST COMMINGLING- Funds paid to a State (B) PROHIBITION AGAINST COMMINGLING.--Funds paid to a State under this part will not be commingled with State funds. under this part will not be commingled with State funds. (C) PROHIBITION AGAINST SUPPLANTATION AND CONDITIONS (C) PROHIBITION AGAINST SUPPLANTATION AND CONDITIONS FOR FOR WAIVER BY SECRETARY- Except as provided in section 613, WAIVER BY SECRETARY.--Except as provided in section 613, funds paid funds paid to a State under this part will be used to supplement the level to a State under this part will be used to supplement the level of Federal, State, and local funds (including funds that are not under the direct control of Federal. State, and local funds (including funds that are not under the direct control of State or local educational agencies) expended for special of State or local educational agencies) expended for special education and related services provided to children with disabilities under this part and in education and related services provided to children with disabilities under this part and in no case to supplant such Federal, State, and local funds, no case to supplant such Federal, State, and local funds, except that, except that, where the State provides clear and convincing evidence that where the State provides clear and convincing evidence that all children all children with disabilities have available to them a free appropriate with disabilities have available to them a free appropriate public education, public education, the Secretary may waive, in whole or in part, the the Secretary may waive, in whole or in part, the requirements of this requirements of this subparagraph if the Secretary concurs with the subparagraph if the Secretary concurs with the evidence provided by the evidence provided by the State. State.

(18) MAINTENANCE OF STATE FINANCIAL SUPPORT-

(A) IN GENERAL- The State does not reduce the amount of State financial

(A) IN GENERAL.--The State does not reduce the amount of State

(19) Maintenance of state financial support.--

financial support for special education and related services for children with disabilities, or otherwise made available because of the excess costs of educating those children, below the amount of that support for the preceding fiscal year.

- (B) REDUCTION OF FUNDS FOR FAILURE TO MAINTAIN SUPPORT.-The Secretary shall reduce the allocation of funds under section 611 for
 any fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the State fails to comply
 with the requirement of subparagraph (A) by the same amount by which
 the State fails to meet the requirement.
- (C) WAIVERS FOR EXCEPTIONAL OR UNCONTROLLABLE CIRCUMSTANCES--The Secretary may waive the requirement of subparagraph (A) for a State, for one fiscal year at a time, if the Secretary determines that--
- (i) granting a waiver would be equitable due to exceptional or uncontrollable circumstances such as a natural disaster or a precipitous and unforeseen decline in the financial resources of the State; or
- (ii) the State meets the standard in paragraph (18)(C) of this section for a waiver of the requirement to supplement, and not to supplant, funds received under this part.
- (D) SUBSEQUENT YEARS.--If, for any year, a State fails to meet the requirement of subparagraph (A), including any year for which the State is granted a waiver under subparagraph (C), the financial support required of the State in future years under subparagraph (A) shall be the amount that would have been required in the absence of that failure and not the reduced level of the State's support.

(E) REGULATIONS--

- (i) The Secretary shall, by regulation, establish procedures (including objective criteria and consideration of the results of compliance reviews of the State conducted by the Secretary) for determining whether to grant a waiver under subparagraph (C)(ii).
- (ii) The Secretary shall publish proposed regulations under clause (i) not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997, and shall issue final regulations under clause (i) not later than 1 year after such date of enactment.

- support for special education and related services for children with disabilities, or otherwise made available because of the excess costs of educating those children, below the amount of that support for the preceding fiscal year.
- (B) REDUCTION OF FUNDS FOR FAILURE TO MAINTAIN SUPPORT-The Secretary shall reduce the allocation of funds under section 611 for any fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the State fails to comply with the requirement of subparagraph (A) by the same amount by which the State fails to meet the requirement.
- (C) WAIVERS FOR EXCEPTIONAL OR UNCONTROLLABLE CIRCUMSTANCES- The Secretary may waive the requirement of subparagraph (A) for a State, for 1 fiscal year at a time, if the Secretary determines that--
- (i) granting a waiver would be equitable due to exceptional or uncontrollable circumstances such as a natural disaster or a precipitous and unforeseen decline in the financial resources of the State; or
- (ii) the State meets the standard in paragraph (17)(C) for a waiver of the requirement to supplement, and not to supplant, funds received under this part.
- (D) SUBSEQUENT YEARS.--If, for any year, a State fails to meet the requirement of subparagraph (A), including any year for which the State is granted a waiver under subparagraph (C), the financial support required of the State in future years under subparagraph (A) shall be the amount that would have been required in the absence of that failure and not the reduced level of the State's support.

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(20) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION- Prior to the adoption of any policies and procedures needed to comply with this section (including any amendments to such policies and procedures), the State ensures that there are public hearings, adequate notice of the hearings, and an opportunity for comment available to the general public, including individuals with disabilities and parents of children with disabilities.

(19) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.--Prior to the adoption of any policies and procedures needed to comply with this section (including any amendments to such policies and procedures), the State ensures that there are public hearings, adequate notice of the hearings, and an opportunity for comment available to the general public, including individuals with disabilities and parents of children with disabilities.

(20) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.--In complying with paragraphs (17) and (18), a State may not use funds paid to it under this part to satisfy State-law mandated funding obligations to local educational agencies, including funding based on student attendance or enrollment, or inflation.

(21) STATE ADVISORY PANEL-

- (A) IN GENERAL- The State has established and maintains an advisory panel for the purpose of providing policy guidance with respect to special education and related services for children with disabilities in the State.
- (B) MEMBERSHIP- Such advisory panel shall consist of members appointed by the Governor, or any other official authorized under State law to make such appointments, that is representative of the State population and that is composed of individuals involved in, or concerned with, the education of children with disabilities, including --
 - (i) parents of children with disabilities;
 - (ii) individuals with disabilities;
 - (iii) teachers;
 - (iv) representatives of institutions of higher education that prepare special education and related services personnel;
 - (v) State and local education officials;
 - (vi) administrators of programs for children with disabilities;
 - (vii) representatives of other State agencies involved in the financing or delivery of related services to children with disabilities;
 - (viii) representatives of private schools and public charter schools;
 - (ix) at least one representative of a vocational, community, or business organization concerned with the provision of transition services to

(21) STATE ADVISORY PANEL.--

- (A) IN GENERAL.--The State has established and maintains an advisory panel for the purpose of providing policy guidance with respect to special education and related services for children with disabilities in the State.
- (B) MEMBERSHIP.--Such advisory panel shall consist of members appointed by the Governor, or any other official authorized under State law to make such appointments, be representative of the State population, and be composed of individuals involved in, or concerned with, the education of children with disabilities, including—
- (i) parents of children with disabilities (ages birth through 26);
- (ii) individuals with disabilities;
- (iii) teachers;
- (iv) representatives of institutions of higher education that prepare special education and related services personnel;
- (v) State and local education officials, including officials who carry out activities under subtitle B of title VII of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11431 et seq.);
- (vi) administrators of programs for children with disabilities;
- (vii) representatives of other State agencies involved in the financing or delivery of related services to children with disabilities;
- (viii) representatives of private schools and public charter schools;
- (ix) **not less than 1** representative of a vocational, community, or business organization concerned with the provision of transition services to children

H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress IDEA '97 – P.L. 105-17 children with disabilities: and with disabilities: (x) a representative from the State child welfare agency responsible for foster care: and (x) representatives from the State juvenile and adult corrections (xi) representatives from the State juvenile and adult corrections agencies. agencies. (C) SPECIAL RULE- A majority of the members of the panel shall be (C) SPECIAL RULE.--A majority of the members of the panel shall be individuals with disabilities or parents of children with disabilities. individuals with disabilities or parents of children with disabilities (ages birth through 26). (D) DUTIES .-- The advisory panel shall--(D) DUTIES- The advisory panel shall --(i) advise the State educational agency of unmet needs within the State (i) advise the State educational agency of unmet needs within the State in in the education of children with disabilities; the education of children with disabilities; (ii) comment publicly on any rules or regulations proposed by the State (ii) comment publicly on any rules or regulations proposed by the State regarding the education of children with disabilities; regarding the education of children with disabilities; (iii) advise the State educational agency in developing evaluations and (iii) advise the State educational agency in developing evaluations and reporting on data to the Secretary under section 618: reporting on data to the Secretary under section 618; (iv) advise the State educational agency in developing corrective action (iv) advise the State educational agency in developing corrective action plans to address findings identified in Federal monitoring reports under plans to address findings identified in Federal monitoring reports under this part; and this part; and (v) advise the State educational agency in (v) advise the State educational agency in developing developing and implementing policies relating and implementing policies relating to the coordination of to the coordination of services for children services for children with disabilities. with disabilities. (22) SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION RATES-(22) SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION RATES.--(A) IN GENERAL- The State educational agency examines data to (A) IN GENERAL.--The State educational agency examines data, including data disaggregated by race and ethnicity, to determine if significant determine if significant discrepancies are occurring in the rate of long-term suspensions and expulsions of children with disabilities discrepancies are occurring in the rate of long-term suspensions and (i) among local educational agencies in the State; or expulsions of children with disabilities--(ii) compared to such rates for nondisabled children within such (i) among local educational agencies in the State; or (ii) compared to such rates for nondisabled children within such agencies. agencies.

(B) REVIEW AND REVISION OF POLICIES- If such discrepancies are

revise) its policies, procedures, and practices relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, the use of behavioral interventions, and

occurring, the State educational agency reviews and, if appropriate,

revises (or requires the affected State or local educational agency to

procedural safeguards, to ensure that such policies, procedures, and

(B) REVIEW AND REVISION OF POLICIES.--If such discrepancies are

(or requires the affected State or local educational agency to revise) its policies, procedures, and practices relating to the development and

implementation of IEPs, the use of positive behavioral interventions and

supports, and procedural safeguards, to ensure that such policies.

occurring, the State educational agency reviews and, if appropriate, revises

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practices comply with this Act.	procedures, and practices comply with this title. (23) ACCESS TO INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (A) IN GENERALThe State adopts the National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard for the purposes of providing instructional materials to blind persons or other persons with print disabilities, in a timely manner after the publication of the National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard in the Federal Register. (B) RIGHTS OF STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCYNothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require any State educational agency to coordinate with the National Instructional Materials Access Center. If a State educational agency chooses not to coordinate with the National Instructional Materials Access Center, such agency shall provide an assurance to the Secretary that the agency will provide instructional materials to blind persons or other persons with print disabilities in a timely manner. (C) PREPARATION AND DELIVERY OF FILESIf a State educational agency chooses to coordinate with the National Instructional Materials Access Center, not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, the agency, as part of any print instructional materials adoption process, procurement contract, or other practice or instrument used for purchase of print instructional materials, shall enter into a written contract with the publisher of the print instructional materials to (i) require the publisher to prepare and, on or before delivery of the print instructional materials, provide to the National Instructional Materials Access Center electronic files containing the contents of the print instructional materials using the National Instructional Materials Access Denter electronic files containing the contents of the print instructional materials using the National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard; or (ii) purchase instructional materials from the publisher that are produced in, or may be rendered in, specialized form

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	 (iii) SPECIALIZED FORMATSThe term `specialized formats' has the meaning given the term in section 674(e)(3)(D). (24) OVERIDENTIFICATION AND DISPROPORTIONALITYThe State has in effect, consistent with the purposes of this title and with section 618(d), policies and procedures designed to prevent the inappropriate overidentification or disproportionate representation by race and ethnicity of children as children with disabilities, including children with disabilities with a particular impairment described in section 602. (25) PROHIBITION ON MANDATORY MEDICATION (A) IN GENERALThe State educational agency shall prohibit State and local educational agency personnel from requiring a child to obtain a prescription for a substance covered by the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) as a condition of attending school, receiving an evaluation under subsection (a) or (c) of section 614, or receiving services under this title. (B) RULE OF CONSTRUCTIONNothing in subparagraph (A) shall be construed to create a Federal prohibition against teachers and other school personnel consulting or sharing classroom-based observations with parents or guardians regarding a student's academic and functional performance, or behavior in the classroom or school, or regarding the need for evaluation for special education or related services under paragraph (3).
(b) STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY AS PROVIDER OF FREE APPROPRIATE PUBLIC EDUCATION OR DIRECT SERVICES- If the State educational agency provides free appropriate public education to children with disabilities, or provides direct services to such children, such agency (1) shall comply with any additional requirements of section 613(a), as if such agency were a local educational agency; and (2) may use amounts that are otherwise available to such agency under this part to serve those children without regard to section 613(a)(2)(A)(i) (relating to excess costs).	(b) STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY AS PROVIDER OF FREE APPROPRIATE PUBLIC EDUCATION OR DIRECT SERVICESIf the State educational agency provides free appropriate public education to children with disabilities, or provides direct services to such children, such agency (1) shall comply with any additional requirements of section 613(a), as if such agency were a local educational agency; and (2) may use amounts that are otherwise available to such agency under this part to serve those children without regard to section 613(a)(2)(A)(i) (relating to excess costs).
(c) EXCEPTION FOR PRIOR STATE PLANS- (1) IN GENERAL- If a State has on file with the Secretary policies and procedures that demonstrate that such State meets any requirement of subsection (a), including any policies and procedures filed under this part as in effect before the effective date of the <i>Individuals with Disabilities</i> Education Act Amendments of 1997, the Secretary shall consider such State to have met such requirement for purposes of receiving a grant under	(c) EXCEPTION FOR PRIOR STATE PLANS (1) IN GENERALIf a State has on file with the Secretary policies and procedures that demonstrate that such State meets any requirement of subsection (a), including any policies and procedures filed under this part as in effect before the effective date of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, the Secretary shall consider such State to have met such requirement for purposes of receiving a grant under this part.

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this part.

- (2) MODIFICATIONS MADE BY STATE- Subject to paragraph (3), an application submitted by a State in accordance with this section shall remain in effect until the State submits to the Secretary such modifications as the State deems necessary. This section shall apply to a modification to an application to the same extent and in the same manner as this section applies to the original plan.
- (3) MODIFICATIONS REQUIRED BY THE SECRETARY- If, after the effective date of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997, the provisions of this Act are amended (or the regulations developed to carry out this Act are amended), or there is a new interpretation of this Act by a Federal court or a State's highest court, or there is an official finding of noncompliance with Federal law or regulations, the Secretary may require a State to modify its application only to the extent necessary to ensure the State's compliance with this part.
- (d) APPROVAL BY THE SECRETARY-
 - (1) IN GENERAL- If the Secretary determines that a State is eligible to receive a grant under this part, the Secretary shall notify the State of that determination.
 - (2) NOTICE AND HEARING- The Secretary shall not make a final determination that a State is not eligible to receive a grant under this part until after providing the State --
 - (A) with reasonable notice; and
 - (B) with an opportunity for a hearing.
- (e) ASSISTANCE UNDER OTHER FEDERAL PROGRAMS- Nothing in this title permits a State to reduce medical and other assistance available, or to alter eligibility, under titles V and XIX of the Social Security Act with respect to the provision of a free appropriate public education for children with disabilities in the State.
- (f) BY-PASS FOR CHILDREN IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS-
 - (1) IN GENERAL- If, on the date of enactment of the Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983, a State educational agency is prohibited by law from providing for the participation in special programs of

- (2) MODIFICATIONS MADE BY STATE.--Subject to paragraph (3), an application submitted by a State in accordance with this section shall remain in effect until the State submits to the Secretary such modifications as the State **determines** necessary. This section shall apply to a modification to an application to the same extent and in the same manner as this section applies to the original plan.
- (3) MODIFICATIONS REQUIRED BY THE SECRETARY.--If, after the effective date of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, the provisions of this title are amended (or the regulations developed to carry out this title are amended), there is a new interpretation of this title by a Federal court or a State's highest court, or there is an official finding of noncompliance with Federal law or regulations, then the Secretary may require a State to modify its application only to the extent necessary to ensure the State's compliance with this part.
- (d) APPROVAL BY THE SECRETARY .--
- (1) IN GENERAL.--If the Secretary determines that a State is eligible to receive a grant under this part, the Secretary shall notify the State of that determination.
- (2) NOTICE AND HEARING.--The Secretary shall not make a final determination that a State is not eligible to receive a grant under this part until after providing the State--
 - (A) with reasonable notice; and
 - (B) with an opportunity for a hearing.
- (e) ASSISTANCE UNDER OTHER FEDERAL PROGRAMS.--Nothing in this title permits a State to reduce medical and other assistance available, or to alter eligibility, under titles V and XIX of the Social Security Act with respect to the provision of a free appropriate public education for children with disabilities in the State.
- (f) BY-PASS FOR CHILDREN IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS.--
 - (1) IN GENERAL.--If, on the date of enactment of the Education of the Handicapped Act Amendments of 1983, a State educational agency was prohibited by law from providing for the **equitable** participation in special

children with disabilities enrolled in private elementary and secondary schools as required by subsection (a)(10)(A), the Secretary shall, notwithstanding such provision of law, arrange for the provision of services to such children through arrangements which shall be subject to the requirements of such subsection.

(2) PAYMENTS-

- (A) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNTS- If the Secretary arranges for services pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary, after consultation with the appropriate public and private school officials, shall pay to the provider of such services for a fiscal year an amount per child that does not exceed the amount determined by dividing --
 - (i) the total amount received by the State under this part for such fiscal year; by
 - (ii) the number of children with disabilities served in the prior year, as reported to the Secretary by the State under section 618.
- (B) WITHHOLDING OF CERTAIN AMOUNTS- Pending final resolution of any investigation or complaint that could result in a determination under this subsection, the Secretary may withhold from the allocation of the affected State educational agency the amount the Secretary estimates would be necessary to pay the cost of services described in subparagraph (A).
- (C) PERIOD OF PAYMENTS- The period under which payments are made under subparagraph (A) shall continue until the Secretary determines that there will no longer be any failure or inability on the part of the State educational agency to meet the requirements of subsection (a)(10)(A).

(3) NOTICE AND HEARING-

- (A) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall not take any final action under this subsection until the State educational agency affected by such action has had an opportunity, for at least 45 days after receiving written notice thereof, to submit written objections and to appear before the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to show cause why such action should not be taken.
- (B) REVIEW OF ACTION- If a State educational agency is dissatisfied

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programs of children with disabilities enrolled in private elementary schools and secondary schools as required by subsection (a)(10)(A), or if the Secretary determines that a State educational agency, local educational agency, or other entity has substantially failed or is unwilling to provide for such equitable participation, then the Secretary shall, notwithstanding such provision of law, arrange for the provision of services to such children through arrangements that shall be subject to the requirements of such subsection.

(2) PAYMENTS.--

- (A) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNTS.--If the Secretary arranges for services pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary, after consultation with the appropriate public and private school officials, shall pay to the provider of such services for a fiscal year an amount per child that does not exceed the amount determined by dividing--
 - (i) the total amount received by the State under this part for such fiscal year; by
 - (ii) the number of children with disabilities served in the prior year, as reported to the Secretary by the State under section 618.
- (B) WITHHOLDING OF CERTAIN AMOUNTS.--Pending final resolution of any investigation or complaint that **may** result in a determination under this subsection, the Secretary may withhold from the allocation of the affected State educational agency the amount the Secretary estimates **will** be necessary to pay the cost of services described in subparagraph (A).
- (C) PERIOD OF PAYMENTS.--The period under which payments are made under subparagraph (A) shall continue until the Secretary determines that there will no longer be any failure or inability on the part of the State educational agency to meet the requirements of subsection (a)(10)(A).

(3) NOTICE AND HEARING .--

- (A) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary shall not take any final action under this subsection until the State educational agency affected by such action has had an opportunity, for **not less** than 45 days after receiving written notice thereof, to submit written objections and to appear before the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to show cause why such action should not be taken.
- (B) REVIEW OF ACTION .-- If a State educational agency is dissatisfied with

with the Secretary's final action after a proceeding under subparagraph (A), such agency may, not later than 60 days after notice of such action, file with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such State is located a petition for review of that action. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Secretary. The Secretary thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which the Secretary based the Secretary's action, as provided in section 2112 of title 28, United States Code.

- (C) REVIEW OF FINDINGS OF FACT- The findings of fact by the Secretary, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive, but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Secretary to take further evidence, and the Secretary may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify the Secretary's previous action, and shall file in the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.
- (D) JURISDICTION OF COURT OF APPEALS; REVIEW BY UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT- Upon the filing of a petition under subparagraph (B), the United States court of appeals shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Secretary or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code.

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the Secretary's final action after a proceeding under subparagraph (A), such agency may, not later than 60 days after notice of such action, file with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such State is located a petition for review of that action. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Secretary. The Secretary thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which the Secretary based the Secretary's action, as provided in section 2112 of title 28, United States Code.

- (C) REVIEW OF FINDINGS OF FACT.--The findings of fact by the Secretary, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive, but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Secretary to take further evidence, and the Secretary may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify the Secretary's previous action, and shall file in the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.
- (D) JURISDICTION OF COURT OF APPEALS; REVIEW BY UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.--Upon the filing of a petition under subparagraph (B), the United States court of appeals shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Secretary or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code.

Comparison of IDEA '97 to H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress – November 19, 2004

IDEA '97 – P.L. 105-17	H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress
SEC. 613. LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY ELIGIBILITY. (a) IN GENERAL- A local educational agency is eligible for assistance under this part for a fiscal year if such agency demonstrates to the satisfaction of the State educational agency that it meets each of the following conditions: (1) CONSISTENCY WITH STATE POLICIES- The local educational agency, in providing for the education of children with disabilities within its jurisdiction, has in effect policies, procedures, and programs that are consistent with the State policies and procedures established under section 612.	SEC. 613. LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY ELIGIBILITY. (a) IN GENERALA local educational agency is eligible for assistance under this part for a fiscal year if such agency submits a plan that provides assurances to the State educational agency that the local educational agency meets each of the following conditions: (1) CONSISTENCY WITH STATE POLICIESThe local educational agency, in providing for the education of children with disabilities within its jurisdiction, has in effect policies, procedures, and programs that are consistent with the State policies and procedures established under section 612.
 (2) USE OF AMOUNTS- (A) IN GENERAL- Amounts provided to the local educational agency under this part shall be expended in accordance with the applicable provisions of this part and (i) shall be used only to pay the excess costs of providing special education and related services to children with disabilities; (ii) shall be used to supplement State, local, and other Federal funds and not to supplant such funds; and (iii) shall not be used, except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), to reduce the level of expenditures for the education of children with disabilities made by the local educational agency from local funds below the level of those expenditures for the preceding fiscal year. 	(2) USE OF AMOUNTS (A) IN GENERALAmounts provided to the local educational agency under this part shall be expended in accordance with the applicable provisions of this part and (i) shall be used only to pay the excess costs of providing special education and related services to children with disabilities; (ii) shall be used to supplement State, local, and other Federal funds and not to supplant such funds; and (iii) shall not be used, except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), to reduce the level of expenditures for the education of children with disabilities made by the local educational agency from local funds below the level of those expenditures for the preceding fiscal year.
 (B) EXCEPTION- Notwithstanding the restriction in subparagraph (A)(iii), a local educational agency may reduce the level of expenditures where such reduction is attributable to (i) the voluntary departure, by retirement or otherwise, or departure for just cause, of special education personnel; (ii) a decrease in the enrollment of children with disabilities; (iii) the termination of the obligation of the agency, consistent with this part, to provide a program of special education to a particular child with a disability that is an exceptionally costly program, as determined by the State educational agency, because the child (I) has left the jurisdiction of the agency; 	 (B) EXCEPTIONNotwithstanding the restriction in subparagraph (A)(iii), a local educational agency may reduce the level of expenditures where such reduction is attributable to (i) the voluntary departure, by retirement or otherwise, or departure for just cause, of special education personnel; (ii) a decrease in the enrollment of children with disabilities; (iii) the termination of the obligation of the agency, consistent with this part, to provide a program of special education to a particular child with a disability that is an exceptionally costly program, as determined by the State educational agency, because the child (I) has left the jurisdiction of the agency;

IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress (II) has reached the age at which the obligation of the agency to (II) has reached the age at which the obligation of the agency to provide a free appropriate public education to the child has provide a free appropriate public education to the child has terminated; or terminated; or (III) no longer needs such program of special education; or (III) no longer needs such program of special education; or (iv) the termination of costly expenditures for long-term purchases. (iv) the termination of costly expenditures for long-term purchases. such as the acquisition of equipment or the construction of school such as the acquisition of equipment or the construction of school facilities. facilities. (C) TREATMENT OF FEDERAL FUNDS IN CERTAIN FISCAL (C) ADJUSTMENT TO LOCAL FISCAL EFFORT IN CERTAIN FISCAL YEARS-YEARS.--(i) Notwithstanding clauses (ii) and (iii) of subparagraph (A), for any fiscal year for which amounts appropriated to carry out section 611 exceeds \$4,100,000,000, a local educational agency may treat as local funds, for the purpose of such clauses, up to 20 percent of the amount of funds it receives under this part that exceeds the amount it received under this part for the previous fiscal year. (ii) Notwithstanding clause (i), if a State educational agency determines that a local educational agency is not meeting the requirements of this part, the State educational agency may prohibit the local educational agency from treating funds received under this part as local funds under clause (i) for any fiscal year, only if it is authorized to do so by the State constitution or a State statute. (i) AMOUNTS IN EXCESS.--Notwithstanding clauses (ii) and (iii) of subparagraph (A), for any fiscal year for which the allocation received by a local educational agency under section 611(f) exceeds the amount the local educational agency received for the previous fiscal year, the local educational agency may reduce the level of expenditures otherwise required by subparagraph (A)(iii) by not more than 50 percent of the amount of such excess. (ii) USE OF AMOUNTS TO CARRY OUT ACTIVITIES UNDER ESEA.--If a local educational agency exercises the authority under clause (i), the agency shall use an amount of local funds equal to the reduction in expenditures under clause (i) to carry out activities authorized under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. (iii) STATE PROHIBITION.--Notwithstanding clause (i), if a State educational agency determines that a local educational agency is unable to establish and maintain programs of free appropriate public education that meet the requirements of subsection (a) or the State educational agency has taken action against the local educational agency under

section 616, the State educational agency shall prohibit the local

IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress educational agency from reducing the level of expenditures under clause (i) for that fiscal year. (iv) SPECIAL RULE.--The amount of funds expended by a local educational agency under subsection (f) shall count toward the maximum amount of expenditures such local educational agency may reduce under clause (i). (D) SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAMS UNDER TITLE I OF THE ESEA-(D) SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAMS UNDER TITLE I OF THE ESEA.--Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) or any other provision of this part, a Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) or any other provision of this part, a local educational agency may use funds received under this part for any local educational agency may use funds received under this part for any fiscal year to carry out a schoolwide program under section 1114 of the fiscal year to carry out a schoolwide program under section 1114 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, except that the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, except that the amount so used in any such program shall not exceed -amount so used in any such program shall not exceed--(i) the number of children with disabilities participating in the schoolwide program; multiplied by (i) the number of children with disabilities participating in the (ii)(I) the amount received by the local educational agency under this schoolwide program; multiplied by part for that fiscal year; divided by (ii)(I) the amount received by the local educational agency under this (II) the number of children with disabilities in the jurisdiction of that part for that fiscal year; divided by agency. (II) the number of children with disabilities in the jurisdiction of that agency. (3) PERSONNEL DEVELOPMENT- The local educational agency --(3) PERSONNEL DEVELOPMENT.--The local educational agency shall (A) shall ensure that all personnel necessary to carry out this part are ensure that all personnel necessary to carry out this part are appropriately appropriately and adequately prepared, consistent with the and adequately prepared, subject to the requirements of section 612(a)(14) requirements of section 653(c)(3)(D); and and section 2122 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. (B) to the extent such agency determines appropriate, shall contribute to and use the comprehensive system of personnel development of the State established under section 612(a)(14). (4) PERMISSIVE USE OF FUNDS- Notwithstanding paragraph (2)(A) or (4) PERMISSIVE USE OF FUNDS .-section 612(a)(18)(B) (relating to commingled funds), funds provided to (A) USES.--Notwithstanding paragraph (2)(A) or section 612(a)(17)(B) the local educational agency under this part may be used for the (relating to commingled funds), funds provided to the local educational following activities: agency under this part may be used for the following activities: (A) SERVICES AND AIDS THAT ALSO BENEFIT NONDISABLED (i) SERVICES AND AIDS THAT ALSO BENEFIT NONDISABLED CHILDREN- For the costs of special education and related services CHILDREN.--For the costs of special education and related services, and supplementary aids and services provided in a regular class or and supplementary aids and services, provided in a regular class or

other education-related setting to a child with a disability in

accordance with the individualized education program of the child,

even if one or more nondisabled children benefit from such services.

other education-related setting to a child with a disability in

accordance with the individualized education program of the child,

even if 1 or more nondisabled children benefit from such services. (ii) EARLY INTERVENING SERVICES.—To develop and implement

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(B) INTEGRATED AND COORDINATED SERVICES SYSTEM- To develop and implement a fully integrated and coordinated services system in accordance with subsection (f).	coordinated, early intervening educational services in accordance with subsection (f). (iii) HIGH COST EDUCATION AND RELATED SERVICESTo establish and implement cost or risk sharing funds, consortia, or cooperatives for the local educational agency itself, or for local educational agencies working in a consortium of which the local educational agency is a part, to pay for high cost special education and related services.
	(B) ADMINISTRATIVE CASE MANAGEMENTA local educational agency may use funds received under this part to purchase appropriate technology for recordkeeping, data collection, and related case management activities of teachers and related services personnel providing services described in the individualized education program of children with disabilities, that is needed for the implementation of such case management activities.
(5) TREATMENT OF CHARTER SCHOOLS AND THEIR STUDENTS-In carrying out this part with respect to charter schools that are public schools of the local educational agency, the local educational agency (A) serves children with disabilities attending those schools in the same manner as it serves children with disabilities in its other schools; and (B) provides funds under this part to those schools in the same manner as it provides those funds to its other schools.	 (5) TREATMENT OF CHARTER SCHOOLS AND THEIR STUDENTSIn carrying out this part with respect to charter schools that are public schools of the local educational agency, the local educational agency (A) serves children with disabilities attending those charter schools in the same manner as the local educational agency serves children with disabilities in its other schools, including providing supplementary and related services on site at the charter school to the same extent to which the local educational agency has a policy or practice of providing such services on the site to its other public schools; and (B) provides funds under this part to those charter schools (i) on the same basis as the local educational agency provides funds to the local educational agency's other public schools, including proportional distribution based on relative enrollment of children with disabilities; and (ii) at the same time as the agency distributes other Federal funds to the agency's other public schools, consistent with the State's charter school law. (6) PURCHASE OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (A) IN GENERALNot later than 2 years after the date of enactment of the
	Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, a local educational agency that chooses to coordinate with the National

IDEA '97 – P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress Instructional Materials Access Center, when purchasing print instructional materials, shall acquire the print instructional materials in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as a State educational agency acquires print instructional materials under section 612(a)(23). (B) RIGHTS OF LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY .-- Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require a local educational agency to coordinate with the National Instructional Materials Access Center. If a local educational agency chooses not to coordinate with the National Instructional Materials Access Center, the local educational agency shall provide an assurance to the State educational agency that the local educational agency will provide instructional materials to blind persons or other persons with print disabilities in a timely manner. (7) INFORMATION FOR STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.--The local (6) INFORMATION FOR STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY- The local educational agency shall provide the State educational agency with educational agency shall provide the State educational agency with information necessary to enable the State educational agency to carry out information necessary to enable the State educational agency to carry its duties under this part, including, with respect to paragraphs (15) and out its duties under this part, including, with respect to paragraphs (16) (16) of section 612(a), information relating to the performance of children and (17) of section 612(a), information relating to the performance of with disabilities participating in programs carried out under this part. children with disabilities participating in programs carried out under this part. (8) PUBLIC INFORMATION.--The local educational agency shall make (7) PUBLIC INFORMATION- The local educational agency shall make available to parents of children with disabilities and to the general public all available to parents of children with disabilities and to the general public documents relating to the eligibility of such agency under this part. all documents relating to the eligibility of such agency under this part. (9) RECORDS REGARDING MIGRATORY CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES.--The local educational agency shall cooperate in the Secretary's efforts under section 1308 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to ensure the linkage of records pertaining to migratory children with a disability for the purpose of electronically exchanging, among the States, health and educational information regarding such children. (b) EXCEPTION FOR PRIOR LOCAL PLANS-(b) EXCEPTION FOR PRIOR LOCAL PLANS.--(1) IN GENERAL- If a local educational agency or State agency has on (1) IN GENERAL.--If a local educational agency or State agency has on file with the State educational agency policies and procedures that file with the State educational agency policies and procedures that demonstrate that such local educational agency, or such State agency, demonstrate that such local educational agency, or such State agency, as as the case may be, meets any requirement of subsection (a), including the case may be, meets any requirement of subsection (a), including any any policies and procedures filed under this part as in effect before the policies and procedures filed under this part as in effect before the effective date of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act effective date of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, the State educational agency shall consider such local Amendments of 1997, the State educational agency shall consider such local educational agency or State agency, as the case may be, to have educational agency or State agency, as the case may be, to have met met such requirement for purposes of receiving assistance under this such requirement for purposes of receiving assistance under this part.

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- (2) MODIFICATION MADE BY LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY-Subject to paragraph (3), an application submitted by a local educational agency in accordance with this section shall remain in effect until it submits to the State educational agency such modifications as the local educational agency deems necessary.
- (3) MODIFICATIONS REQUIRED BY STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY- If, after the effective date of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997, the provisions of this Act are amended (or the regulations developed to carry out this Act are amended), or there is a new interpretation of this Act by Federal or State courts, or there is an official finding of noncompliance with Federal or State law or regulations, the State educational agency may require a local educational agency to modify its application only to the extent necessary to ensure the local educational agency's compliance with this part or State law.
- (c) NOTIFICATION OF LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY OR STATE AGENCY IN CASE OF INELIGIBILITY- If the State educational agency determines that a local educational agency or State agency is not eligible under this section, the State educational agency shall notify the local educational agency or State agency, as the case may be, of that determination and shall provide such local educational agency or State agency with reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing.
- (d) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY COMPLIANCE-
 - (1) IN GENERAL- If the State educational agency, after reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing, finds that a local educational agency or State agency that has been determined to be eligible under this section is failing to comply with any requirement described in subsection (a), the State educational agency shall reduce or shall not provide any further payments to the local educational agency or State agency until the State educational agency is satisfied that the local educational agency or State agency, as the case may be, is complying with that requirement.
 - (2) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT- Any State agency or local educational agency in receipt of a notice described in paragraph (1) shall, by means of public notice, take such measures as may be necessary to bring the pendency of an action pursuant to this subsection

- (2) MODIFICATION MADE BY LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.-Subject to paragraph (3), an application submitted by a local educational
 agency in accordance with this section shall remain in effect until the local
 educational agency submits to the State educational agency such
 modifications as the local educational agency determines necessary.
 (3) MODIFICATIONS REQUIRED BY STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.-If, after the effective date of the Individuals with Disabilities Education
 Improvement Act of 2004, the provisions of this title are amended (or the
 regulations developed to carry out this title are amended), there is a new
 interpretation of this title by Federal or State courts, or there is an official
 finding of noncompliance with Federal or State law or regulations, then the
 State educational agency may require a local educational agency to
 modify its application only to the extent necessary to ensure the local
 educational agency's compliance with this part or State law.
- (c) NOTIFICATION OF LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY OR STATE AGENCY IN CASE OF INELIGIBILITY.--If the State educational agency determines that a local educational agency or State agency is not eligible under this section, then the State educational agency shall notify the local educational agency or State agency, as the case may be, of that determination and shall provide such local educational agency or State agency with reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing.
- (d) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY COMPLIANCE .--
- (1) IN GENERAL.--If the State educational agency, after reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing, finds that a local educational agency or State agency that has been determined to be eligible under this section is failing to comply with any requirement described in subsection (a), the State educational agency shall reduce or shall not provide any further payments to the local educational agency or State agency until the State educational agency is satisfied that the local educational agency or State agency, as the case may be, is complying with that requirement.
- (2) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT.--Any State agency or local educational agency in receipt of a notice described in paragraph (1) shall, by means of public notice, take such measures as may be necessary to bring the pendency of an action pursuant to this subsection to the attention of the

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to the attention of the public within the jurisdiction of such agency. (3) CONSIDERATION- In carrying out its responsibilities under paragraph (1), the State educational agency shall consider any decision made in a hearing held under section 615 that is adverse to the local educational agency or State agency involved in that decision.

(e) JOINT ESTABLISHMENT OF ELIGIBILITY-

- (1) JOINT ESTABLISHMENT-
 - (A) IN GENERAL- A State educational agency may require a local educational agency to establish its eligibility jointly with another local educational agency if the State educational agency determines that the local educational agency would be ineligible under this section because the local educational agency would not be able to establish and maintain programs of sufficient size and scope to effectively meet the needs of children with disabilities.
 - (B) CHARTER SCHOOL EXCEPTION- A State educational agency may not require a charter school that is a local educational agency to jointly establish its eligibility under subparagraph (A) unless it is explicitly permitted to do so under the State's charter school statute.
- (2) AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS- If a State educational agency requires the joint establishment of eligibility under paragraph (1), the total amount of funds made available to the affected local educational agencies shall be equal to the sum of the payments that each such local educational agency would have received under section 611(g) if such agencies were eligible for such payments.
- (3) REQUIREMENTS- Local educational agencies that establish joint eligibility under this subsection shall --
 - (A) adopt policies and procedures that are consistent with the State's policies and procedures under section 612(a); and
 - (B) be jointly responsible for implementing programs that receive assistance under this part.
- (4) REQUIREMENTS FOR EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCIES-(A) IN GENERAL- If an educational service agency is required by State law to carry out programs under this part, the joint responsibilities given to local educational agencies under this subsection shall --

public within the jurisdiction of such agency.

- (3) CONSIDERATION.--In carrying out its responsibilities under paragraph (1), the State educational agency shall consider any decision made in a hearing held under section 615 that is adverse to the local educational
- (e) JOINT ESTABLISHMENT OF ELIGIBILITY .--

agency or State agency involved in that decision.

- (1) JOINT ESTABLISHMENT.--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--A State educational agency may require a local educational agency to establish its eligibility jointly with another local educational agency if the State educational agency determines that the local educational agency will be ineligible under this section because the local educational agency will not be able to establish and maintain programs of sufficient size and scope to effectively meet the needs of children with disabilities.
 - (B) CHARTER SCHOOL EXCEPTION.--A State educational agency may not require a charter school that is a local educational agency to jointly establish its eligibility under subparagraph (A) unless **the charter school** is explicitly permitted to do so under the State's charter school law.
- (2) AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS.--If a State educational agency requires the joint establishment of eligibility under paragraph (1), the total amount of funds made available to the affected local educational agencies shall be equal to the sum of the payments that each such local educational agency would have received under section 611(f) if such agencies were eligible for such payments.
- (3) REQUIREMENTS.--Local educational agencies that establish joint eligibility under this subsection shall--
 - (A) adopt policies and procedures that are consistent with the State's policies and procedures under section 612(a); and
 - (B) be jointly responsible for implementing programs that receive assistance under this part.
- (4) REQUIREMENTS FOR EDUCATIONAL SERVICE AGENCIES .--
- (A) IN GENERAL.--If an educational service agency is required by State law to carry out programs under this part, the joint responsibilities given to local educational agencies under this subsection shall--

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(i) not apply to the administration and disbursement of any payments received by that educational service agency; and (ii) be carried out only by that educational service agency.	 (i) not apply to the administration and disbursement of any payments received by that educational service agency; and (ii) be carried out only by that educational service agency. (B) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTNotwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, an educational service agency shall provide for the education of children with disabilities in the least restrictive environment, as required by section 612(a)(5).
	(f) EARLY INTERVENING SERVICES.— (1) IN GENERAL.—A local educational agency may not use more than 15 percent of the amount such agency receives under this part for any fiscal year, less any amount reduced by the agency pursuant to subsection (a)(2)(C), if any, in combination with other amounts (which may include amounts other than education funds), to develop and implement coordinated, early intervening services, which may include interagency financing structures, for students in kindergarten through grade 12 (with a particular emphasis on students in kindergarten through grade 3) who have not been identified as needing special education or related services but who need additional academic and behavioral support to succeed in a general education environment. (2) ACTIVITIES.—In implementing coordinated, early intervening services under this subsection, a local educational agency may carry out activities that include— (A) professional development (which may be provided by entities other than local educational agencies) for teachers and other school staff to enable such personnel to deliver scientifically based academic instruction and behavioral interventions, including scientifically based literacy instruction, and, where appropriate, instruction on the use of adaptive and instructional software; and (B) providing educational and behavioral evaluations, services, and supports, including scientifically based literacy instruction. (3) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit or create a right to a free appropriate public education under this part. (4) REPORTING.—Each local educational agency that develops and maintains coordinated, early intervening services under this subsection shall annually report to the State educational agency on— (A) the number of students served under this subsection; and (B) the number of students served under this subsection who subsequently receive special education and related services under this title during the preceding 2-year period. (5) COORDINA

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	used to carry out coordinated, early intervening services aligned with activities funded by, and carried out under, the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 if such funds are used to supplement, and not supplant, funds made available under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 for the activities and services assisted under this subsection.
	(g) DIRECT SERVICES BY THE STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY (1) IN GENERALA State educational agency shall use the payments that would otherwise have been available to a local educational agency or to a State agency to provide special education and related services directly to children with disabilities residing in the area served by that local educational agency, or for whom that State agency is responsible, if the State educational agency determines that the local educational agency or State agency, as the case may be (A) has not provided the information needed to establish the eligibility of such local educational agency or State agency under this section; (B) is unable to establish and maintain programs of free appropriate public education that meet the requirements of subsection (a); (C) is unable or unwilling to be consolidated with 1 or more local educational agencies in order to establish and maintain such programs; or (D) has 1 or more children with disabilities who can best be served by a regional or State program or service delivery system designed to meet the needs of such children. (2) MANNER AND LOCATION OF EDUCATION AND SERVICESThe State educational agency may provide special education and related services under paragraph (1) in such manner and at such locations (including regional or State centers) as the State educational agency considers appropriate. Such education and services shall be provided in accordance with this part.
	(h) STATE AGENCY ELIGIBILITYAny State agency that desires to receive a subgrant for any fiscal year under section 611(f) shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the State educational agency that (1) all children with disabilities who are participating in programs and projects funded under this part receive a free appropriate public education, and that those children and their parents are provided all the rights and procedural safeguards described in this part; and

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IDLA 31 - 1 .L. 103-11	(2) the agency meets such other conditions of this section as the Secretary determines to be appropriate. (i) DISCIPLINARY INFORMATIONThe State may require that a local educational agency include in the records of a child with a disability a statement of any current or previous disciplinary action that has been taken against the child and transmit such statement to the same extent that such disciplinary information is included in, and transmitted with, the student records of nondisabled children. The statement may include a description of any behavior engaged in by the child that required disciplinary action, a
(B) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT- Notwithstanding any other	description of the disciplinary action taken, and any other information that is relevant to the safety of the child and other individuals involved with the child. If the State adopts such a policy, and the child transfers from 1 school to another, the transmission of any of the child's records shall include both the child's current individualized education program and any such statement of current or previous disciplinary action that has been taken against the child.
provision of this subsection, an educational service agency shall provide for the education of children with disabilities in the least restrictive environment, as required by section 612(a)(5).	
 (f) COORDINATED SERVICES SYSTEM- (1) IN GENERAL- A local educational agency may not use more than 5 percent of the amount such agency receives under this part for any fiscal year, in combination with other amounts (which shall include amounts other than education funds), to develop and implement a coordinated services system designed to improve results for children and families, including children with disabilities and their families. (2) ACTIVITIES- In implementing a coordinated services system under this subsection, a local educational agency may carry out activities that include – 	
 (A) improving the effectiveness and efficiency of service delivery, including developing strategies that promote accountability for results; (B) service coordination and case management that facilitates the linkage of individualized education programs under this part and individualized family service plans under part C with individualized 	

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service plans under multiple Federal and State programs, such as title I of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (vocational rehabilitation), title XIX of the Social Security Act (Medicaid), and title XVI of the Social Security Act (supplemental security income); (C) developing and implementing interagency financing strategies for the provision of education, health, mental health, and social services, including transition services and related services under this Act; and (D) interagency personnel development for individuals working on coordinated services.	
(3) COORDINATION WITH CERTAIN PROJECTS UNDER ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT OF 1965- If a local educational agency is carrying out a coordinated services project under title XI of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 and a coordinated services project under this part in the same schools, such agency shall use amounts under this subsection in accordance with the requirements of that title.	
(g) SCHOOL-BASED IMPROVEMENT PLAN- (1) IN GENERAL- Each local educational agency may, in accordance with paragraph (2), use funds made available under this part to permit a public school within the jurisdiction of the local educational agency to design, implement, and evaluate a school-based improvement plan that is consistent with the purposes described in section 651(b) and that is designed to improve educational and transitional results for all children with disabilities and, as appropriate, for other children consistent with subparagraphs (A) and (B) of subsection (a)(4) in that public school. (2) AUTHORITY-	
 (A) IN GENERAL- A State educational agency may grant authority to a local educational agency to permit a public school described in paragraph (1) (through a school-based standing panel established under paragraph (4)(B)) to design, implement, and evaluate a school-based improvement plan described in paragraph (1) for a period not to exceed 3 years. (B) RESPONSIBILITY OF LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY- If a State educational agency grants the authority described in subparagraph (A), a local educational agency that is granted such authority shall have the sole responsibility of oversight of all activities 	

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relating to the design, implementation, and evaluation of any school-based improvement plan that a public school is permitted to design under this subsection.	
 (3) PLAN REQUIREMENTS- A school-based improvement plan described in paragraph (1) shall (A) be designed to be consistent with the purposes described in section 651(b) and to improve educational and transitional results for all children with disabilities and, as appropriate, for other children consistent with subparagraphs (A) and (B) of subsection (a)(4), who attend the school for which the plan is designed and implemented; (B) be designed, evaluated, and, as appropriate, implemented by a school-based standing panel established in accordance with paragraph (4)(B); (C) include goals and measurable indicators to assess the progress of the public school in meeting such goals; and (D) ensure that all children with disabilities receive the services described in the individualized education programs of such children. 	
(4) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY- A local educational agency that is granted authority under paragraph (2) to permit a public school to design, implement, and evaluate a school-based improvement plan shall (A) select each school under the jurisdiction of such agency that is eligible to design, implement, and evaluate such a plan; (B) require each school selected under subparagraph (A), in accordance with criteria established by such local educational agency under subparagraph (C), to establish a school-based standing panel to carry out the duties described in paragraph (3)(B); (C) establish	
 (i) criteria that shall be used by such local educational agency in the selection of an eligible school under subparagraph (A); (ii) criteria that shall be used by a public school selected under subparagraph (A) in the establishment of a school-based standing panel to carry out the duties described in paragraph (3)(B) and that shall ensure that the membership of such panel reflects the diversity of the community in which the public school is located and includes, at a minimum – 	

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(I) parents of children with disabilities who attend such public school, including parents of children with disabilities from unserved and underserved populations, as appropriate; (II) special education and general education teachers of such public school; (III) special education and general education administrators, or the designee of such administrators, of such public school; and (IV) related services providers who are responsible for providing services to the children with disabilities who attend such public school; and	
 (iii) criteria that shall be used by such local educational agency with respect to the distribution of funds under this part to carry out this subsection; (D) disseminate the criteria established under subparagraph (C) to local school district personnel and local parent organizations within the jurisdiction of such local educational agency; (E) require a public school that desires to design, implement, and evaluate a school-based improvement plan to submit an application at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such information as such local educational agency shall reasonably require; and (F) establish procedures for approval by such local educational agency of a school-based improvement plan designed under this subsection. (5) LIMITATION- A school-based improvement plan described in paragraph (1) may be submitted to a local educational agency for approval only if a consensus with respect to any matter relating to the design, implementation, or evaluation of the goals of such plan is reached by the school-based standing panel that designed such plan. 	
 (6) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS- (A) PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT- In carrying out the requirements of this subsection, a local educational agency shall ensure that the parents of children with disabilities are involved in the design, evaluation, and, where appropriate, implementation of school-based improvement plans in accordance with this subsection. (B) PLAN APPROVAL- A local educational agency may approve a school-based improvement plan of a public school within the 	

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jurisdiction of such agency for a period of 3 years, if (i) the approval is consistent with the policies, procedures, and practices established by such local educational agency and in accordance with this subsection; and (ii) a majority of parents of children who are members of the school-based standing panel, and a majority of other members of the school-based standing panel, that designed such plan agree in writing to such plan. (7) EXTENSION OF PLAN- If a public school within the jurisdiction of a local educational agency meets the applicable requirements and criteria described in paragraphs (3) and (4) at the expiration of the 3-year approval period described in paragraph (6)(B), such agency may approve a school-based improvement plan of such school for an additional 3-year period. (h) DIRECT SERVICES BY THE STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY- (1) IN GENERAL- A State educational agency shall use the payments that would otherwise have been available to a local educational agency or to a State agency to provide special education and related services directly to children with disabilities residing in the area served by that local agency, or for whom that State agency is responsible, if the State educational agency determines that the local education agency or State agency, as the case may be – (A) has not provided the information needed to establish the eligibility of such agency under this section; (B) is unable to establish and maintain programs of free appropriate public education that meet the requirements of subsection (a); (C) is unable or unwilling to be consolidated with one or more local	H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress
educational agencies in order to establish and maintain such programs; or (D) has one or more children with disabilities who can best be served by a regional or State program or service-delivery system designed to meet the needs of such children.	
(2) MANNER AND LOCATION OF EDUCATION AND SERVICES- The State educational agency may provide special education and related services under paragraph (1) in such manner and at such locations (including regional or State centers) as the State agency considers	

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appropriate. Such education and services shall be provided in accordance with this part. (i) STATE AGENCY ELIGIBILITY- Any State agency that desires to receive a subgrant for any fiscal year under section 611(g) shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the State educational agency that (1) all children with disabilities who are participating in programs and projects funded under this part receive a free appropriate public education, and that those children and their parents are provided all the rights and procedural safeguards described in this part; and (2) the agency meets such other conditions of this section as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.	(j) STATE AGENCY FLEXIBILITY (1) ADJUSTMENT TO STATE FISCAL EFFORT IN CERTAIN FISCAL YEARSFor any fiscal year for which the allotment received by a State under section 611 exceeds the amount the State received for the previous fiscal year and if the State in school year 2003-2004 or any subsequent school year pays or reimburses all local educational agencies within the State from State revenue 100 percent of the non-Federal share of the costs of special education and related services, the State educational agency, notwithstanding paragraphs (17) and (18) of section 612(a) and section 612(b), may reduce the level of expenditures from State sources for the education of children with disabilities by not more than 50 percent of the amount of such excess. (2) PROHIBITIONNotwithstanding paragraph (1), if the Secretary determines that a State educational agency is unable to establish, maintain, or oversee programs of free appropriate public education that meet the requirements of this part, or that the State needs assistance, intervention, or substantial intervention under section 616(d)(2)(A), the Secretary shall prohibit the State educational agency from exercising the authority in paragraph (1). (3) EDUCATION ACTIVITIESIf a State educational agency exercises the authority under paragraph (1), the agency shall use funds from State sources, in an amount equal to the amount of the reduction under paragraph (1), to support activities authorized under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 or to support need based student or teacher higher education programs. (4) REPORTFor each fiscal year for which a State educational agency

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(j) DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION- The State may require that a local educational agency include in the records of a child with a disability a statement of any current or previous disciplinary action that has been taken against the child and transmit such statement to the same extent that such disciplinary information is included in, and transmitted with, the student records of nondisabled children. The statement may include a description of any behavior engaged in by the child that required disciplinary action, a description of the disciplinary action taken, and any other information that is relevant to the safety of the child and other individuals involved with the child. If the State adopts such a policy, and the child transfers from one school to another, the transmission of any of the child's records must include both the child's current individualized education program and any such statement of current or previous disciplinary action that has been taken against the child.	exercises the authority under paragraph (1), the State educational agency shall report to the Secretary the amount of expenditures reduced pursuant to such paragraph and the activities that were funded pursuant to paragraph (3). (5) LIMITATIONNotwithstanding paragraph (1), a State educational agency may not reduce the level of expenditures described in paragraph (1) if any local educational agency in the State would, as a result of such reduction, receive less than 100 percent of the amount necessary to ensure that all children with disabilities served by the local educational agency receive a free appropriate public education from the combination of Federal funds received under this title and State funds received from the State educational agency.

Comparison of IDEA '97 to H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress – November 19, 2004

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SEC. 614. EVALUATIONS, ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATIONS, INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAMS, AND EDUCATIONAL PLACEMENTS.	SEC. 614. EVALUATIONS, ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATIONS, INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAMS, AND EDUCATIONAL PLACEMENTS.
 (a) EVALUATIONS AND REEVALUATIONS- (1) INITIAL EVALUATIONS- (A) IN GENERAL- A State educational agency, other State agency, or local educational agency shall conduct a full and individual initial evaluation, in accordance with this paragraph and subsection (b), before the initial provision of special education and related services to a child with a disability under this part. 	 (a) EVALUATIONS, PARENTAL CONSENT, AND REEVALUATIONS (1) INITIAL EVALUATIONS (A) IN GENERALA State educational agency, other State agency, or local educational agency shall conduct a full and individual initial evaluation in accordance with this paragraph and subsection (b), before the initial provision of special education and related services to a child with a disability under this part. (B) REQUEST FOR INITIAL EVALUATIONConsistent with subparagraph (D), either a parent of a child, or a State educational agency, other State agency, or local educational agency may initiate a request for an initial evaluation to determine if the child is a child with a disability.
 (B) PROCEDURES- Such initial evaluation shall consist of procedures (i) to determine whether a child is a child with a disability (as defined in section 602(3)); and 	(C) PROCEDURES (i) IN GENERALSuch initial evaluation shall consist of procedures (I) to determine whether a child is a child with a disability (as defined in section 602) within 60 days of receiving parental consent for the evaluation, or, if the State establishes a timeframe within which the
(ii) to determine the educational needs of such child.	evaluation must be conducted, within such timeframe; and (II) to determine the educational needs of such child. (ii) EXCEPTIONThe relevant timeframe in clause (i)(I) shall not apply to a local educational agency if (I) a child enrolls in a school served by the local educational agency after the relevant timeframe in clause (i)(I) has begun and prior to a determination by the child's previous local educational agency as to whether the child is a child with a disability (as defined in section 602), but only if the subsequent local educational agency is making sufficient progress to ensure a prompt completion of the evaluation, and the parent and subsequent local educational agency agree to a specific time when the evaluation will be completed; or (II) the parent of a child repeatedly fails or refuses to produce the child

IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress for the evaluation. (D) PARENTAL CONSENT.--(C) PARENTAL CONSENT-(i) IN GENERAL .--(i) IN GENERAL- The agency proposing to conduct an initial (I) CONSENT FOR INITIAL EVALUATION.--The agency proposing evaluation to determine if the child qualifies as a child with a to conduct an initial evaluation to determine if the child qualifies as a disability as defined in section 602(3)(A) or 602(3)(B) shall obtain an informed consent from the parent of such child before the evaluation child with a disability as defined in section 602 shall obtain informed consent from the parent of such child before conducting the is conducted. Parental consent for evaluation shall not be construed evaluation. Parental consent for evaluation shall not be construed as as consent for placement for receipt of special education and related services. consent for placement for receipt of special education and related services. (II) CONSENT FOR SERVICES.--An agency that is responsible for making a free appropriate public education available to a child with a disability under this part shall seek to obtain informed consent from the parent of such child before providing special education and related services to the child. (ii) ABSENCE OF CONSENT .--(ii) REFUSAL- If the parents of such child refuse consent for the (I) FOR INITIAL EVALUATION.--If the parent of such child does not evaluation, the agency may continue to pursue an evaluation by provide consent for an initial evaluation under clause (i)(I), or the utilizing the mediation and due process procedures under section parent fails to respond to a request to provide the consent, the local 615, except to the extent inconsistent with State law relating to educational agency may pursue the initial evaluation of the child by parental consent. utilizing the procedures described in section 615, except to the extent inconsistent with State law relating to **such** parental consent. (II) FOR SERVICES.--If the parent of such child refuses to consent to services under clause (i)(II), the local educational agency shall not provide special education and related services to the child by utilizing the procedures described in section 615. (III) EFFECT ON AGENCY OBLIGATIONS.--If the parent of such child refuses to consent to the receipt of special education and related services, or the parent fails to respond to a request to provide such consent--(aa) the local educational agency shall not be considered to be in violation of the requirement to make available a free appropriate public education to the child for the failure to provide such child with the special education and related services for which the local educational agency requests such consent; and (bb) the local educational agency shall not be required to convene

an IEP meeting or develop an IEP under this section for the child for the special education and related services for which the local

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(2) REEVALUATIONS- A local educational agency shall ensure that a reevaluation of each child with a disability is conducted	educational agency requests such consent. (iii) CONSENT FOR WARDS OF THE STATE (I) IN GENERALIf the child is a ward of the State and is not residing with the child's parent, the agency shall make reasonable efforts to obtain the informed consent from the parent (as defined in section 602) of the child for an initial evaluation to determine whether the child is a child with a disability. (II) EXCEPTIONThe agency shall not be required to obtain informed consent from the parent of a child for an initial evaluation to determine whether the child is a child with a disability if (aa) despite reasonable efforts to do so, the agency cannot discover the whereabouts of the parent of the child; (bb) the rights of the parents of the child have been terminated in accordance with State law; or (cc) the rights of the parent to make educational decisions have been subrogated by a judge in accordance with State law and consent for an initial evaluation has been given by an individual appointed by the judge to represent the child. (E) RULE OF CONSTRUCTIONThe screening of a student by a teacher or specialist to determine appropriate instructional strategies for curriculum implementation shall not be considered to be an evaluation for eligibility for special education and related services. (2) REEVALUATIONS (A) IN GENERALA local educational agency shall ensure that a reevaluation of each child with a disability is conducted in accordance with subsections (b) and (c) (i) if the local educational agency determines that the educational or related services needs, including improved academic achievement and functional performance, of the child warrant a reevaluation. (B) LIMITATIONA reevaluation conducted under subparagraph (A) shall occur
(A) if conditions warrant a reevaluation or if the child's parent or teacher requests a reevaluation, but at least once every 3 years; and(B) in accordance with subsections (b) and (c).	(i) not more frequently than once a year, unless the parent and the local educational agency agree otherwise; and (ii) at least once every 3 years, unless the parent and the local educational agency agree that a reevaluation is unnecessary.
(b) EVALUATION PROCEDURES- (1) NOTICE- The local educational agency shall provide notice to the	(b) EVALUATION PROCEDURES (1) NOTICEThe local educational agency shall provide notice to the

parents of a child with a disability, in accordance with subsections (b)(3), (b)(4), and (c) of section 615, that describes any evaluation procedures such agency proposes to conduct.

- (2) CONDUCT OF EVALUATION- In conducting the evaluation, the local educational agency shall
 - (A) use a variety of assessment tools and strategies to gather relevant functional and developmental information, including information provided by the parent, that may assist in determining whether the child is a child with a disability and the content of the child's individualized education program, including information related to enabling the child to be involved in and progress in the general curriculum or, for preschool children, to participate in appropriate activities:
 - (B) not use any single procedure as the sole criterion for determining whether a child is a child with a disability or determining an appropriate educational program for the child; and
 - (C) use technically sound instruments that may assess the relative contribution of cognitive and behavioral factors, in addition to physical or developmental factors.
- (3) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS- Each local educational agency shall ensure that --
 - (A) tests and other evaluation materials used to assess a child under this section --
 - (i) are selected and administered so as not to be discriminatory on a racial or cultural basis; and
 - (ii) are provided and administered in the child's native language or other mode of communication, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so; and
 - (B) any standardized tests that are given to the child --
 - (i) have been validated for the specific purpose for which they are used;
 - (ii) are administered by trained and knowledgeable personnel; and
 - (iii) are administered in accordance with any instructions provided by the producer of such tests;
 - (C) the child is assessed in all areas of suspected disability; and
 - (D) assessment tools and strategies that provide relevant information

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parents of a child with a disability, in accordance with subsections (b)(3), (b)(4), and (c) of section 615, that describes any evaluation procedures such agency proposes to conduct.

- (2) CONDUCT OF EVALUATION.--In conducting the evaluation, the local educational agency shall--
 - (A) use a variety of assessment tools and strategies to gather relevant functional, developmental, **and academic** information, including information provided by the parent, that may assist in determining--
 - (i) whether the child is a child with a disability; and
 - (ii) the content of the child's individualized education program, including information related to enabling the child to be involved in and progress in the general education curriculum, or, for preschool children, to participate in appropriate activities;
 - (B) not use any single measure **or assessment** as the sole criterion for determining whether a child is a child with a disability or determining an appropriate educational program for the child; and
 - (C) use technically sound instruments that may assess the relative contribution of cognitive and behavioral factors, in addition to physical or developmental factors.
- (3) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.--Each local educational agency shall ensure that--
 - (A) assessments and other evaluation materials used to assess a child under this section--
 - (i) are selected and administered so as not to be discriminatory on a racial or cultural basis;
 - (ii) are provided and administered in the language and form most likely to yield accurate information on what the child knows and can do academically, developmentally, and functionally, unless it is not feasible to so provide or administer;
 - (iii) are used for purposes for which the assessments or measures are valid and reliable:
 - (iv) are administered by trained and knowledgeable personnel; and
 - (v) are administered in accordance with any instructions provided by the producer of such assessments;
 - (B) the child is assessed in all areas of suspected disability;
 - (C) assessment tools and strategies that provide relevant information

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that directly assists persons in determining the educational needs of the child are provided.	that directly assists persons in determining the educational needs of the child are provided; and (D) assessments of children with disabilities who transfer from 1 school district to another school district in the same academic year are coordinated with such children's prior and subsequent schools, as necessary and as expeditiously as possible, to ensure prompt completion of full evaluations.
(4) DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY- Upon completion of administration of tests and other evaluation materials — (A) the determination of whether the child is a child with a disability as defined in section 602(3) shall be made by a team of qualified professionals and the parent of the child in accordance with paragraph (5); and (B) a copy of the evaluation report and the documentation of determination of eligibility will be given to the parent (5) SPECIAL RULE FOR ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION- In making a determination of eligibility under paragraph (4)(A), a child shall not be determined to be a child with a disability if the determinant factor for such determination is lack of instruction in reading or math or limited English proficiency.	(4) DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY AND EDUCATIONAL NEED Upon completion of the administration of assessments and other evaluation measures (A) the determination of whether the child is a child with a disability as defined in section 602(3) and the educational needs of the child shall be made by a team of qualified professionals and the parent of the child in accordance with paragraph (5); and (B) a copy of the evaluation report and the documentation of determination of eligibility shall be given to the parent. (5) SPECIAL RULE FOR ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATIONIn making a determination of eligibility under paragraph (4)(A), a child shall not be determined to be a child with a disability if the determinant factor for such determination is (A) lack of appropriate instruction in reading, including in the essential components of reading instruction (as defined in section 1208(3) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965); (B) lack of instruction in math; or (C) limited English proficiency. (6) SPECIFIC LEARNING DISABILITIES (A) IN GENERALNotwithstanding section 607(b), when determining whether a child has a specific learning disability as defined in section 602, a local educational agency shall not be required to take into consideration whether a child has a severe discrepancy between achievement and intellectual ability in oral expression, listening comprehension, written expression, basic reading skill, reading comprehension, mathematical calculation, or mathematical reasoning. (B) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITYIn determining whether a child has a specific learning disability, a local educational agency may use a process that determines if the child responds to scientific, research-based intervention as a part of the evaluation procedures described in

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paragraphs (2) and (3).

- (c) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR EVALUATION AND REEVALUATIONS-
 - (1) REVIEW OF EXISTING EVALUATION DATA- As part of an initial evaluation (if appropriate) and as part of any reevaluation under this section, the IEP Team described in subsection (d)(1)(B) and other qualified professionals, as appropriate, shall
 - (A) review existing evaluation data on the child, including evaluations and information provided by the parents of the child, current classroom-based assessments and observations, and teacher and related services providers observation; and
 - (B) on the basis of that review, and input from the child's parents, identify what additional data, if any, are needed to determine --
 - (i) whether the child has a particular category of disability, as described in section 602(3), or, in case of a reevaluation of a child, whether the child continues to have such a disability;
 - (ii) the present levels of performance and educational needs of the child:
 - (iii) whether the child needs special education and related services, or in the case of a reevaluation of a child, whether the child continues to need special education and related services; and
 - (iv) whether any additions or modifications to the special education and related services are needed to enable the child to meet the measurable annual goals set out in the individualized education program of the child and to participate, as appropriate, in the general curriculum.
 - (2) SOURCE OF DATA- The local educational agency shall administer such tests and other evaluation materials as may be needed to produce the data identified by the IEP Team under paragraph (1)(B).
 - (3) PARENTAL CONSENT- Each local educational agency shall obtain informed parental consent, in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(C), prior to conducting any reevaluation of a child with a disability, except that such informed parent consent need not be obtained if the local

- (c) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR EVALUATION AND REEVALUATIONS.--
 - (1) REVIEW OF EXISTING EVALUATION DATA.--As part of an initial evaluation (if appropriate) and as part of any reevaluation under this section, the IEP Team and other qualified professionals, as appropriate, shall--
 - (A) review existing evaluation data on the child, including--
 - (i) evaluations and information provided by the parents of the child;
 - (ii) current classroom-based, **local**, **or State** assessments, and **classroom**-based observations; and
 - (iii) observations by teachers and related services providers; and (B) on the basis of that review, and input from the child's parents, identify what additional data, if any, are needed to determine--
 - (i) whether the child is a child with a disability as defined in section 602(3), and the educational needs of the child, or, in case of a reevaluation of a child, whether the child continues to have such a disability and such educational needs;
 - (ii) the present levels of academic achievement and related developmental needs of the child:
 - (iii) whether the child needs special education and related services, or in the case of a reevaluation of a child, whether the child continues to need special education and related services; and
 - (iv) whether any additions or modifications to the special education and related services are needed to enable the child to meet the measurable annual goals set out in the individualized education program of the child and to participate, as appropriate, in the general education curriculum.
 - (2) SOURCE OF DATA.--The local educational agency shall administer such assessments and other evaluation measures as may be needed to produce the data identified by the IEP Team under paragraph (1)(B).
 - (3) PARENTAL CONSENT.--Each local educational agency shall obtain informed parental consent, in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(D), prior to conducting any reevaluation of a child with a disability, except that such informed parental consent need not be obtained if the local educational

IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress educational agency can demonstrate that it had taken reasonable agency can demonstrate that it had taken reasonable measures to obtain measures to obtain such consent and the child's parent has failed to such consent and the child's parent has failed to respond. respond. (4) REQUIREMENTS IF ADDITIONAL DATA ARE NOT NEEDED- If the (4) REQUIREMENTS IF ADDITIONAL DATA ARE NOT NEEDED .-- If the IEP Team and other qualified professionals, as appropriate, determine IEP Team and other qualified professionals, as appropriate, determine that that no additional data are needed to determine whether the child no additional data are needed to determine whether the child continues to continues to be a child with a disability, the local educational agency -be a child with a disability and to determine the child's educational needs, the local educational agency--(A) shall notify the child's parents of --(A) shall notify the child's parents of--(i) that determination and the reasons for it; and (i) that determination and the reasons for the determination; and (ii) the right of such parents to request an assessment to determine (ii) the right of such parents to request an assessment to determine whether the child continues to be a child with a disability; and whether the child continues to be a child with a disability and to determine the child's educational needs: and (B) shall not be required to conduct such an assessment unless (B) shall not be required to conduct such an assessment unless requested to by the child's parents. requested to by the child's parents. (5) EVALUATIONS BEFORE CHANGE IN ELIGIBILITY- A local (5) EVALUATIONS BEFORE CHANGE IN ELIGIBILITY.-educational agency shall evaluate a child with a disability in accordance (A) IN GENERAL.--Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a local with this section before determining that the child is no longer a child educational agency shall evaluate a child with a disability in accordance with this section before determining that the child is no longer a child with a disability. with a disability. (B) EXCEPTION.--(i) IN GENERAL.--The evaluation described in subparagraph (A) shall not be required before the termination of a child's eligibility under this part due to graduation from secondary school with a regular diploma, or due to exceeding the age eligibility for a free appropriate public education under State law. (ii) SUMMARY OF PERFORMANCE.--For a child whose eliqibility under this part terminates under circumstances described in clause (i), a local educational agency shall provide the child with a summary of the child's academic achievement and functional performance, which shall include recommendations on how to assist the child in meeting the child's postsecondary goals. (d) INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAMS-(d) INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAMS.--(1) DEFINITIONS- As used in this title: (1) DEFINITIONS.--In this title: (A) INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM- The term (A) INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM .--

'individualized education program' or 'IEP' means a written statement

(i) IN GENERAL.--The term 'individualized education program' or 'IEP'

IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress for each child with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised means a written statement for each child with a disability that is in accordance with this section and that includes -developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with this section and that includes--(i) a statement of the child's present levels of educational (I) a statement of the child's present levels of academic achievement performance, including -and functional performance, including--(I) how the child's disability affects the child's involvement and (aa) how the child's disability affects the child's involvement and progress in the general curriculum; or progress in the general education curriculum; (II) for preschool children, as appropriate, how the disability affects (bb) for preschool children, as appropriate, how the disability the child's participation in appropriate activities; affects the child's participation in appropriate activities; and (cc) for children with disabilities who take alternate assessments aligned to alternate achievement standards, a description of benchmarks or short-term objectives; (II) a statement of measurable annual goals, including academic and (ii) a statement of measurable annual goals, including benchmarks functional goals, designed to-or short-term objectives, related to --(aa) meet the child's needs that result from the child's disability to (I) meeting the child's needs that result from the child's disability to enable the child to be involved in and make progress in the enable the child to be involved in and progress in the general general education curriculum; and curriculum; and (bb) meet each of the child's other educational needs that result (II) meeting each of the child's other educational needs that result from the child's disability; from the child's disability; (III) a description of how the child's progress toward meeting the annual goals described in subclause (II) will be measured and when periodic reports on the progress the child is making toward meeting the annual goals (such as through the use of quarterly or other periodic reports, concurrent with the issuance of report cards) will be provided; (iii) a statement of the special education and related services and (IV) a statement of the special education and related services and supplementary aids and services to be provided to the child, or on supplementary aids and services, based on peer-reviewed research behalf of the child, and a statement of the program modifications or to the extent practicable, to be provided to the child, or on behalf of supports for school personnel that will be provided for the child -the child, and a statement of the program modifications or supports for school personnel that will be provided for the child--(I) to advance appropriately toward attaining the annual goals; (aa) to advance appropriately toward attaining the annual goals; (bb) to be involved in and make progress in the general education (II) to be involved and progress in the general curriculum in

other nonacademic activities; and

accordance with clause (i) and to participate in extracurricular and

(III) educated and participate with other children with disabilities

and nondisabled children in the activities described in this

curriculum in accordance with subclause (I) and to participate in

disabilities and nondisabled children in the activities described in

extracurricular and other nonacademic activities; and

(cc) to be educated and participate with other children with

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paragraph;	this subparagraph;
 (iv) an explanation of the extent, if any, to which the child will not participate with nondisabled children in the regular class and in the activities described in clause (iii); (v)(I) a statement of any individual modifications in the administration of State or districtwide assessments of student achievement that are needed in order for the child to participate in such assessment; and (II) if the IEP Team determines that the child will not participate in a particular State or districtwide assessment of student achievement (or part of such an assessment), a statement of (aa) why that assessment is not appropriate for the child; and (bb) how the child will be assessed; 	 (V) an explanation of the extent, if any, to which the child will not participate with nondisabled children in the regular class and in the activities described in subclause (IV)(cc); (VI)(aa) a statement of any individual appropriate accommodations that are necessary to measure the academic achievement and functional performance of the child on State and districtwide assessments consistent with section 612(a)(16)(A); and (bb) if the IEP Team determines that the child shall take an alternate assessment on a particular State or districtwide assessment of student achievement, a statement of why(AA) the child cannot participate in the regular assessment; and (BB) the particular alternate assessment selected is appropriate for the child;
(vi) the projected date for the beginning of the services and modifications described in clause (iii), and the anticipated frequency, location, and duration of those services and modifications; (vii)(I) beginning at age 14, and updated annually, a statement of the transition service needs of the child under the applicable components of the child's IEP that focuses on the child's courses of study (such as participation in advanced-placement courses or a vocational education program);	(VII) the projected date for the beginning of the services and modifications described in subclause (IV), and the anticipated frequency, location, and duration of those services and modifications; and
(II) beginning at age 16 (or younger, if determined appropriate by the IEP Team), a statement of needed transition services for the child, including, when appropriate, a statement of the interagency responsibilities or any needed linkages; and	(VIII) beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the child is 16, and updated annually thereafter (aa) appropriate measurable postsecondary goals based upon age appropriate transition assessments related to training, education, employment, and, where appropriate, independent living skills; (bb) the transition services (including courses of study) needed to assist the child in reaching those goals; and
(III) beginning at least one year before the child reaches the age of majority under State law, a statement that the child has been informed of his or her rights under this title, if any, that will transfer to the child on reaching the age of majority under section 615(m); and	 (cc) beginning not later than 1 year before the child reaches the age of majority under State law, a statement that the child has been informed of the child's rights under this title, if any, that will transfer to the child on reaching the age of majority under section 615(m). (ii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTIONNothing in this section shall be

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(viii) a statement of (I) how the child's progress toward the annual goals described in clause (ii) will be measured; and (II) how the child's parents will be regularly informed (by such means as periodic report cards), at least as often as parents are informed of their nondisabled children's progress, of (aa) their child's progress toward the annual goals described in clause (ii); and (bb) the extent to which that progress is sufficient to enable the child to achieve the goals by the end of the year.	construed to require (I) that additional information be included in a child's IEP beyond what is explicitly required in this section; and (II) the IEP Team to include information under 1 component of a child's IEP that is already contained under another component of such IEP.
(B) INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM TEAM- The term 'individualized education program team' or 'IEP Team' means a group of individuals composed of — (i) the parents of a child with a disability; (ii) at least one regular education teacher of such child (if the child is, or may be, participating in the regular education environment); (iii) at least one special education teacher, or where appropriate, at least one special education provider of such child; (iv) a representative of the local educational agency who (I) is qualified to provide, or supervise the provision of, specially designed instruction to meet the unique needs of children with disabilities; (II) is knowledgeable about the general curriculum; and (III) is knowledgeable about the availability of resources of the local educational agency; (v) an individual who can interpret the instructional implications of evaluation results, who may be a member of the team described in clauses (ii) through; (vi) at the discretion of the parent or the agency, other individuals who have knowledge or special expertise regarding the child, including related services personnel as appropriate; and	(B) INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM TEAMThe term 'individualized education program team' or 'IEP Team' means a group of individuals composed of (i) the parents of a child with a disability; (ii) not less than 1 regular education teacher of such child (if the child is, or may be, participating in the regular education environment); (iii) not less than 1 special education teacher, or where appropriate, not less than 1 special education provider of such child; (iv) a representative of the local educational agency who (I) is qualified to provide, or supervise the provision of, specially designed instruction to meet the unique needs of children with disabilities; (II) is knowledgeable about the general education curriculum; and (III) is knowledgeable about the availability of resources of the local educational agency; (v) an individual who can interpret the instructional implications of evaluation results, who may be a member of the team described in clauses (ii) through (vi); (vi) at the discretion of the parent or the agency, other individuals who have knowledge or special expertise regarding the child, including related services personnel as appropriate; and

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(viii) whenever appropriate, the child with a disability.	 (vii) whenever appropriate, the child with a disability. (C) IEP TEAM ATTENDANCE (i) ATTENDANCE NOT NECESSARYA member of the IEP Team shall not be required to attend an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, if the parent of a child with a disability and the local educational agency agree that the attendance of such member is not necessary because the member's area of the curriculum or related services is not being modified or discussed in the meeting. (ii) EXCUSALA member of the IEP Team may be excused from attending an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, when the meeting involves a modification to or discussion of the member's area of the curriculum or related services, if (I) the parent and the local educational agency consent to the excusal; and (II) the member submits, in writing to the parent and the IEP Team, input into the development of the IEP prior to the meeting. (iii) WRITTEN AGREEMENT AND CONSENT REQUIREDA parent's agreement under clause (i) and consent under clause (ii) shall be in writing. (D) IEP TEAM TRANSITIONIn the case of a child who was previously served under part C, an invitation to the initial IEP meeting shall, at the request of the parent, be sent to the part C service coordinator or other representatives of the part C system to assist with the smooth transition of services.
 (2) REQUIREMENT THAT PROGRAM BE IN EFFECT- (A) IN GENERAL- At the beginning of each school year, each local educational agency, State educational agency, or other State agency, as the case may be, shall have in effect, for each child with a disability in its jurisdiction, an individualized education program, as defined in paragraph (1)(A). (B) PROGRAM FOR CHILD AGED 3 THROUGH 5- In the case of a child with a disability aged 3 through 5 (or, at the discretion of the State educational agency, a 2 year-old child with a disability who will turn age 3 during the school year), an individualized family service plan that contains the material described in section 636, and that is developed in accordance with this section, may serve as the IEP of the child if using that plan as the IEP is 	 (2) REQUIREMENT THAT PROGRAM BE IN EFFECT (A) IN GENERALAt the beginning of each school year, each local educational agency, State educational agency, or other State agency, as the case may be, shall have in effect, for each child with a disability in the agency's jurisdiction, an individualized education program, as defined in paragraph (1)(A). (B) PROGRAM FOR CHILD AGED 3 THROUGH 5In the case of a child with a disability aged 3 through 5 (or, at the discretion of the State educational agency, a 2-year-old child with a disability who will turn age 3 during the school year), the IEP Team shall consider the individualized family service plan that contains the material described in section 636, and that is developed in accordance with this section, and the individualized family service plan may serve as the IEP of the child if

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(i) consistent with State policy; and (ii) agreed to by the agency and the child's parents.	using that plan as the IEP is (i) consistent with State policy; and (ii) agreed to by the agency and the child's parents. (C) PROGRAM FOR CHILDREN WHO TRANSFER SCHOOL DISTRICTS (i) IN GENERAL (l) TRANSFER WITHIN THE SAME STATEIn the case of a child with a disability who transfers school districts within the same academic year, who enrolls in a new school, and who had an IEP that was in effect in the same State, the local educational agency shall provide such child with a free appropriate public education, including services comparable to those described in the previously held IEP, in consultation with the parents until such time as the local educational agency adopts the previously held IEP or develops, adopts, and implements a new IEP that is consistent with Federal and State law. (II) TRANSFER OUTSIDE STATEIn the case of a child with a disability who transfers school districts within the same academic year, who enrolls in a new school, and who had an IEP that was in effect in another State, the local educational agency shall provide such child with a free appropriate public education, including services comparable to those described in the previously held IEP, in consultation with the parents until such time as the local educational agency conducts an evaluation pursuant to subsection (a)(1), if determined to be necessary by such agency, and develops a new IEP, if appropriate, that is consistent with Federal and State law. (ii) TRANSMITTAL OF RECORDSTo facilitate the transition for a child described in clause (i) (I) the new school in which the child enrolls shall take reasonable steps to promptly obtain the child's records, including the IEP and supporting documents and any other records relating to the provision of special education or related services to the child, from the previous school in which the child was enrolled, pursuant to section 99.31(a)(2) of title 34, Code of Federal Regulations; and (II) the previous school in which the child was enrolled shall take reasonable st
(3) DEVELOPMENT OF IEP- (A) IN GENERAL- In developing each child's IEP, the IEP Team, subject to subparagraph (C), shall consider	(3) DEVELOPMENT OF IEP (A) IN GENERALIn developing each child's IEP, the IEP Team, subject to subparagraph (C), shall consider

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- (i) the strengths of the child and the concerns of the parents for enhancing the education of their child; and
- (ii) the results of the initial evaluation or most recent evaluation of the child.
- (B) CONSIDERATION OF SPECIAL FACTORS- The IEP Team shall
 - (i) in the case of a child whose behavior impedes his or her learning or that of others, consider, when appropriate, strategies, including positive behavioral interventions, strategies, and supports to address that behavior;
- (ii) in the case of a child with limited English proficiency, consider the language needs of the child as such needs relate to the child's IEP; (iii) in the case of a child who is blind or visually impaired, provide for instruction in Braille and the use of Braille unless the IEP Team determines, after an evaluation of the child's reading and writing skills, needs, and appropriate reading and writing media (including an evaluation of the child's future needs for instruction in Braille or the use of Braille), that instruction in Braille or the use of Braille is not appropriate for the child;
- (iv) consider the communication needs of the child, and in the case of a child who is deaf or hard of hearing, consider the child's language and communication needs, opportunities for direct communications with peers and professional personnel in the child's language and communication mode, academic level, and full range of needs, including opportunities for direct instruction in the child's language and communication mode; and
- (v) consider whether the child requires assistive technology devices and services.
- (C) REQUIREMENT WITH RESPECT TO REGULAR EDUCATION TEACHER- The regular education teacher of the child, as a member of the IEP Team, shall, to the extent appropriate, participate in the development of the IEP of the child, including the determination of appropriate positive behavioral interventions and strategies and the determination of supplementary aids and services, program

- (i) the strengths of the child;
- (ii) the concerns of the parents for enhancing the education of their child:
- (iii) the results of the initial evaluation or most recent evaluation of the child: and
- (iv) the academic, developmental, and functional needs of the child.
- (B) CONSIDERATION OF SPECIAL FACTORS.--The IEP Team shall--
 - (i) in the case of a child whose behavior impedes **the child's** learning or that of others, consider **the use of** positive behavioral interventions and supports, and other strategies, to address that behavior;
- (ii) in the case of a child with limited English proficiency, consider the language needs of the child as such needs relate to the child's IEP; (iii) in the case of a child who is blind or visually impaired, provide for instruction in Braille and the use of Braille unless the IEP Team determines, after an evaluation of the child's reading and writing skills, needs, and appropriate reading and writing media (including an evaluation of the child's future needs for instruction in Braille or the use of Braille), that instruction in Braille or the use of Braille is not appropriate for the child:
- (iv) consider the communication needs of the child, and in the case of a child who is deaf or hard of hearing, consider the child's language and communication needs, opportunities for direct communications with peers and professional personnel in the child's language and communication mode, academic level, and full range of needs, including opportunities for direct instruction in the child's language and communication mode; and
- (v) consider whether the child needs assistive technology devices and services.
- (C) REQUIREMENT WITH RESPECT TO REGULAR EDUCATION TEACHER.--A regular education teacher of the child, as a member of the IEP Team, shall, to the extent appropriate, participate in the development of the IEP of the child, including the determination of appropriate positive behavioral interventions **and supports**, and **other** strategies, and the determination of supplementary aids and services,

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modifications, and support for school personnel consistent with paragraph (1)(A)(iii).	program modifications, and support for school personnel consistent with paragraph (1)(A)(i)(IV). (D) AGREEMENT.—In making changes to a child's IEP after the annual IEP meeting for a school year, the parent of a child with a disability and the local educational agency may agree not to convene an IEP meeting for the purposes of making such changes, and instead may develop a written document to amend or modify the child's current IEP. (E) CONSOLIDATION OF IEP TEAM MEETINGS.—To the extent possible, the local educational agency shall encourage the consolidation of reevaluation meetings for the child and other IEP Team meetings for the child. (F) AMENDMENTS.—Changes to the IEP may be made either by the entire IEP Team or, as provided in subparagraph (D), by amending the IEP rather than by redrafting the entire IEP. Upon request, a parent shall be provided with a revised copy of the IEP with the amendments incorporated.
 (4) REVIEW AND REVISION OF IEP- (A) IN GENERAL- The local educational agency shall ensure that, subject to subparagraph (B), the IEP Team — (i) reviews the child's IEP periodically, but not less than annually to determine whether the annual goals for the child are being achieved; and (ii) revises the IEP as appropriate to address — (I) any lack of expected progress toward the annual goals and in the general curriculum, where appropriate; (II) the results of any reevaluation conducted under this section; (III) information about the child provided to, or by, the parents, as described in subsection (c)(1)(B); (IV) the child's anticipated needs; or (V) other matters. (B) REQUIREMENT WITH RESPECT TO REGULAR EDUCATION TEACHER- The regular education teacher of the child, as a member of the IEP Team, shall, to the extent appropriate, participate in the review and revision of the IEP of the child. 	 (4) REVIEW AND REVISION OF IEP (A) IN GENERALThe local educational agency shall ensure that, subject to subparagraph (B), the IEP Team (i) reviews the child's IEP periodically, but not less frequently than annually, to determine whether the annual goals for the child are being achieved; and (ii) revises the IEP as appropriate to address (I) any lack of expected progress toward the annual goals and in the general education curriculum, where appropriate; (II) the results of any reevaluation conducted under this section; (III) information about the child provided to, or by, the parents, as described in subsection (c)(1)(B); (IV) the child's anticipated needs; or (V) other matters. (B) REQUIREMENT WITH RESPECT TO REGULAR EDUCATION TEACHERA regular education teacher of the child, as a member of the IEP Team, shall, consistent with paragraph (1)(C), participate in the review and revision of the IEP of the child. (5) MULTI-YEAR IEP DEMONSTRATION (A) PILOT PROGRAM (i) PURPOSEThe purpose of this paragraph is to provide an opportunity for States to allow parents and local educational agencies

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	the opportunity for long-term planning by offering the option of developing a comprehensive multi-year IEP, not to exceed 3 years, that is designed to coincide with the natural transition points for the child. (ii) AUTHORIZATION.—In order to carry out the purpose of this paragraph, the Secretary is authorized to approve not more than 15 proposals from States to carry out the activity described in clause (i). (iii) PROPOSAL.— (i) IN GENERAL.—A State desiring to participate in the program under this paragraph shall submit a proposal to the Secretary at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may reasonably require. (ii) CONTENT.—The proposal shall include— (aa) assurances that the development of a multi-year IEP under this paragraph is optional for parents; (bb) assurances that the parent is required to provide informed consent before a comprehensive multi-year IEP is developed; (cc) a list of required elements for each multi-year IEP, including— (AA) measurable goals pursuant to paragraph (1)(A)(i)(I), coinciding with natural transition points for the child, that will enable the child to be involved in and make progress in the general education curriculum and that will meet the child's other needs that result from the child's disability; and (BB) measurable annual goals for determining progress toward meeting the goals described in subitem (AA); and (dd) a description of the process for the review and revision of each multi-year IEP, including— (AA) a review by the IEP Team of the child's multi-year IEP at each of the child's natural transition points; (BB) in years other than a child's natural transition points, an annual review of the child's IEP to determine the child's current levels of progress and whether the annual goals for the child are being achieved, and a requirement to amend the IEP, as appropriate, to enable the child to continue to meet the measurable goals set out in the IEP; (CC) if the IEP Team determines on the basis of a review that the child is not making sufficient progre

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	shall conduct a review of the child's multi-year IEP rather than or subsequent to an annual review. (B) REPORTBeginning 2 years after the date of enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, the Secretary shall submit an annual report to the Committee on Education and the Workforce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate regarding the effectiveness of the program under this paragraph and any specific recommendations for broader implementation of such program, including- (i) reducing- (i) reducing- (i) the paperwork burden on teachers, principals, administrators, and related service providers; and (II) noninstructional time spent by teachers in complying with this part; (ii) enhancing longer-term educational planning; (iii) improving positive outcomes for children with disabilities; (iv) promoting collaboration between IEP Team members; and (v) ensuring satisfaction of family members. (C) DEFINITIONIn this paragraph, the term `natural transition points' means those periods that are close in time to the transition of a child with a disability from preschool to elementary grades, from elementary grades to middle or junior high school grades, from middle or junior high school grades to secondary school grades, and from secondary school grades to post-secondary activities, but in no case a period longer than 3 years.
 (5) FAILURE TO MEET TRANSITION OBJECTIVES- If a participating agency, other than the local educational agency, fails to provide the transition services described in the IEP in accordance with paragraph (1)(A)(vii), the local educational agency shall reconvene the IEP Team to identify alternative strategies to meet the transition objectives for the child set out in that program. (6) CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES IN ADULT PRISONS- (A) IN GENERAL- The following requirements do not apply to children with disabilities who are convicted as adults under State law and incarcerated in adult prisons: (i) The requirements contained in section 612(a)(17) and paragraph 	 (6) FAILURE TO MEET TRANSITION OBJECTIVESIf a participating agency, other than the local educational agency, fails to provide the transition services described in the IEP in accordance with paragraph (1)(A)(i)(VIII), the local educational agency shall reconvene the IEP Team to identify alternative strategies to meet the transition objectives for the child set out in the IEP. (7) CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES IN ADULT PRISONS (A) IN GENERALThe following requirements shall not apply to children with disabilities who are convicted as adults under State law and incarcerated in adult prisons: (i) The requirements contained in section 612(a)(16) and paragraph

H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 (1)(A)(v) of this subsection (relating to participation of children with (1)(A)(i)(VI) (relating to participation of children with disabilities in disabilities in general assessments). general assessments). (ii) The requirements of subclauses (I) and (II) of paragraph (ii) The requirements of items (aa) and (bb) of paragraph (1)(A)(i)(VIII) (relating to transition planning and transition services), do not apply (1)(A)(vii) of this subsection (relating to transition planning and transition services), do not apply with respect to such children with respect to such children whose eligibility under this part will end. whose eligibility under this part will end, because of their age, before because of such children's age, before such children will be released they will be released from prison. from prison. (B) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT- If a child with a disability is convicted (B) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT .-- If a child with a disability is as an adult under State law and incarcerated in an adult prison, the convicted as an adult under State law and incarcerated in an adult child's IEP Team may modify the child's IEP or placement prison, the child's IEP Team may modify the child's IEP or placement notwithstanding the requirements of sections 612(a)(5)(A) and notwithstanding the requirements of sections 612(a)(5)(A) and 614(d)(1)(A) if the State has demonstrated a bona fide security or paragraph (1)(A) if the State has demonstrated a bona fide security or compelling penological interest that cannot otherwise be compelling penological interest that cannot otherwise be accommodated. accommodated. (e) CONSTRUCTION- Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the IEP Team to include information under one component of a child's IEP that is already contained under another component of such IEP. (f) EDUCATIONAL PLACEMENTS- Each local educational agency or (e) EDUCATIONAL PLACEMENTS.--Each local educational agency or State educational agency shall ensure that the parents of each child with a State educational agency shall ensure that the parents of each child with a disability are members of any group that makes decisions on the disability are members of any group that makes decisions on the educational placement of their child. educational placement of their child. (f) ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF MEETING PARTICIPATION.--When conducting IEP team meetings and placement meetings pursuant to this section, section 615(e), and section 615(f)(1)(B), and carrying out administrative matters under section 615 (such as scheduling, exchange of witness lists, and status conferences), the parent of a child with a disability and a local educational

agency may agree to use alternative means of meeting participation, such as

video conferences and conference calls.

Comparison of IDEA '97 to H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress – November 19, 2004

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SEC. 615. PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS.	SEC. 615. PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS.
(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROCEDURES- Any State educational agency, State agency, or local educational agency that receives assistance under this part shall establish and maintain procedures in accordance with this section to ensure that children with disabilities and their parents are guaranteed procedural safeguards with respect to the provision of free appropriate public education by such agencies.	(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROCEDURESAny State educational agency, State agency, or local educational agency that receives assistance under this part shall establish and maintain procedures in accordance with this section to ensure that children with disabilities and their parents are guaranteed procedural safeguards with respect to the provision of a free appropriate public education by such agencies.
 (b) TYPES OF PROCEDURES- The procedures required by this section shall include (1) an opportunity for the parents of a child with a disability to examine all records relating to such child and to participate in meetings with respect to the identification, evaluation, and educational placement of the child, and the provision of a free appropriate public education to such child, and to obtain an independent educational evaluation of the child; 	 (b) TYPES OF PROCEDURESThe procedures required by this section shall include the following: (1) An opportunity for the parents of a child with a disability to examine all records relating to such child and to participate in meetings with respect to the identification, evaluation, and educational placement of the child, and the provision of a free appropriate public education to such child, and to obtain an independent educational evaluation of the child.
(2) procedures to protect the rights of the child whenever the parents of the child are not known, the agency cannot, after reasonable efforts, locate the parents, or the child is a ward of the State, including the assignment of an individual (who shall not be an employee of the State educational agency, the local educational agency, or any other agency that is involved in the education or care of the child) to act as a surrogate for the parents;	 (2)(A) Procedures to protect the rights of the child whenever the parents of the child are not known, the agency cannot, after reasonable efforts, locate the parents, or the child is a ward of the State, including the assignment of an individual to act as a surrogate for the parents, which surrogate shall not be an employee of the State educational agency, the local educational agency, or any other agency that is involved in the education or care of the child. In the case of (i) a child who is a ward of the State, such surrogate may alternatively be appointed by the judge overseeing the child's care provided that the surrogate meets the requirements of this paragraph; and (ii) an unaccompanied homeless youth as defined in section 725(6) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(6)), the local educational agency shall appoint a surrogate in accordance with this paragraph. (B) The State shall make reasonable efforts to ensure the assignment of a surrogate not more than 30 days after there is a determination by the agency that the child needs a surrogate.
(3) written prior notice to the parents of the child whenever such agency	(3) Written prior notice to the parents of the child, in accordance with subsection (c)(1), whenever the local educational agency (A) proposes to initiate or change; or
(A) proposes to initiate or change; or	(, pp-5-5-5 to minute of officingo, of

- (B) refuses to initiate or change; the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the child, in accordance with subsection (c), or the provision of a free appropriate public education to the child;
- (4) procedures designed to ensure that the notice required by paragraph
- (3) is in the native language of the parents, unless it clearly is not feasible to do so;
- (5) an opportunity for mediation in accordance with subsection (e);
- (6) an opportunity to present complaints with respect to any matter relating to the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the child, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to such child;

- (7) procedures that require the parent of a child with a disability, or the attorney representing the child, to provide notice (which shall remain confidential)
 - (A) to the State educational agency or local educational agency, as the case may be, in the complaint filed under paragraph (6); and
 - (B) that shall include -
 - (i) the name of the child, the address of the residence of the child, and the name of the school the child is attending;
 - (ii) a description of the nature of the problem of the child relating to such proposed initiation or change, including facts relating to such problem; and
 - (iii) a proposed resolution of the problem to the extent known and available to the parents at the time; and
- (8) procedures that require the State educational agency to develop a

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- (B) refuses to initiate or change, the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the child, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to the child.
- (4) Procedures designed to ensure that the notice required by paragraph
- (3) is in the native language of the parents, unless it clearly is not feasible to do so.
- (5) An opportunity for mediation, in accordance with subsection (e).
- (6) An opportunity for any party to present a complaint--
 - (A) with respect to any matter relating to the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the child, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to such child; and
 - (B) which sets forth an alleged violation that occurred not more than 2 years before the date the parent or public agency knew or should have known about the alleged action that forms the basis of the complaint, or, if the State has an explicit time limitation for presenting such a complaint under this part, in such time as the State law allows, except that the exceptions to the timeline described in subsection (f)(3)(D) shall apply to the timeline described in this subparagraph.
 - (7)(A) Procedures that require either party, or the attorney representing a party, to provide **due process complaint** notice **in accordance with subsection (c)(2)** (which shall remain confidential)--
 - (i) to the other party, in the complaint filed under paragraph (6), and forward a copy of such notice to the State educational agency; and (ii) that shall include--
 - (I) the name of the child, the address of the residence of the child (or available contact information in the case of a homeless child), and the name of the school the child is attending;
 - (II) in the case of a homeless child or youth (within the meaning of section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(2)), available contact information for the child and the name of the school the child is attending;
 - (III) a description of the nature of the problem of the child relating to such proposed initiation or change, including facts relating to such problem; and
 - (IV) a proposed resolution of the problem to the extent known and available to the **party** at the time.
 - (B) A requirement that a party may not have a due process hearing until the party, or the attorney representing the party, files a notice that meets the requirements of subparagraph (A)(ii).
- (8) Procedures that require the State educational agency to develop a

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model form to assist parents in filing a complaint in accordance with paragraph (7).

model form to assist parents in filing a complaint and due process complaint notice in accordance with paragraphs (6) and (7), respectively.

(c) CONTENT OF PRIOR WRITTEN NOTICE

The notice required by subsection (b)(3) shall include --

- (1) a description of the action proposed or refused by the agency:
- (2) an explanation of why the agency proposes or refuses to take the action:
- (3) a description of any other options that the agency considered and the reasons why those options were rejected;
- (4) a description of each evaluation procedure, test, record, or report the agency used as a basis for the proposed or refused action;
- (5) a description of any other factors that are relevant to the agency's proposal or refusal;
- (6) a statement that the parents of a child with a disability have protection under the procedural safeguards of this part and, if this notice is not an initial referral for evaluation, the means by which a copy of a description of the procedural safeguards can be obtained; and
- (7) sources for parents to contact to obtain assistance in understanding the provisions of this part.

(c) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS .--

- (1) CONTENT OF PRIOR WRITTEN NOTICE.--The notice required by subsection (b)(3) shall include--
 - (A) a description of the action proposed or refused by the agency;
 - (B) an explanation of why the agency proposes or refuses to take the action and a description of each evaluation procedure, **assessment**, record, or report the agency used as a basis for the proposed or refused action:
 - (C) a statement that the parents of a child with a disability have protection under the procedural safeguards of this part and, if this notice is not an initial referral for evaluation, the means by which a copy of a description of the procedural safeguards can be obtained;
 - (D) sources for parents to contact to obtain assistance in understanding the provisions of this part:
 - (E) a description of other options considered by the IEP Team and the reason why those options were rejected; and
 - (F) a description of the factors that are relevant to the agency's proposal or refusal.

(2) DUE PROCESS COMPLAINT NOTICE.--

- (A) COMPLAINT.--The due process complaint notice required under subsection (b)(7)(A) shall be deemed to be sufficient unless the party receiving the notice notifies the hearing officer and the other party in writing that the receiving party believes the notice has not met the requirements of subsection (b)(7)(A).
- (B) RESPONSE TO COMPLAINT .--
- (i) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY RESPONSE.--
 - (I) IN GENERAL.--If the local educational agency has not sent a prior written notice to the parent regarding the subject matter contained in the parent's due process complaint notice, such local educational agency shall, within 10 days of receiving the complaint, send to the parent a response that shall include--
 - (aa) an explanation of why the agency proposed or refused to take the action raised in the complaint;
 - (bb) a description of other options that the IEP Team considered and

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	the reasons why those options were rejected; (cc) a description of each evaluation procedure, assessment, record, or report the agency used as the basis for the proposed or refused action; and (dd) a description of the factors that are relevant to the agency's proposal or refusal. (II) SUFFICIENCY.— A response filed by a local educational agency pursuant to subclause (i) shall not be construed to preclude such local educational agency from asserting that the parent's due process complaint notice was insufficient where appropriate. (ii) OTHER PARTY RESPONSE.—Except as provided in clause (i), the non-complaining party shall, within 10 days of receiving the complaint, send to the complaint a response that specifically addresses the issues raised in the complaint. (C) TIMING.—The party providing a hearing officer notification under subparagraph (A) shall provide the notification within 15 days of receiving the complaint. (D) DETERMINATION.—Within 5 days of receipt of the notification provided under subparagraph (C), the hearing officer shall make a determination on the face of the notice of whether the notification meets the requirements of subsection (b)(7)(A), and shall immediately notify the parties in writing of such determination. (E) AMENDED COMPLAINT NOTICE.— (i) IN GENERAL.—A party may amend its due process complaint notice only if— (I) the other party consents in writing to such amendment and is given the opportunity to resolve the complaint through a meeting held pursuant to subsection (f)(1)(B); or (II) the hearing officer grants permission, except that the hearing officer may only grant such permission at any time not later than 5 days before a due process hearing occurs. (ii) APPLICABLE TIMELINE.—The applicable timeline for a due process hearing under this part shall recommence at the time the party files an amended notice, including the timeline under subsection (f)(1)(B).
(d) PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS NOTICE- (1) IN GENERAL- A copy of the procedural safeguards available to the parents of a child with a disability shall be given to the parents, at a minimum	(d) PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS NOTICE (1) IN GENERAL (A) COPY TO PARENTSA copy of the procedural safeguards available to the parents of a child with a disability shall be given to the parents only 1 time a year, except that a copy also shall be given to the
(A) initial referral for evaluation;	parents (i) upon initial referral or parental request for evaluation;

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(B) upon each notification of an individualized education program meeting and upon reevaluation of the child; and (C) upon registration of a complaint under subsection (b)(6).	 (ii) upon the first occurrence of the filing of a complaint under subsection (b)(6); and (iii) upon request by a parent. (B) INTERNET WEBSITEA local educational agency may place a current copy of the procedural safeguards notice on its Internet website if such website exists.
(2) CONTENTS- The procedural safeguards notice shall include a <i>full explanation</i> of the procedural safeguards, written in the native language of the parents, unless it clearly is not feasible to do so, and written in an easily understandable manner, available under this section and under regulations promulgated by the Secretary relating to –	(2) CONTENTSThe procedural safeguards notice shall include a full explanation of the procedural safeguards, written in the native language of the parents (unless it clearly is not feasible to do so) and written in an easily understandable manner, available under this section and under regulations promulgated by the Secretary relating to
 (A) independent educational evaluation; (B) prior written notice; (C) parental consent; (D) access to educational records; (E) opportunity to present complaints; 	 (A) independent educational evaluation; (B) prior written notice; (C) parental consent; (D) access to educational records; (E) the opportunity to present and resolve complaints, including (i) the time period in which to make a complaint; (ii) the opportunity for the agency to resolve the complaint; and
(F) the child's placement during pendency of due process proceedings;	(iii) the availability of mediation; (F) the child's placement during pendency of due process proceedings;
 (G) procedures for students who are subject to placement in an interim alternative educational setting; (H) requirements for unilateral placement by parents of children in private schools at public expense; (I) mediation; 	(G) procedures for students who are subject to placement in an interim alternative educational setting;(H) requirements for unilateral placement by parents of children in private schools at public expense;
(J) due process hearings, including requirements for disclosure of evaluation results and recommendations; (K) State-level appeals (if applicable in that State); (L) civil actions; and	 (I) due process hearings, including requirements for disclosure of evaluation results and recommendations; (J) State-level appeals (if applicable in that State); (K) civil actions, including the time period in which to file such actions; and
(M) attorneys' fees.	(L) attorneys' fees.
(e) MEDIATION- (1) IN GENERAL- Any State educational agency or local educational agency that receives assistance under this part shall ensure that	(e) MEDIATION (1) IN GENERALAny State educational agency or local educational agency that receives assistance under this part shall ensure that

procedures are established and implemented to allow parties to disputes involving any matter described in subsection (b)(6) to resolve such disputes through a mediation process which, at a minimum, shall be available whenever a hearing is requested under subsection (f) or (k).

(2) REQUIREMENTS- Such procedures shall meet the following requirements:

- (A) The procedures shall ensure that the mediation process --
- (i) is voluntary on the part of the parties;
- (ii) is not used to deny or delay a parent's right to a due process hearing under subsection (f), or to deny any other rights afforded under this part; and
- (iii) is conducted by a qualified and impartial mediator who is trained in effective mediation techniques.
- (B) A local educational agency or a State agency may establish procedures to require parents who choose not to use the mediation process to meet, at a time and location convenient to the parents, with a disinterested party who is under contract with
 - (i) a parent training and information center or community parent resource center in the State established under section 682 or 683; or
 - (ii) an appropriate alternative dispute resolution entity; to encourage the use, and explain the benefits, of the mediation process to the parents.
- (C) The State shall maintain a list of individuals who are qualified mediators and knowledgeable in laws and regulations relating to the provision of special education and related services.
- (D) The State shall bear the cost of the mediation process, including the costs of meetings described in subparagraph (B).
- (E) Each session in the mediation process shall be scheduled in a timely manner and shall be held in a location that is convenient to the parties to the dispute.
- (F)An agreement reached by the parties to the dispute in the mediation process shall be set forth in a written mediation agreement.

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procedures are established and implemented to allow parties to disputes involving any matter, including matters arising prior to the filing of a complaint pursuant to subsection (b)(6), to resolve such disputes through a mediation process.

- (2) REQUIREMENTS.--Such procedures shall meet the following requirements:
 - (A) The procedures shall ensure that the mediation process--
 - (i) is voluntary on the part of the parties;
 - (ii) is not used to deny or delay a parent's right to a due process hearing under subsection (f), or to deny any other rights afforded under this part; and
 - (iii) is conducted by a qualified and impartial mediator who is trained in effective mediation techniques.
 - (B) OPPORTUNITY TO MEET WITH A DISINTERESTED PARTY.--A local educational agency or a State agency may establish procedures to offer to parents and schools that choose not to use the mediation process, an opportunity to meet, at a time and location convenient to the parents, with a disinterested party who is under contract with--
 - (i) a parent training and information center or community parent resource center in the State established under section 671 or 672; or
 - (ii) an appropriate alternative dispute resolution entity, to encourage the use, and explain the benefits, of the mediation process to the parents.
 - (C) LIST OF QUALIFIED MEDIATORS.--The State shall maintain a list of individuals who are qualified mediators and knowledgeable in laws and regulations relating to the provision of special education and related services.
 - (D) COSTS.--The State shall bear the cost of the mediation process, including the costs of meetings described in subparagraph (B).
 - (E) SCHEDULING AND LOCATION.--Each session in the mediation process shall be scheduled in a timely manner and shall be held in a location that is convenient to the parties to the dispute.
 - (F) WRITTEN AGREEMENT.--In the case that a resolution is reached to resolve the complaint through the mediation process, the parties shall execute a legally binding agreement that sets forth such resolution and that--
 - (i) states that all discussions that occurred during the mediation process shall be confidential and may not be used as evidence in any

IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress subsequent due process hearing or civil proceeding; (ii) is signed by both the parent and a representative of the agency who has the authority to bind such agency; and (iii) is enforceable in any State court of competent jurisdiction or in a district court of the United States. (G) Discussions that occur during the mediation process shall be (G) MEDIATION DISCUSSIONS.--Discussions that occur during the confidential and may not be used as evidence in any subsequent due mediation process shall be confidential and may not be used as process hearings or civil proceedings and the parties to the mediation evidence in any subsequent due process hearing or civil proceeding. process may be required to sign a confidentiality pledge prior to the commencement of such process. (f) IMPARTIAL DUE PROCESS HEARING-(f) IMPARTIAL DUE PROCESS HEARING.--(1) IN GENERAL.--(1) IN GENERAL- Whenever a complaint has been received under subsection (b)(6) or (k) of this section, the parents involved in such (A) HEARING.--Whenever a complaint has been received under subsection (b)(6) or (k), the parents or the local educational agency complaint shall have an opportunity for an impartial due process hearing, which shall be conducted by the State educational agency or by involved in such complaint shall have an opportunity for an impartial due the local educational agency, as determined by State law or by the State process hearing, which shall be conducted by the State educational educational agency. agency or by the local educational agency, as determined by State law or by the State educational agency. (B) RESOLUTION SESSION .--(i) PRELIMINARY MEETING.--Prior to the opportunity for an impartial due process hearing under subparagraph (A), the local educational agency shall convene a meeting with the parents and the relevant member or members of the IEP Team who have specific knowledge of the facts identified in the complaint--(I) within 15 days of receiving notice of the parents' complaint; (II) which shall include a representative of the agency who has decisionmaking authority on behalf of such agency; (III) which may not include an attorney of the local educational agency unless the parent is accompanied by an attorney; and (IV) where the parents of the child discuss their complaint, and the facts that form the basis of the complaint, and the local educational agency is provided the opportunity to resolve the complaint, unless the parents and the local educational agency agree in writing to waive such meeting, or agree to use the mediation process described in subsection (e). (ii) HEARING.--If the local educational agency has not resolved the complaint to the satisfaction of the parents within 30 days of the receipt of the complaint, the due process hearing may occur, and all of the applicable timelines for a due process hearing under this part shall commence. (iii) WRITTEN SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.--In the case that a resolution

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(2) DISCLOSURE OF EVALUATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS- (A) IN GENERAL- At least 5 business days prior to a hearing conducted pursuant to paragraph (1), each party shall disclose to all other parties all evaluations completed by that date and recommendations based on the offering party's evaluations that the party intends to use at the hearing. (B) FAILURE TO DISCLOSE- A hearing officer may bar any party that fails to comply with subparagraph (A) from introducing the relevant evaluation or recommendation at the hearing without the consent of the other party. (3) LIMITATION ON CONDUCT OF HEARING- A hearing conducted pursuant to paragraph (1) may not be conducted by an employee of the State educational agency or the local educational agency involved in the education or care of the child.	is reached to resolve the complaint at a meeting described in clause (i), the parties shall execute a legally binding agreement that is (I) signed by both the parent and a representative of the agency who has the authority to bind such agency; and (II) enforceable in any State court of competent jurisdiction or in a district court of the United States. (iv) REVIEW PERIOD.—If the parties execute an agreement pursuant to clause (iii), a party may void such agreement within 3 business days of the agreement's execution. (2) DISCLOSURE OF EVALUATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (A) IN GENERAL.—Not less than 5 business days prior to a hearing conducted pursuant to paragraph (1), each party shall disclose to all other parties all evaluations completed by that date, and recommendations based on the offering party's evaluations, that the party intends to use at the hearing. (B) FAILURE TO DISCLOSE.—A hearing officer may bar any party that fails to comply with subparagraph (A) from introducing the relevant evaluation or recommendation at the hearing without the consent of the other party. (3) LIMITATIONS ON HEARING.— (A) PERSON CONDUCTING HEARING.—A hearing officer conducting a hearing pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) shall, at a minimum— (i) not be (i) an employee of the State educational agency or the local educational agency involved in the education or care of the child; or (II) a person having a personal or professional interest that conflicts with the person's objectivity in the hearing; (ii) possess knowledge of, and the ability to understand, the provisions of this title, person and ability to conduct hearings in accordance with appropriate, standard legal practice; and (iv) possess the knowledge and ability to conduct hearings in accordance with appropriate, standard legal practice; and (iv) possess the knowledge and ability to render and write decisions in accordance with appropriate, standard legal practice; and (iv) possess the knowledge and ability to conduct hearings in accordance with appropriate, st

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	forms the basis of the complaint, or, if the State has an explicit time limitation for requesting such a hearing under this part, in such time as the State law allows. (D) EXCEPTIONS TO THE TIMELINEThe timeline described in subparagraph (C) shall not apply to a parent if the parent was prevented from requesting the hearing due to (i) specific misrepresentations by the local educational agency that it had resolved the problem forming the basis of the complaint; or (ii) the local educational agency's withholding of information from the parent that was required under this part to be provided to the parent. (E) DECISION OF HEARING OFFICER (i) IN GENERALSubject to clause (ii), a decision made by a hearing officer shall be made on substantive grounds based on a determination of whether the child received a free appropriate public education. (ii) PROCEDURAL ISSUESIn matters alleging a procedural violation, a hearing officer may find that a child did not receive a free appropriate public education only if the procedural inadequacies (I) impeded the child's right to a free appropriate public education; (II) significantly impeded the parents' opportunity to participate in the decisionmaking process regarding the provision of a free appropriate public education to the parents' child; or (III) caused a deprivation of educational benefits. (iii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTIONNothing in this subparagraph shall be construed to preclude a hearing officer from ordering a local educational agency to comply with procedural requirements under this section. (F) RULE OF CONSTRUCTIONNothing in this paragraph shall be construed to affect the right of a parent to file a complaint with the State educational agency.
(g) APPEAL- If the hearing required by subsection (f) is conducted by a local educational agency, any party aggrieved by the findings and decision rendered in such a hearing may appeal such findings and decision to the State educational agency. Such agency shall conduct an impartial review of such decision. The officer conducting such review shall make an independent decision upon completion of such review.	 (g) APPEAL (1) IN GENERALIf the hearing required by subsection (f) is conducted by a local educational agency, any party aggrieved by the findings and decision rendered in such a hearing may appeal such findings and decision to the State educational agency. (2) IMPARTIAL REVIEW AND INDEPENDENT DECISIONThe State educational agency shall conduct an impartial review of the findings and decision appealed under paragraph (1). The officer conducting such review shall make an independent decision upon completion of such review.

- (h) SAFEGUARDS- Any party to a hearing conducted pursuant to subsection (f) or (k), or an appeal conducted pursuant to subsection (g), shall be accorded
 - (1) the right to be accompanied and advised by counsel and by individuals with special knowledge or training with respect to the problems of children with disabilities;
 - (2) the right to present evidence and confront, cross-examine, and compel the attendance of witnesses;
 - (3) the right to a written, or, at the option of the parents, electronic verbatim record of such hearing; and
 - (4) the right to written, or, at the option of the parents, electronic findings of fact and decisions (which findings and decisions shall be made available to the public consistent with the requirements of section 617(c) (relating to the confidentiality of data, information, and records) and shall also be transmitted to the advisory panel established pursuant to section 612(a)(21)).
- (i) ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES-
 - (1) IN GENERAL-
 - (A) DECISION MADE IN HEARING- A decision made in a hearing conducted pursuant to subsection (f) or (k) shall be final, except that any party involved in such hearing may appeal such decision under the provisions of subsection (g) and paragraph (2) of this subsection.
 - (B) DECISION MADE AT APPEAL- A decision made under subsection (g) shall be final, except that any party may bring an action under
 - paragraph (2) of this subsection.
 - (2) Right to bring civil action .--
 - (A) In general.--Any party aggrieved by the findings and decision made under subsection (f) or (k) who does not have the right to an appeal under subsection (g), and any party aggrieved by the findings and decision under this subsection, shall have the right to bring a civil action with respect to the complaint presented pursuant to this section, which action may be brought in any State court of competent jurisdiction or in a district court of the United States without regard to the amount in controversy.

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- (h) SAFEGUARDS.--Any party to a hearing conducted pursuant to subsection (f) or (k), or an appeal conducted pursuant to subsection (g), shall be accorded--
- (1) the right to be accompanied and advised by counsel and by individuals with special knowledge or training with respect to the problems of children with disabilities:
- (2) the right to present evidence and confront, cross-examine, and compel the attendance of witnesses;
- (3) the right to a written, or, at the option of the parents, electronic verbatim record of such hearing; and
- (4) the right to written, or, at the option of the parents, electronic findings of fact and decisions, which findings and decisions--
 - (A) shall be made available to the public consistent with the requirements of section 617(b) (relating to the confidentiality of data, information, and records); and
 - (B) shall be transmitted to the advisory panel established pursuant to section 612(a)(21).
- (i) ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES .--
 - (1) IN GENERAL.--
 - (A) DECISION MADE IN HEARING.--A decision made in a hearing conducted pursuant to subsection (f) or (k) shall be final, except that any party involved in such hearing may appeal such decision under the provisions of subsection (g) and paragraph (2).
 - (B) DECISION MADE AT APPEAL.--A decision made under subsection (g) shall be final, except that any party may bring an action under paragraph (2).
 - (2) RIGHT TO BRING CIVIL ACTION .--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--Any party aggrieved by the findings and decision made under subsection (f) or (k) who does not have the right to an appeal under subsection (g), and any party aggrieved by the findings and decision made under this subsection, shall have the right to bring a civil action with respect to the complaint presented pursuant to this section, which action may be brought in any State court of competent jurisdiction or in a district court of the United States, without regard to the amount in controversy.
 - (B) LIMITATION.--The party bringing the action shall have 90 days from the date of the decision of the hearing officer to bring such an action, or, if the State has an explicit time limitation for bringing such action under this

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- (B) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS- In any action brought under this paragraph, the court --
 - (i) shall receive the records of the administrative proceedings;
 - (ii) shall hear additional evidence at the request of a party; and
 - (iii) basing its decision on the preponderance of the evidence, shall grant such relief as the court determines is appropriate.
- (3) JURISDICTION OF DISTRICT COURTS; ATTORNEYS' FEES-
- (A) IN GENERAL- The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction of actions brought under this section without regard to the amount in controversy.
- (B) AWARD OF ATTORNEYS' FEES- In any action or proceeding brought under this section, the court, in its discretion, may award reasonable attorneys' fees as part of the costs to the parents of a child with a disability who is the prevailing party.

- (C) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF ATTORNEYS' FEES- Fees awarded under this paragraph shall be based on rates prevailing in the community in which the action or proceeding arose for the kind and quality of services furnished. No bonus or multiplier may be used in calculating the fees awarded under this subsection.
- (D) PROHIBITION OF ATTORNEYS' FEES AND RELATED COSTS FOR CERTAIN SERVICES-
- (i) Attorneys' fees may not be awarded and related costs may not be

part, in such time as the State law allows.

- (C) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.--In any action brought under this paragraph, the court--
 - (i) shall receive the records of the administrative proceedings;
 - (ii) shall hear additional evidence at the request of a party; and
 - (iii) basing its decision on the preponderance of the evidence, shall grant such relief as the court determines is appropriate.
- (3) JURISDICTION OF DISTRICT COURTS; ATTORNEYS' FEES.--
- (A) IN GENERAL.--The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction of actions brought under this section without regard to the amount in controversy.
- (B) AWARD OF ATTORNEYS' FEES .--
- (i) IN GENERAL.--In any action or proceeding brought under this section, the court, in its discretion, may award reasonable attorneys' fees as part of the costs--
- (I) to a prevailing party who is the parent of a child with a disability;
- (II) to a prevailing party who is a State educational agency or local educational agency against the attorney of a parent who files a complaint or subsequent cause of action that is frivolous, unreasonable, or without foundation, or against the attorney of a parent who continued to litigate after the litigation clearly became frivolous, unreasonable, or without foundation; or
- (III) to a prevailing State educational agency or local educational agency against the attorney of a parent, or against the parent, if the parent's complaint or subsequent cause of action was presented for any improper purpose, such as to harass, to cause unnecessary delay, or to needlessly increase the cost of litigation.
- (ii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.--Nothing in this subparagraph shall be construed to affect section 327 of the District of Columbia Appropriations Act, 2005.
- (C) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF ATTORNEYS' FEES.--Fees awarded under this paragraph shall be based on rates prevailing in the community in which the action or proceeding arose for the kind and quality of services furnished. No bonus or multiplier may be used in calculating the fees awarded under this subsection.
- (D) PROHIBITION OF ATTORNEYS' FEES AND RELATED COSTS FOR CERTAIN SERVICES.--
 - (i) IN GENERAL.--Attorneys' fees may not be awarded and related costs may not be reimbursed in any action or proceeding under this

reimbursed in any action or proceeding under this section for services performed subsequent to the time of a written offer of settlement to a parent if --

- (I) the offer is made within the time prescribed by Rule 68 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or, in the case of an administrative proceeding, at any time more than 10 days before the proceeding begins;
- (II) the offer is not accepted within 10 days; and
- (III) the court or administrative hearing officer finds that the relief finally obtained by the parents is not more favorable to the parents than the offer of settlement.
- (ii) Attorneys' fees may not be awarded relating to any meeting of the IEP Team unless such meeting is convened as a result of an administrative proceeding or judicial action, or, at the discretion of the State, for a mediation described in subsection (e) that is conducted prior to the filing of a complaint under subsection (b)(6) or (k) of this section.
- (E) EXCEPTION TO PROHIBITION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES AND RELATED COSTS- Notwithstanding subparagraph (D), an award of attorneys' fees and related costs may be made to a parent who is the prevailing party and who was substantially justified in rejecting the settlement offer.
- (F) REDUCTION IN AMOUNT OF ATTORNEYS' FEES- Except as provided in subparagraph (G), whenever the court finds that --
 - (i) the parent, during the course of the action or proceeding, unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the controversy;
- (ii) the amount of the attorneys' fees otherwise authorized to be awarded unreasonably exceeds the hourly rate prevailing in the community for similar services by attorneys of reasonably comparable skill, reputation, and experience;
- (iii) the time spent and legal services furnished were excessive considering the nature of the action or proceeding; or
- (iv) the attorney representing the parent did not provide to the

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section for services performed subsequent to the time of a written offer of settlement to a parent if--

- (I) the offer is made within the time prescribed by Rule 68 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or, in the case of an administrative proceeding, at any time more than 10 days before the proceeding begins;
- (II) the offer is not accepted within 10 days; and
- (III) the court or administrative hearing officer finds that the relief finally obtained by the parents is not more favorable to the parents than the offer of settlement.
- (ii) IEP TEAM MEETINGS.--Attorneys' fees may not be awarded relating to any meeting of the IEP Team unless such meeting is convened as a result of an administrative proceeding or judicial action, or, at the discretion of the State, for a mediation described in subsection (e).
- (iii) OPPORTUNITY TO RESOLVE COMPLAINTS.--A meeting conducted pursuant to subsection (f)(1)(B)(i) shall not be considered--
 - (I) a meeting convened as a result of an administrative hearing or judicial action; or
 - (II) an administrative hearing or judicial action for purposes of this paragraph.
- (E) EXCEPTION TO PROHIBITION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES AND RELATED COSTS.--Notwithstanding subparagraph (D), an award of attorneys' fees and related costs may be made to a parent who is the prevailing party and who was substantially justified in rejecting the settlement offer.
- (F) REDUCTION IN AMOUNT OF ATTORNEYS' FEES.--Except as provided in subparagraph (G), whenever the court finds that--
 - (i) the parent, **or the parent's attorney**, during the course of the action or proceeding, unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the controversy;
 - (ii) the amount of the attorneys' fees otherwise authorized to be awarded unreasonably exceeds the hourly rate prevailing in the community for similar services by attorneys of reasonably comparable skill, reputation, and experience;
 - (iii) the time spent and legal services furnished were excessive considering the nature of the action or proceeding; or
 - (iv) the attorney representing the parent did not provide to the local

school district the appropriate information in the due process complaint in accordance with subsection (b)(7); the court shall reduce, accordingly, the amount of the attorneys' fees awarded under this section.

- (G) EXCEPTION TO REDUCTION IN AMOUNT OF ATTORNEYS' FEES- The provisions of subparagraph (F) shall not apply in any action or proceeding if the court finds that the State or local educational agency unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the action or proceeding or there was a violation of this section.
- (j) MAINTENANCE OF CURRENT EDUCATIONAL PLACEMENT- Except as provided in subsection (k)(7), during the pendency of any proceedings conducted pursuant to this section, unless the State or local educational agency and the parents otherwise agree, the child shall remain in the then-current educational placement of such child, or, if applying for initial admission to a public school, shall, with the consent of the parents, be placed in the public school program until all such proceedings have been completed.
- (k) PLACEMENT IN ALTERNATIVE EDUCATIONAL SETTING-(1) AUTHORITY OF SCHOOL PERSONNEL-
 - (A) School personnel under this section may order a change in the placement of a child with a disability
 - (i) to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting, another setting, or suspension, for not more than 10 school days (to the extent such alternatives would be applied to children without disabilities); and
 - (ii) to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for the same amount of time that a child without a disability would be subject to discipline, but for not more than 45 days if
 - (I) the child carries a weapon to school or to a school function under the jurisdiction of a State or a local educational agency; or (II) the child knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance while at school or a school function under the jurisdiction of a State or local educational agency.

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educational agency the appropriate information in the notice of the complaint described in subsection (b)(7)(A), the court shall reduce, accordingly, the amount of the attorneys' fees awarded under this section.

- (G) EXCEPTION TO REDUCTION IN AMOUNT OF ATTORNEYS' FEES.--The provisions of subparagraph (F) shall not apply in any action or proceeding if the court finds that the State or local educational agency unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the action or proceeding or there was a violation of this section.
- (j) MAINTENANCE OF CURRENT EDUCATIONAL PLACEMENT.--Except as provided in subsection (k)(4), during the pendency of any proceedings conducted pursuant to this section, unless the State or local educational agency and the parents otherwise agree, the child shall remain in the thencurrent educational placement of the child, or, if applying for initial admission to a public school, shall, with the consent of the parents, be placed in the public school program until all such proceedings have been completed.
- (k) PLACEMENT IN ALTERNATIVE EDUCATIONAL SETTING.--
- (1) AUTHORITY OF SCHOOL PERSONNEL.--
 - (A) CASE-BY-CASE DETERMINATION.--School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.
 - (B) AUTHORITY.--School personnel under this subsection may remove a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct from their current placement to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting, another setting, or suspension, for not more than 10 school days (to the extent such alternatives are applied to children without disabilities).
 - (C) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY.--If school personnel seek to order a change in placement that would exceed 10 school days and the behavior that gave rise to the violation of the school code is determined not to be a manifestation of the child's disability pursuant to subparagraph (E), the relevant disciplinary procedures applicable to children without disabilities may be applied to the child in the same manner and for the same duration in which the procedures would be

IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress (B) Either before or not later than 10 days after taking a disciplinary applied to children without disabilities, except as provided in section action described in subparagraph (A) --612(a)(1) although it may be provided in an interim alternative (i) if the local educational agency did not conduct a functional educational setting. behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention (D) SERVICES.--A child with a disability who is removed from the child's plan for such child before the behavior that resulted in the current placement under subparagraph (G) (irrespective of whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability) or suspension described in subparagraph (A), the agency shall convene an IEP meeting to develop an assessment plan to address subparagraph (C) shall-that behavior; or (i) continue to receive educational services, as provided in section (ii) if the child already has a behavioral intervention plan, the IEP 612(a)(1), so as to enable the child to continue to participate in the Team shall review the plan and modify it, as necessary, to address general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP; and the behavior. (2) AUTHORITY OF HEARING OFFICER- A hearing officer under this (ii) receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment, behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to section may order a change in the placement of a child with a disability address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 days if the hearing officer --(A) determines that the public agency has demonstrated by substantial evidence that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others; (B) considers the appropriateness of the child's current placement; (C) considers whether the public agency has made reasonable efforts to minimize the risk of harm in the child's current placement, including the use of supplementary aids and services; and (D) determines that the interim alternative educational setting meets the requirements of paragraph (3)(B). (3) DETERMINATION OF SETTING-(A) IN GENERAL- The alternative educational setting described in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) shall be determined by the IEP Team. (B) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS- Any interim alternative educational setting in which a child is placed under paragraph (1) or (2) shall --(i) be selected so as to enable the child to continue to participate in the general curriculum, although in another setting, and to continue to receive those services and modifications, including those described in the child's current IEP, that will enable the child to meet the goals set out in that IEP; and (ii) include services and modifications designed to address the

not recur.

behavior described in paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) so that it does

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(4) MANIFESTATION DETERMINATION REVIEW-

- (A) IN GENERAL- If a disciplinary action is contemplated as described in paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) for a behavior of a child with a disability described in either of those paragraphs, or if a disciplinary action involving a change of placement for more than 10 days is contemplated for a child with a disability who has engaged in other behavior that violated any rule or code of conduct of the local educational agency that applies to all children --
 - (i) not later than the date on which the decision to take that action is made, the parents shall be notified of that decision and of all procedural safeguards accorded under this section; and
 - (ii) immediately, if possible, but in no case later than 10 school days after the date on which the decision to take that action is made, a review shall be conducted of the relationship between the child's disability and the behavior subject to the disciplinary action.
- (B) INDIVIDUALS TO CARRY OUT REVIEW- A review described in subparagraph (A) shall be conducted by the IEP Team and other qualified personnel.
- (C) CONDUCT OF REVIEW- In carrying out a review described in subparagraph (A), the IEP Team may determine that the behavior of the child was not a manifestation of such child's disability only if the IEP Team --
 - (i) first considers, in terms of the behavior subject to disciplinary action, all relevant information, including --
 - (I) evaluation and diagnostic results, including such results or other relevant information supplied by the parents of the child;
 - (II) observations of the child; and
 - (III) the child's IEP and placement; and
 - (ii) then determines that --
 - (I) in relationship to the behavior subject to disciplinary action, the child's IEP and placement were appropriate and the special education services, supplementary aids and services, and behavior intervention strategies were provided consistent with the child's IEP and placement;
 - (II) the child's disability did not impair the ability of the child to understand the impact and consequences of the behavior subject to disciplinary action; and
 - (III) the child's disability did not impair the ability of the child to

(E) MANIFESTATION DETERMINATION .--

- (i) IN GENERAL.--Except as provided in subparagraph (B), within 10 school days of any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the local educational agency, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP Team (as determined by the parent and the local educational agency) shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine--
 - (I) if the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- (II) if the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP.
- (ii) MANIFESTATION.--If the local educational agency, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP Team determine that either subclause (I) or (II) of clause (i) is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.
- (F) DETERMINATION THAT BEHAVIOR WAS A MANIFESTATION.--If the local educational agency, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP Team shall--
- (i) conduct a functional behavioral assessment, and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the local educational agency had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement described in subparagraph (C) or (G);
- (ii) in the situation where a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- (iii) except as provided in subparagraph (G), return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent and the local educational agency agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.
- (G) SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES.--School personnel may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability, in cases where a child--
 - (i) carries or possesses a weapon to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function under the jurisdiction of a State or local educational agency;

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(5) DETERMIATION THAT BEHAVIOR WAS NOT MANIFESTATION OF DISABILITY- (A) IN GENERAL- If the result of the review described in paragraph (4) is a determination, consistent with paragraph (4)(C), that the behavior of the child with a disability was not a manifestation of the child's disability, the relevant disciplinary procedures applicable to children without disabilities may be applied to the child in the same manner in which they would be applied to children without disabilities, except as	 (ii) knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of a State or local educational agency; or (iii) has inflicted serious bodily injury upon another person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of a State or local educational agency. (H) NOTIFICATIONNot later than the date on which the decision to take disciplinary action is made, the local educational agency shall notify the parents of that decision, and of all procedural safeguards accorded under this section. (2) DETERMINATION OF SETTINGThe interim alternative educational setting in subparagraphs (C) and (G) of paragraph (1) shall be determined by the IEP Team. (3) APPEAL (A) IN GENERALThe parent of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination under this subsection, or a local educational agency that believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request a hearing. (B) AUTHORITY OF HEARING OFFICER (i) IN GENERALA hearing officer shall hear, and make a determination regarding, an appeal requested under subparagraph (A). (ii) CHANGE OF PLACEMENT ORDERIn making the determination under clause (i), the hearing officer may order a change in placement of a child with a disability. In such situations, the hearing officer may (I) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (II) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.<

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provided in section 612(a)(1). (B) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT- If the public agency initiates disciplinary procedures applicable to all children, the agency shall ensure that the special education and disciplinary records of the child with a disability are transmitted for consideration by the person or persons making the final determination regarding the disciplinary action	
 (6) PARENT APPEAL- (A) IN GENERAL- (i) If the child's parent disagrees with a determination that the child's behavior was not a manifestation of the child's disability or with any decision regarding placement, the parent may request a hearing. (ii) The State or local educational agency shall arrange for an expedited hearing in any case described in this subsection when requested by a parent. (B) REVIEW OF DECISION- (i) In reviewing a decision with respect to the manifestation determination, the hearing officer shall determine whether the public agency has demonstrated that the child's behavior was not a manifestation of such child's disability consistent with the requirements of paragraph (4)(C). (ii) In reviewing a decision under paragraph (1)(A)(ii) to place the child in an interim alternative educational setting, the hearing officer shall apply the standards set out in paragraph (2). 	
(7) PLACEMENT DURING APPEALS- (A) IN GENERAL- When a parent requests a hearing regarding a disciplinary action described in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) or paragraph (2) to challenge the interim alternative educational setting or the manifestation determination, the child shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer or until the expiration of the time period provided for in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) or paragraph (2), whichever occurs first, unless the parent and the State or local educational agency agree otherwise. (B) CURRENT PLACEMENT- If a child is placed in an interim alternative educational setting pursuant to paragraph (1)(A)(ii) or paragraph (2) and school personnel propose to change the child's	 (4) PLACEMENT DURING APPEALSWhen an appeal under paragraph (3) has been requested by either the parent or the local educational agency (A) the child shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer or until the expiration of the time period provided for in paragraph (1)(C), whichever occurs first, unless the parent and the State or local educational agency agree otherwise; and (B) the State or local educational agency shall arrange for an expedited hearing, which shall occur within 20 school days of the date the hearing is requested and shall result in a determination within 10 school days after the hearing.

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placement after expiration of the interim alternative placement, during the pendency of any proceeding to challenge the proposed change in placement, the child shall remain in the current placement (the child's placement prior to the interim alternative educational setting), except as provided in subparagraph (C). (C) EXPEDITED HEARING- (i) If school personnel maintain that it is dangerous for the child to be in the current placement (placement prior to removal to the interim alternative education setting) during the pendency of the due process proceedings, the local educational agency may request an expedited hearing. (ii) In determining whether the child may be placed in the alternative educational setting or in another appropriate placement ordered by the hearing officer, the hearing officer shall apply the standards set out in paragraph (2). (8) PROTECTIONS FOR CHILDREN NOT YET ELIGIBLE FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION AND RELATED SERVICES- (A) IN GENERAL- A child who has not been determined to be eligible for special education and related services under this part and who has engaged in behavior that violated any rule or code of conduct of the local educational agency, including any behavior described in paragraph (1), may assert any of the protections provided for in this part if the local educational agency had knowledge (as determined in accordance with this paragraph) that the child was a child with a disability before the behavior that precipitated the disciplinary action occurred.	(5) PROTECTIONS FOR CHILDREN NOT YET ELIGIBLE FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION AND RELATED SERVICES (A) IN GENERALA child who has not been determined to be eligible for special education and related services under this part and who has engaged in behavior that violates a code of student conduct, may assert any of the protections provided for in this part if the local educational agency had knowledge (as determined in accordance with this paragraph) that the child was a child with a disability before the behavior that precipitated the disciplinary action occurred.
(B) BASIS OF KNOWLEDGE- A local educational agency shall be deemed to have knowledge that a child is a child with a disability if — (i) the parent of the child has expressed concern in writing (unless the parent is illiterate or has a disability that prevents compliance with the requirements contained in this clause) to personnel of the appropriate educational agency that the child is in need of special education and related services; (ii) the behavior or performance of the child demonstrates the need for such services; (iii) the parent of the child has requested an evaluation of the child pursuant to section 614; or (iv) the teacher of the child, or other personnel of the local	(B) BASIS OF KNOWLEDGEA local educational agency shall be deemed to have knowledge that a child is a child with a disability if, before the behavior that precipitated the disciplinary action occurred (i) the parent of the child has expressed concern in writing to supervisory or administrative personnel of the appropriate educational agency, or a teacher of the child, that the child is in need of special education and related services; (ii) the parent of the child has requested an evaluation of the child pursuant to section 614(a)(1)(B); or (iii) the teacher of the child, or other personnel of the local educational agency, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education

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educational agency, has expressed concern about the behavior or performance of the child to the director of special education of such agency or to other personnel of the agency.

- (C) CONDITIONS THAT APPLY IF NO BASIS OF KNOWLEDGE-
- (i) IN GENERAL- If a local educational agency does not have knowledge that a child is a child with a disability (in accordance with subparagraph (B)) prior to taking disciplinary measures against the child, the child may be subjected to the same disciplinary measures as measures applied to children without disabilities who engaged in comparable behaviors consistent with clause (ii).
- (ii) LIMITATIONS- If a request is made for an evaluation of a child during the time period in which the child is subjected to disciplinary measures under paragraph (1) or (2), the evaluation shall be conducted in an expedited manner. If the child is determined to be a child with a disability, taking into consideration information from the evaluation conducted by the agency and information provided by the parents, the agency shall provide special education and related services in accordance with the provisions of this part, except that, pending the results of the evaluation, the child shall remain in the educational placement determined by school authorities.
- (9) REFERRAL TO AND ACTION BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AND JUDICIAL AUTHORITIES-
 - (A) Nothing in this part shall be construed to prohibit an agency from reporting a crime committed by a child with a disability to appropriate authorities or to prevent State law enforcement and judicial authorities from exercising their responsibilities with regard to the application of Federal and State law to crimes committed by a child with a disability.
 - (B) An agency reporting a crime committed by a child with a disability shall ensure that copies of the special education and disciplinary records of the child are transmitted for consideration by the appropriate authorities to whom it reports the crime.
- (10) DEFINITIONS- For purposes of this subsection, the following

of such agency or to other supervisory personnel of the agency. (C) EXCEPTION.--A local educational agency shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the child is a child with a disability if the parent of the child has not allowed an evaluation of the child pursuant to section 614 or has refused services under this part or the child has been evaluated and it was determined that the child was not a child with a disability under this part. (D) CONDITIONS THAT APPLY IF NO BASIS OF KNOWLEDGE.--

- (i) IN GENERAL.--If a local educational agency does not have knowledge that a child is a child with a disability (in accordance with subparagraph (B) or (C)) prior to taking disciplinary measures against the child, the child may be subjected to disciplinary measures applied to children without disabilities who engaged in comparable behaviors consistent with clause (ii).
- (ii) LIMITATIONS.--If a request is made for an evaluation of a child during the time period in which the child is subjected to disciplinary measures under this subsection, the evaluation shall be conducted in an expedited manner. If the child is determined to be a child with a disability, taking into consideration information from the evaluation conducted by the agency and information provided by the parents, the agency shall provide special education and related services in accordance with this part, except that, pending the results of the evaluation, the child shall remain in the educational placement determined by school authorities.
- (6) REFERRAL TO AND ACTION BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AND JUDICIAL AUTHORITIES.--
 - (A) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.--Nothing in this part shall be construed to prohibit an agency from reporting a crime committed by a child with a disability to appropriate authorities or to prevent State law enforcement and judicial authorities from exercising their responsibilities with regard to the application of Federal and State law to crimes committed by a child with a disability.
 - (B) TRANSMITTAL OF RECORDS.--An agency reporting a crime committed by a child with a disability shall ensure that copies of the special education and disciplinary records of the child are transmitted for consideration by the appropriate authorities to whom the agency reports the crime.
- (7) DEFINITIONS.--In this subsection:

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definitions apply:

- (A) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE- The term 'controlled substance' means a drug or other substance identified under schedules I, II, III, IV, or V in section 202(c) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812(c)).
- (B) ILLEGAL DRUG- The term 'illegal drug' --
 - (i) means a controlled substance; but
 - (ii) does not include such a substance that is legally possessed or used under the supervision of a licensed health-care professional or that is legally possessed or used under any other authority under that Act or under any other provision of Federal law.
- (C) SUBSTANTIAL EVIDENCE- The term 'substantial evidence' means beyond a preponderance of the evidence.
- (D) WEAPON- The term 'weapon' has the meaning given the term 'dangerous weapon' under paragraph (2) of the first subsection (g) of section 930 of title 18, United States Code.
- (I) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION- Nothing in this title shall be construed to restrict or limit the rights, procedures, and remedies available under the Constitution, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, title V of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or other Federal laws protecting the rights of children with disabilities, except that before the filing of a civil action under such laws seeking relief that is also available under this part, the procedures under subsections (f) and (g) shall be exhausted to the same extent as would be required had the action been brought under this part.
- (m) TRANSFER OF PARENTAL RIGHTS AT AGE OF MAJORITY-
- (1) IN GENERAL- A State that receives amounts from a grant under this part may provide that, when a child with a disability reaches the age of majority under State law (except for a child with a disability who has been determined to be incompetent under State law) --
 - (A) the public agency shall provide any notice required by this section to both the individual and the parents;
 - (B) all other rights accorded to parents under this part transfer to the child:

- (A) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.--The term `controlled substance' means a drug or other substance identified under schedule I, II, III, IV, or V in section 202(c) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812(c)).
- (B) ILLEGAL DRUG.--The term `illegal drug' means a controlled substance but does not include a controlled substance that is legally possessed or used under the supervision of a licensed health-care professional or that is legally possessed or used under any other authority under that Act or under any other provision of Federal law.
- (C) WEAPON.--The term `weapon' has the meaning given the term `dangerous weapon' under section 930(g)(2) of title 18, United States Code.
- (D) SERIOUS BODILY INJURY.--The term `serious bodily injury' has the meaning given the term `serious bodily injury' under paragraph (3) of subsection (h) of section 1365 of title 18, United States Code.
- (I) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.--Nothing in this title shall be construed to restrict or limit the rights, procedures, and remedies available under the Constitution, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, title V of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or other Federal laws protecting the rights of children with disabilities, except that before the filing of a civil action under such laws seeking relief that is also available under this part, the procedures under subsections (f) and (g) shall be exhausted to the same extent as would be required had the action been brought under this part.
- (m) TRANSFER OF PARENTAL RIGHTS AT AGE OF MAJORITY.--
- (1) IN GENERAL.--A State that receives amounts from a grant under this part may provide that, when a child with a disability reaches the age of majority under State law (except for a child with a disability who has been determined to be incompetent under State law)--
 - (A) the agency shall provide any notice required by this section to both the individual and the parents;
 - (B) all other rights accorded to parents under this part transfer to the child;

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- (C) the agency shall notify the individual and the parents of the transfer of rights; and
- (D) all rights accorded to parents under this part transfer to children who are incarcerated in an adult or juvenile Federal, State, or local correctional institution.
- (2) SPECIAL RULE- If, under State law, a child with a disability who has reached the age of majority under State law, who has not been determined to be incompetent, but who is determined not to have the ability to provide informed consent with respect to the educational program of the child, the State shall establish procedures for appointing the parent of the child, or if the parent is not available, another appropriate individual, to represent the educational interests of the child throughout the period of eligibility of the child under this part.
- (C) the agency shall notify the individual and the parents of the transfer of rights; and
- (D) all rights accorded to parents under this part transfer to children who are incarcerated in an adult or juvenile Federal, State, or local correctional institution.
- (2) SPECIAL RULE.--If, under State law, a child with a disability who has reached the age of majority under State law, who has not been determined to be incompetent, but who is determined not to have the ability to provide informed consent with respect to the educational program of the child, the State shall establish procedures for appointing the parent of the child, or if the parent is not available, another appropriate individual, to represent the educational interests of the child throughout the period of eligibility of the child under this part.
- (n) ELECTRONIC MAIL.--A parent of a child with a disability may elect to receive notices required under this section by an electronic mail (e-mail) communication, if the agency makes such option available.
- (o) SEPARATE COMPLAINT.--Nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude a parent from filing a separate due process complaint on an issue separate from a due process complaint already filed.

Comparison of IDEA '97 to H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress – November 19, 2004

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SEC. 616. WITHHOLDING AND JUDICIAL REVIEW. (a) WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENTS- (1) IN GENERAL- Whenever the Secretary, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State educational agency involved (and to any local educational agency or State agency affected by any failure described in subparagraph (B)), finds — (A) that there has been a failure by the State to comply substantially with any provision of this part; or (B) that there is a failure to comply with any condition of a local educational agency's or State agency's eligibility under this part, including the terms of any agreement to achieve compliance with this part within the timelines specified in the agreement; the Secretary shall, after notifying the State educational agency, withhold, in whole or in part, any further payments to the State under this part, or refer the matter for appropriate enforcement action, which may include referral to the Department of Justice. (2) NATURE OF WITHHOLDING- If the Secretary withholds further payments under paragraph (1), the Secretary may determine that such withholding will be limited to programs or projects, or portions thereof, affected by the failure, or that the State educational agency shall not make further payments under this part to specified local educational agencies or State agencies affected by the failure. Until the Secretary is satisfied that there is no longer any failure to comply with the provisions of this part, as specified in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1), payments to the State under this part shall be withheld in whole or in part, or payments by the State educational agency under this part shall be limited to local educational agencies and State agencies whose actions did not cause or were not involved in the failure, as the case may be. Any State educational agencies and State agencies whose actions did not cause or were not involved in the failure, as the case may be. Any State educational agency, State agency, or local educational agency that has received notice unde	SEC. 616. MONITORING, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, AND ENFORCEMENT.
	(a) FEDERAL AND STATE MONITORING

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	(1) IN GENERALThe Secretary shall (A) monitor implementation of this part through (i) oversight of the exercise of general supervision by the States, as required in section 612(a)(11); and (ii) the State performance plans, described in subsection (b); (B) enforce this part in accordance with subsection (e); and (C) require States to (i) monitor implementation of this part by local educational agencies; and (ii) enforce this part in accordance with paragraph (3) and subsection (e). (2) FOCUSED MONITORINGThe primary focus of Federal and State monitoring activities described in paragraph (1) shall be on (A) improving educational results and functional outcomes for all children with disabilities; and (B) ensuring that States meet the program requirements under this part, with a particular emphasis on those requirements that are most closely related to improving educational results for children with disabilities. (3) MONITORING PRIORITIESThe Secretary shall monitor the States, and shall require each State to monitor the local educational agencies located in the State (except the State exercise of general supervisory responsibility), using quantifiable indicators in each of the following priority areas, and using such qualitative indicators as are needed to adequately measure performance in the following priority areas: (A) Provision of a free appropriate public education in the least restrictive environment. (B) State exercise of general supervisory authority, including child find, effective monitoring, the use of resolution sessions, mediation, voluntary binding arbitration, and a system of transition services as defined in sections 602(34) and 637(a)(9). (C) Disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in special education and related services, to the extent the representation is the result of inappropriate identification. (4) PERMISSIVE AREAS OF REVIEWThe Secretary shall consider other relevant information and data, including data provided by States under section 618.
	(b) STATE PERFORMANCE PLANS (1) PLAN (A) IN GENERALNot later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, each State shall have in place a performance plan that evaluates that State's efforts to implement the requirements and purposes of this part and describes how the State will improve such implementation.

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IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17	(B) SUBMISSION FOR APPROVAL.—Each State shall submit the State's performance plan to the Secretary for approval in accordance with the approval process described in subsection (c). (C) REVIEW.—Each State shall review its State performance plan at least once every 6 years and submit any amendments to the Secretary. (2) TARGETS.— (A) IN GENERAL.—As a part of the State performance plan described under paragraph (1), each State shall establish measurable and rigorous targets for the indicators established under the priority areas described in subsection (a)(3). (B) DATA COLLECTION.— (i) IN GENERAL.—Each State shall collect valid and reliable information as needed to report annually to the Secretary on the priority areas described in subsection (a)(3). (ii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to authorize the development of a nationwide database of personally identifiable information on individuals involved in studies or other collections of data under this part. (C) PUBLIC REPORTING AND PRIVACY.— (i) IN GENERAL.—The State shall use the targets established in the plan and priority areas described in subsection (a)(3) to analyze the performance of each local educational agency in the State in implementing this part. (ii) REPORT.— (I) PUBLIC REPORT.—The State shall report annually to the public on the performance of each local educational agency located in the State on the targets in the State's performance plan. The State shall make the State's performance plan available through public means, including by posting on the website of the State educational agency, distribution to the media, and distribution through public agencies.
	(II) STATE PERFORMANCE REPORTThe State shall report annually to the Secretary on the performance of the State under the State's performance plan. (iii) PRIVACYThe State shall not report to the public or the Secretary
	any information on performance that would result in the disclosure of personally identifiable information about individual children or where the available data is insufficient to yield statistically reliable information.
	(c) APPROVAL PROCESS (1) DEEMED APPROVALThe Secretary shall review (including the specific provisions described in subsection (b)) each performance plan submitted by a State pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(B) and the plan shall be deemed to be approved by the Secretary unless the Secretary makes a written

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	determination, prior to the expiration of the 120-day period beginning on the date on which the Secretary received the plan, that the plan does not meet the requirements of this section, including the specific provisions described in subsection (b). (2) DISAPPROVALThe Secretary shall not finally disapprove a performance plan, except after giving the State notice and an opportunity for a hearing. (3) NOTIFICATIONIf the Secretary finds that the plan does not meet the requirements, in whole or in part, of this section, the Secretary shall (A) give the State notice and an opportunity for a hearing; and (B) notify the State of the finding, and in such notification shall (i) cite the specific provisions in the plan that do not meet the requirements; and (ii) request additional information, only as to the provisions not meeting the requirements, needed for the plan to meet the requirements of this section. (4) RESPONSEIf the State responds to the Secretary's notification described in paragraph (3)(B) during the 30-day period beginning on the date on which the State received the notification, and resubmits the plan with the requested information described in paragraph (3)(B)(ii), the Secretary shall approve or disapprove such plan prior to the later of (A) the expiration of the 30-day period beginning on the date on which the plan is resubmitted; or (B) the expiration of the 120-day period described in paragraph (1). (5) FAILURE TO RESPONDIf the State does not respond to the Secretary's notification described in paragraph (3)(B) during the 30-day period beginning on the date on which the State received the notification, such plan shall be deemed to be disapproved.
	 (d) SECRETARY'S REVIEW AND DETERMINATION (1) REVIEWThe Secretary shall annually review the State performance report submitted pursuant to subsection (b)(2)(C)(ii)(II) in accordance with this section. (2) DETERMINATION (A) IN GENERALBased on the information provided by the State in the State performance report, information obtained through monitoring visits, and any other public information made available, the Secretary shall determine if the State (i) meets the requirements and purposes of this part; (ii) needs assistance in implementing the requirements of this part; (iii) needs intervention in implementing the requirements of this part; or (iv) needs substantial intervention in implementing the requirements of this part. (B) NOTICE AND OPPORTUNITY FOR A HEARINGFor determinations

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	made under clause (iii) or (iv) of subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall provide reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing on such determination.
	determination. (e) ENFORCEMENT.— (1) NEEDS ASSISTANCE.—If the Secretary determines, for 2 consecutive years, that a State needs assistance under subsection (d)(2)(A)(ii) in implementing the requirements of this part, the Secretary shall take 1 or more of the following actions: (A) Advise the State of available sources of technical assistance that may help the State address the areas in which the State needs assistance, which may include assistance from the Office of Special Education Programs, other offices of the Department of Education, other Federal agencies, technical assistance providers approved by the Secretary, and other federally funded nonprofit agencies, and require the State to work with appropriate entities. Such technical assistance may include— (i) the provision of advice by experts to address the areas in which the State needs assistance, including explicit plans for addressing the area for concern within a specified period of time; (ii) assistance in identifying and implementing professional development, instructional strategies, and methods of instruction that are based on scientifically based research; (iii) designating and using distinguished superintendents, principals, special education administrators, special education teachers, and other teachers to provide advice, technical assistance, and support; and (iv) devising additional approaches to providing technical assistance, such as collaborating with institutions of higher education, educational service agencies, national centers of technical assistance supported under part D, and private providers of scientifically based technical assistance. (B) Direct the use of State-level funds under section 611(e) on the area or areas in which the State needs assistance. (C) Identify the State as a high-risk grantee and impose special conditions on the State's grant under this part. (2) NEEDS INTERVENTION.—If the Secretary determines, for 3 or more consecutive years, that a State needs intervention under subsection (d)(2)(A)(iii) in implem
	(B) The Secretary shall take 1 or more of the following actions: (i) Require the State to prepare a corrective action plan or improvement plan if the Secretary determines that the State should be able to correct the problem within 1 year.

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	(ii) Require the State to enter into a compliance agreement under section 457 of the General Education Provisions Act, if the Secretary has reason to believe that the State cannot correct the problem within 1 year. (iii) For each year of the determination, withhold not less than 20 percent and not more than 50 percent of the State's funds under section 611(e), until the Secretary determines the State has sufficiently addressed the areas in which the State needs intervention. (iv) Seek to recover funds under section 452 of the General Education Provisions Act. (v) Withhold, in whole or in part, any further payments to the State under this part pursuant to paragraph (5). (vi) Refer the matter for appropriate enforcement action, which may include referral to the Department of Justice. (3) NEEDS SUBSTANTIAL INTERVENTION.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1) or (2), at any time that the Secretary determines that a State needs substantial intervention in implementing the requirements of this part or that there is a substantial failure to comply with any condition of a State educational agency's or local educational agency's eligibility under this part, the Secretary shall take 1 or more of the following actions: (A) Recover funds under section 452 of the General Education Provisions Act. (B) Withhold, in whole or in part, any further payments to the State under this part. (C) Refer the case to the Office of the Inspector General at the Department of Education. (D) Refer the matter for appropriate enforcement action, which may include referral to the Department of Justice. (4) OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING.— (A) WITHHOLDING FUNDS.—Prior to withholding any funds under this section, the Secretary shall provide reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing to the State educational agency involved. (B) SUSPENSION.—Pending the outcome of any hearing to withhold payments under subsection (b), the Secretary may suspend payments to a recipient, suspend the authority of the recipient to obligate funds under this part, or bo
	30 days of taking enforcement action pursuant to paragraph (1), (2), or (3), on the specific action taken and the reasons why enforcement action was taken. (6) NATURE OF WITHHOLDING

IDEA '97 – P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress (A) LIMITATION.--If the Secretary withholds further payments pursuant to paragraph (2) or (3), the Secretary may determine-(i) that such withholding will be limited to programs or projects, or portions of programs or projects, that affected the Secretary's determination under subsection (d)(2); or (ii) that the State educational agency shall not make further payments under this part to specified State agencies or local educational agencies that caused or were involved in the Secretary's determination under subsection (d)(2). (B) WITHHOLDING UNTIL RECTIFIED.--Until the Secretary is satisfied that the condition that caused the initial withholding has been substantially rectified--(i) payments to the State under this part shall be withheld in whole or in part: and (ii) payments by the State educational agency under this part shall be limited to State agencies and local educational agencies whose actions did not cause or were not involved in the Secretary's determination under subsection (d)(2), as the case may be. (7) PUBLIC ATTENTION .-- Any State that has received notice under subsection (d)(2) shall, by means of a public notice, take such measures as may be necessary to bring the pendency of an action pursuant to this subsection to the attention of the public within the State. (8) JUDICIAL REVIEW .--(b) JUDICIAL REVIEW-(A) IN GENERAL.--If any State is dissatisfied with the Secretary's action (1) IN GENERAL- If any State is dissatisfied with the Secretary's final with respect to the eligibility of the State under section 612, such State action with respect to the eligibility of the State under section 612, such may, not later than 60 days after notice of such action, file with the State may, not later than 60 days after notice of such action, file with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such State is United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such State is located a petition for review of that action. A copy of the petition shall be located a petition for review of that action. A copy of the petition shall be transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Secretary. The Secretary forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Secretary. The thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings upon Secretary thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings which the Secretary's action was based, as provided in section 2112 of upon which the Secretary's action was based, as provided in section title 28, United States Code. 2112 of title 28, United States Code. (B) JURISDICTION; REVIEW BY UNITED STATES SUPREME (2) JURISDICTION: REVIEW BY UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.--Upon the filing of such petition, the court shall have jurisdiction COURT- Upon the filing of such petition, the court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Secretary or to set it aside, in whole or in part. to affirm the action of the Secretary or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in Court of the United States upon certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code. section 1254 of title 28, United States Code. (C) STANDARD OF REVIEW .-- The findings of fact by the Secretary, if (3) STANDARD OF REVIEW- The findings of fact by the Secretary, if

supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive, but the court, for

supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive, but the court, for

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good cause shown, may remand the case to the Secretary to take further evidence, and the Secretary may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify the Secretary's previous action, and shall file in the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.	good cause shown, may remand the case to the Secretary to take further evidence, and the Secretary may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify the Secretary's previous action, and shall file in the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.
	(f) STATE ENFORCEMENTIf a State educational agency determines that a local educational agency is not meeting the requirements of this part, including the targets in the State's performance plan, the State educational agency shall prohibit the local educational agency from reducing the local educational agency's maintenance of effort under section 613(a)(2)(C) for any fiscal year.
	(g) RULE OF CONSTRUCTIONNothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the Secretary from utilizing any authority under the General Education Provisions Act to monitor and enforce the requirements of this title.
(c) DIVIDED STATE AGENCY RESPONSIBILITY- For purposes of this section, where responsibility for ensuring that the requirements of this part are met with respect to children with disabilities who are convicted as adults under State law and incarcerated in adult prisons is assigned to a public agency other than the State educational agency pursuant to section 612(a)(11)(C), the Secretary, in instances where the Secretary finds that the failure to comply substantially with the provisions of this part are related to a failure by the public agency, shall take appropriate corrective action to ensure compliance with this part, except — (1) any reduction or withholding of payments to the State is proportionate to the total funds allotted under section 611 to the State as the number of eligible children with disabilities in adult prisons under the supervision of the other public agency is proportionate to the number of eligible individuals with disabilities in the State under the supervision of the State educational agency; and (2) any withholding of funds under paragraph (1) shall be limited to the specific agency responsible for the failure to comply with this part.	(h) DIVIDED STATE AGENCY RESPONSIBILITYFor purposes of this section, where responsibility for ensuring that the requirements of this part are met with respect to children with disabilities who are convicted as adults under State law and incarcerated in adult prisons is assigned to a public agency other than the State educational agency pursuant to section 612(a)(11)(C), the Secretary, in instances where the Secretary finds that the failure to comply substantially with the provisions of this part are related to a failure by the public agency, shall take appropriate corrective action to ensure compliance with this part, except that (1) any reduction or withholding of payments to the State shall be proportionate to the total funds allotted under section 611 to the State as the number of eligible children with disabilities in adult prisons under the supervision of the other public agency is proportionate to the number of eligible individuals with disabilities in the State under the supervision of the State educational agency; and (2) any withholding of funds under paragraph (1) shall be limited to the specific agency responsible for the failure to comply with this part.
	(i) DATA CAPACITY AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE REVIEWThe Secretary shall (1) review the data collection and analysis capacity of States to ensure that data and information determined necessary for implementation of this

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	section is collected, analyzed, and accurately reported to the Secretary; and (2) provide technical assistance (from funds reserved under section 611(c)), where needed, to improve the capacity of States to meet the data collection requirements.

Comparison of IDEA '97 to H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress – November 19, 2004

IDEA '97 – P.L. 105-17	H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress
SEC. 617. ADMINISTRATION.	SEC. 617. ADMINISTRATION.
 (a) RESPONSIBILITIES OF SECRETARY In carrying out this part, the Secretary shall – (1) cooperate with, and (directly or by grant or contract) furnish technical assistance necessary to, the State in matters relating to – (A) the education of children with disabilities; and (B) carrying out this part; and (2) provide short-term training programs and institutes. 	 (a) RESPONSIBILITIES OF SECRETARYThe Secretary shall (1) cooperate with, and (directly or by grant or contract) furnish technical assistance necessary to, a State in matters relating to (A) the education of children with disabilities; and (B) carrying out this part; and (2) provide short-term training programs and institutes.
(b) RULES AND REGULATIONS- In carrying out the provisions of this part, the Secretary shall issue regulations under this Act only to the extent that such regulations are necessary to ensure that there is compliance with the specific requirements of this Act.	(b) PROHIBITION AGAINST FEDERAL MANDATES, DIRECTION, OR CONTROLNothing in this title shall be construed to authorize an officer or employee of the Federal Government to mandate, direct, or control a State, local educational agency, or school's specific instructional content, academic achievement standards and assessments, curriculum, or program of instruction.
(c) CONFIDENTIALITY- The Secretary shall take appropriate action, in accordance with the provisions of section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g), to assure the protection of the confidentiality of any personally identifiable data, information, and records collected or maintained by the Secretary and by State and local educational agencies pursuant to the provisions of this part.	(c) CONFIDENTIALITYThe Secretary shall take appropriate action, in accordance with section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act, to ensure the protection of the confidentiality of any personally identifiable data, information, and records collected or maintained by the Secretary and by State educational agencies and local educational agencies pursuant to this part.
(d) PERSONNEL- The Secretary is authorized to hire qualified personnel necessary to carry out the Secretary's duties under subsection (a) and under sections 618, 661, and 673 (or their predecessor authorities through October 1, 1997) without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, relating to appointments in the competitive service and without regard to chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and general schedule pay rates, except that no more than twenty such personnel shall be employed at any time.	(d) PERSONNELThe Secretary is authorized to hire qualified personnel necessary to carry out the Secretary's duties under subsection (a), under section 618, and under subpart 4 of part D, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, relating to appointments in the competitive service and without regard to chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and general schedule pay rates, except that no more than 20 such personnel shall be employed at any time.

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	(e) MODEL FORMSNot later than the date that the Secretary publishes final regulations under this title, to implement amendments made by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, the Secretary shall publish and disseminate widely to States, local educational agencies, and parent and community training and information centers- (1) a model IEP form; (2) a model individualized family service plan (IFSP) form; (3) a model form of the notice of procedural safeguards described in section 615(d); and (4) a model form of the prior written notice described in subsections (b)(3) and (c)(1) of section 615 that is consistent with the requirements of this part and is sufficient to meet such requirements.

Comparison of IDEA '97 to H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress – November 19, 2004

IDEA '97 – P.L. 105-17	H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress
SEC. 618. PROGRAM INFORMATION.	SEC. 618. PROGRAM INFORMATION.
SEC. 618. PROGRAM INFORMATION. (a) IN GENERAL- Each State that receives assistance under this part, and the Secretary of the Interior, shall provide data each year to the Secretary — (1) (A) on (i) the number of children with disabilities, by race, ethnicity, and disability category, who are receiving a free appropriate public education; (ii) the number of children with disabilities, by race and ethnicity, who are receiving early intervention services; (iii) the number of children with disabilities, by race, ethnicity, and disability category, who are participating in regular education; (iv) the number of children with disabilities, by race, ethnicity, and disability category, who are in separate classes, separate schools or facilities, or public or private residential facilities; (v) the number of children with disabilities, by race, ethnicity, and disability category, who, for each year of age from age 14 to 21, stopped receiving special education and related services because of program completion or other reasons and the reasons why those children stopped receiving special education and related services; (vi) the number of children with disabilities, by race and ethnicity, who, from birth through age 2, stopped receiving early intervention services because of program completion or for other reasons; and	SEC. 618. PROGRAM INFORMATION. (a) IN GENERALEach State that receives assistance under this part, and the Secretary of the Interior, shall provide data each year to the Secretary of Education and the public on the following: (1)(A) The number and percentage of children with disabilities, by race, ethnicity, limited English proficiency status, gender, and disability category, who are in each of the following separate categories: (i) Receiving a free appropriate public education. (iii) In separate classes, separate schools or facilities, or public or private residential facilities. (iv) For each year of age from age 14 through 21, stopped receiving special education and related services because of program completion (including graduation with a regular secondary school diploma), or other reasons, and the reasons why those children stopped receiving special education and related services.
(vii) (I) the number of children with disabilities, by race, ethnicity, and disability category, who under subparagraphs (A)(ii) and (B) of section 615(k)(1), are removed to an interim alternative educational	(v)(I) Removed to an interim alternative educational setting under section 615(k)(1).
setting; (II) the acts or items precipitating those removals; and (III) the number of children with disabilities who are subject to long-term suspensions or expulsions; and	 (II) The acts or items precipitating those removals. (III) The number of children with disabilities who are subject to long-term suspensions or expulsions. (B) The number and percentage of children with disabilities, by race, gender, and ethnicity, who are receiving early intervention services.

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(B) on the number of infants and toddlers, by race and ethnicity, who are at risk of having substantial developmental delays (as described in section 632), and who are receiving early intervention services under part C; and (2) on any other information that may be required by the Secretary. (b) SAMPLING- The Secretary may permit States and the Secretary of the Interior to obtain the data described in subsection (a) through sampling.	(C) The number and percentage of children with disabilities, by race, gender, and ethnicity, who, from birth through age 2, stopped receiving early intervention services because of program completion or for other reasons. (D) The incidence and duration of disciplinary actions by race, ethnicity, limited English proficiency status, gender, and disability category, of children with disabilities, including suspensions of 1 day or more. (E) The number and percentage of children with disabilities who are removed to alternative educational settings or expelled as compared to children without disabilities who are removed to alternative educational settings or expelled. (F) The number of due process complaints filed under section 615 and the number of hearings conducted. (G) The number of hearings requested under section 615(k) and the number of changes in placements ordered as a result of those hearings. (H) The number of mediations held and the number of settlement agreements reached through such mediations. (2) The number and percentage of infants and toddlers, by race, and ethnicity, who are at risk of having substantial developmental delays (as defined in section 632), and who are receiving early intervention services under part C. (3) Any other information that may be required by the Secretary.
	(b) DATA REPORTING (1) PROTECTION OF IDENTIFIABLE DATAThe data described in subsection (a) shall be publicly reported by each State in a manner that does not result in the disclosure of data identifiable to individual children. (2) SAMPLINGThe Secretary may permit States and the Secretary of the Interior to obtain the data described in subsection (a) through sampling.
	(c) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCEThe Secretary may provide technical assistance to States to ensure compliance with the data collection and reporting requirements under this title.
(c) DISPROPORTIONALITY- (1) IN GENERAL- Each State that receives assistance under this part, and the Secretary of the Interior, shall provide for the collection and	(d) DISPROPORTIONALITY (1) IN GENERALEach State that receives assistance under this part, and the Secretary of the Interior, shall provide for the collection and examination of data to determine if significant disproportionality based on

examination of data to determine if significant disproportionality based on race is occurring in the State with respect to –

- (A) the identification of children as children with disabilities, including the identification of children as children with disabilities in accordance with a particular impairment described in section 602(3); and
- (B) the placement in particular educational settings of such children.
- (2) REVIEW AND REVISION OF POLICIES, PRACTICES, AND PROCEDURES- In the case of a determination of significant disproportionality with respect to the identification of children as children with disabilities, or the placement in particular educational settings of such children, in accordance with paragraph (1), the State or the Secretary of the Interior, as the case may be, shall provide for the review and, if appropriate, revision of the policies, procedures, and practices used in such identification or placement to ensure that such policies, procedures, and practices comply with the requirements of this Act.

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race and ethnicity is occurring in the State and the local educational agencies of the State with respect to--

- (A) the identification of children as children with disabilities, including the identification of children as children with disabilities in accordance with a particular impairment described in section 602(3);
- (B) the placement in particular educational settings of such children; and (C) the incidence, duration, and type of disciplinary actions, including
- (C) the incidence, duration, and type of disciplinary actions, including suspensions and expulsions.
- (2) REVIEW AND REVISION OF POLICIES, PRACTICES, AND PROCEDURES.--In the case of a determination of significant disproportionality with respect to the identification of children as children with disabilities, or the placement in particular educational settings of such children, in accordance with paragraph (1), the State or the Secretary of the Interior, as the case may be, shall--
 - (A) provide for the review and, if appropriate, revision of the policies, procedures, and practices used in such identification or placement to ensure that such policies, procedures, and practices comply with the requirements of this title;
 - (B) require any local educational agency identified under paragraph (1) to reserve the maximum amount of funds under section 613(f) to provide comprehensive coordinated early intervening services to serve children in the local educational agency, particularly children in those groups that were significantly overidentified under paragraph (1); and
 - (C) require the local educational agency to publicly report on the revision of policies, practices, and procedures described under subparagraph (A).

Comparison of IDEA '97 to H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress – November 19, 2004

IDEA '97 - Current Law	H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress
SEC. 619. PRESCHOOL GRANTS.	SEC. 619. PRESCHOOL GRANTS.
 (a) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall provide grants under this section to assist States to provide special education and related services, in accordance with this part – (1) to children with disabilities aged 3 through 5, inclusive; and (2) at the State's discretion, to 2-year-old children with disabilities who will turn 3 during the school year. 	 (a) IN GENERALThe Secretary shall provide grants under this section to assist States to provide special education and related services, in accordance with this part (1) to children with disabilities aged 3 through 5, inclusive; and (2) at the State's discretion, to 2-year-old children with disabilities who will turn 3 during the school year.
 (b) ELIGIBILITY- A State shall be eligible for a grant under this section if such State (1) is eligible under section 612 to receive a grant under this part; and (2) makes a free appropriate public education available to all children with disabilities, aged 3 through 5, residing in the State. 	 (b) ELIGIBILITYA State shall be eligible for a grant under this section if such State (1) is eligible under section 612 to receive a grant under this part; and (2) makes a free appropriate public education available to all children with disabilities, aged 3 through 5, residing in the State.
(c) ALLOCATIONS TO STATES- (1) IN GENERAL- After reserving funds for studies and evaluations under section 674(e), the Secretary shall allocate the remaining amount among the States in accordance with paragraph (2) or (3), as the case may be.	(c) ALLOCATIONS TO STATES (1) IN GENERALThe Secretary shall allocate the amount made available to carry out this section for a fiscal year among the States in accordance with paragraph (2) or (3), as the case may be.
(2) INCREASE IN FUNDS- If the amount available for allocations to States under paragraph (1) is equal to or greater than the amount allocated to the States under this section for the preceding fiscal year, those allocations shall be calculated as follows:	(2) INCREASE IN FUNDSIf the amount available for allocations to States under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year is equal to or greater than the amount allocated to the States under this section for the preceding fiscal year, those allocations shall be calculated as follows: (A) ALLOCATION
(A)(i) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall –	(i) IN GENERALExcept as provided in subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall
(I) allocate to each State the amount it received for fiscal year 1997;	(I) allocate to each State the amount the State received under this section for fiscal year 1997;
(II) allocate 85 percent of any remaining funds to States on the basis of their relative populations of children aged 3 through 5; and	(II) allocate 85 percent of any remaining funds to States on the basis of the States' relative populations of children aged 3 through 5; and
 (III) allocate 15 percent of those remaining funds to States on the basis of their relative populations of all children aged 3 through 5 who are living in poverty. (ii) For the purpose of making grants under this paragraph, the 	 (III) allocate 15 percent of those remaining funds to States on the basis of the States' relative populations of all children aged 3 through 5 who are living in poverty. (ii) DATAFor the purpose of making grants under this paragraph, the

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Secretary shall use the most recent population data, including data on children living in poverty, that are available and satisfactory to the Secretary.

- (B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), allocations under this paragraph shall be subject to the following:
 - (i) No State's allocation shall be less than its allocation for the preceding fiscal year.
 - (ii) No State's allocation shall be less than the greatest of --
 - (I) the sum of --
 - (aa) the amount it received for fiscal year 1997; and
 - (bb) one third of one percent of the amount by which the amount appropriated under subsection (j) exceeds the amount appropriated under this section for fiscal year 1997;
 - (II) the sum of --
 - (aa) the amount it received for the preceding fiscal year; and
 - (bb) that amount multiplied by the percentage by which the increase in the funds appropriated from the preceding fiscal year exceeds 1.5 percent; or
 - (III) the sum of --
 - (aa) the amount it received for the preceding fiscal year; and
 - (bb) that amount multiplied by 90 percent of the percentage increase in the amount appropriated from the preceding fiscal year.
 - (iii) Notwithstanding clause (ii), no State's allocation under this paragraph shall exceed the sum of --
 - (I) the amount it received for the preceding fiscal year; and
 - (II) that amount multiplied by the sum of 1.5 percent and the percentage increase in the amount appropriated.
- (C) If the amount available for allocations under this paragraph is insufficient to pay those allocations in full, those allocations shall be ratably reduced, subject to subparagraph (B)(i).
- (3) DECREASE IN FUNDS- If the amount available for allocations to

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Secretary shall use the most recent population data, including data on children living in poverty, that are available and satisfactory to the Secretary.

- (B) LIMITATIONS.--Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), allocations under this paragraph shall be subject to the following:
 - (i) PRECEDING YEARS.--No State's allocation shall be less than its allocation under this section for the preceding fiscal year.
 - (ii) MINIMUM.--No State's allocation shall be less than the greatest of-
 - (I) the sum of--
 - (aa) the amount the State received under this section for fiscal year 1997; and
 - (bb) 1/3 of 1 percent of the amount by which the amount appropriated under subsection (j) for the fiscal year exceeds the amount appropriated for this section for fiscal year 1997;
 - (II) the sum of--
 - (aa) the amount **the State** received under this section for the preceding fiscal year; and
 - (bb) that amount multiplied by the percentage by which the increase in the funds appropriated under this section from the preceding fiscal year exceeds 1.5 percent; or
 - (III) the sum of--
 - (aa) the amount **the State** received under this section for the preceding fiscal year; and
 - (bb) that amount multiplied by 90 percent of the percentage increase in the amount appropriated under this section from the preceding fiscal year.
 - (iii) MAXIMUM.--Notwithstanding clause (ii), no State's allocation under this paragraph shall exceed the sum of--
 - (I) the amount **the State** received under this section for the preceding fiscal year; and
 - (II) that amount multiplied by the sum of 1.5 percent and the percentage increase in the amount appropriated under this section from the preceding fiscal year.
- (C) RATABLE REDUCTIONS.--If the amount available for allocations under this paragraph is insufficient to pay those allocations in full, those allocations shall be ratably reduced, subject to subparagraph (B)(i).
- (3) DECREASE IN FUNDS.--If the amount available for allocations to

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States under paragraph (1) is less than the amount allocated to the States under this section for the preceding fiscal year, those allocations shall be calculated as follows:

- (A) If the amount available for allocations is greater than the amount allocated to the States for fiscal year 1997, each State shall be allocated the sum of --
 - (i) the amount it received for fiscal year 1997; and
 - (ii) an amount that bears the same relation to any remaining funds as the increase the State received for the preceding fiscal year over fiscal year 1997 bears to the total of all such increases for all States.
- (B) If the amount available for allocations is equal to or less than the amount allocated to the States for fiscal year 1997, each State shall be allocated the amount it received for that year, ratably reduced, if necessary.
- (4) OUTLYING AREAS- The Secretary shall increase the fiscal year 1998 allotment of each outlying area under section 611 by at least the amount that that area received under this section for fiscal year 1997.

(d) RESERVATION FOR STATE ACTIVITIES-

- (1) IN GENERAL- Each State may retain not more than the amount described in paragraph (2) for administration and other State-level activities in accordance with subsections (e) and (f).
- (2) AMOUNT DESCRIBED- For each fiscal year, the Secretary shall determine and report to the State educational agency an amount that is 25 percent of the amount the State received under this section for fiscal year 1997, cumulatively adjusted by the Secretary for each succeeding fiscal year by the lesser of --
 - (A) the percentage increase, if any, from the preceding fiscal year in the State's allocation under this section; or
 - (B) the percentage increase, if any, from the preceding fiscal year in the Consumer Price Index For All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.

(e) STATE ADMINISTRATION-

(1) IN GENERAL- For the purpose of administering this section

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States under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year is less than the amount allocated to the States under this section for the preceding fiscal year, those allocations shall be calculated as follows:

- (A) ALLOCATIONS.--If the amount available for allocations is greater than the amount allocated to the States for fiscal year 1997, each State shall be allocated the sum of--
- (i) the amount **the State** received under this section for fiscal year 1997; and
- (ii) an amount that bears the same relation to any remaining funds as the increase the State received **under this section** for the preceding fiscal year over fiscal year 1997 bears to the total of all such increases for all States.
- (B) RATABLE REDUCTIONS.--If the amount available for allocations is equal to or less than the amount allocated to the States for fiscal year 1997, each State shall be allocated the amount **the State** received for fiscal year 1997, ratably reduced, if necessary.

(d) RESERVATION FOR STATE ACTIVITIES .--

- (1) IN GENERAL.--Each State may reserve not more than the amount described in paragraph (2) for administration and other State-level activities in accordance with subsections (e) and (f).
- (2) AMOUNT DESCRIBED.--For each fiscal year, the Secretary shall determine and report to the State educational agency an amount that is 25 percent of the amount the State received under this section for fiscal year 1997, cumulatively adjusted by the Secretary for each succeeding fiscal year by the lesser of--
 - (A) the percentage increase, if any, from the preceding fiscal year in the State's allocation under this section; or
 - (B) the percentage increase, if any, from the preceding fiscal year in the Consumer Price Index For All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.

(e) STATE ADMINISTRATION .--

(1) IN GENERAL.--For the purpose of administering this section (including

IDEA '97 - Current Law H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress (including the coordination of activities under this part with, and the coordination of activities under this part with, and providing technical providing technical assistance to, other programs that provide services assistance to, other programs that provide services to children with to children with disabilities) a State may use not more than 20 percent of disabilities) a State may use not more than 20 percent of the maximum the maximum amount it may retain under subsection (d) for any fiscal amount the State may reserve under subsection (d) for any fiscal year. vear. (2) ADMINISTRATION OF PART C- Funds described in paragraph (1) (2) ADMINISTRATION OF PART C.--Funds described in paragraph (1) may also be used for the administration of part C of this Act, if the State may also be used for the administration of part C. educational agency is the lead agency for the State under that part. (f) OTHER STATE-LEVEL ACTIVITIES-(f) OTHER STATE-LEVEL ACTIVITIES.--Each State shall use any funds the Each State shall use any funds it retains under subsection (d) and does State reserves under subsection (d) and does not use for administration not use for administration under subsection (e) under subsection (e)--(1) for support services (including establishing and implementing the (1) for support services (including establishing and implementing the mediation process required by section 615(e)), which may benefit mediation process required by section 615(e)), which may benefit children children with disabilities younger than 3 or older than 5 as long as those with disabilities younger than 3 or older than 5 as long as those services services also benefit children with disabilities aged 3 through 5; also benefit children with disabilities aged 3 through 5; (2) for direct services for children eligible for services under this section; (2) for direct services for children eligible for services under this section: (3) to develop a State improvement plan under subpart 1 of part D; (4) for activities at the State and local levels to meet the performance (3) for activities at the State and local levels to meet the performance goals established by the State under section 612(a)(16) and to support goals established by the State under section 612(a)(15); implementation of the State improvement plan under subpart 1 of part D if the State receives funds under that subpart; or (5) to supplement other funds used to develop and implement a (4) to supplement other funds used to develop and implement a statewide Statewide coordinated services system designed to improve results for coordinated services system designed to improve results for children and children and families, including children with disabilities and their families, including children with disabilities and their families, but not more families, but not to exceed one percent of the amount received by the than 1 percent of the amount received by the State under this section for a State under this section for a fiscal year. fiscal year: (5) to provide early intervention services (which shall include an educational component that promotes school readiness and incorporates preliteracy. language, and numeracy skills) in accordance with part C to children with disabilities who are eligible for services under this section and who previously received services under part C until such children enter, or are eligible under State law to enter, kindergarten; or (6) at the State's discretion, to continue service coordination or case management for families who receive services under part C. (a) SUBGRANTS TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES-(g) SUBGRANTS TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES.--

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- (1) SUBGRANTS REQUIRED- Each State that receives a grant under this section for any fiscal year shall distribute any of the grant funds that it does not reserve under subsection (d) to local educational agencies in the State that have established their eligibility under section 613, as follows:
 - (A) BASE PAYMENTS- The State shall first award each agency described in paragraph (1) the amount that agency would have received under this section for fiscal year 1997 if the State had distributed 75 percent of its grant for that year under section 619(c)(3), as then in effect.
 - (B) ALLOCATION OF REMAINING FUNDS- After making allocations under subparagraph (A), the State shall --
 - (i) allocate 85 percent of any remaining funds to those agencies on the basis of the relative numbers of children enrolled in public and private elementary and secondary schools within the agency's jurisdiction; and
 - (ii) allocate 15 percent of those remaining funds to those agencies in accordance with their relative numbers of children living in poverty, as determined by the State educational agency.
- (2) REALLOCATION OF FUNDS- If a State educational agency determines that a local educational agency is adequately providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities aged 3 through 5 residing in the area served by that agency with State and local funds, the State educational agency may reallocate any portion of the funds under this section that are not needed by that local agency to provide a free appropriate public education to other local educational agencies in the State that are not adequately providing special education and related services to all children with disabilities aged 3 through 5 residing in the areas they serve.
- (h) PART C INAPPLICABLE- Part C of this Act does not apply to any child with a disability receiving a free appropriate public education, in accordance with this part, with funds received under this section.
- (i) DEFINITION- For the purpose of this section, the term 'State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of

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- (1) SUBGRANTS REQUIRED.--Each State that receives a grant under this section for any fiscal year shall distribute all of the grant funds that the State does not reserve under subsection (d) to local educational agencies in the State that have established their eligibility under section 613, as follows:
 - (A) BASE PAYMENTS.--The State shall first award each local educational agency described in paragraph (1) the amount that agency would have received under this section for fiscal year 1997 if the State had distributed 75 percent of its grant for that year under section 619(c)(3), as such section was then in effect.
 - (B) ALLOCATION OF REMAINING FUNDS.--After making allocations under subparagraph (A), the State shall--
 - (i) allocate 85 percent of any remaining funds to those local educational agencies on the basis of the relative numbers of children enrolled in public and private elementary schools and secondary schools within the local educational agency's jurisdiction; and
 - (ii) allocate 15 percent of those remaining funds to those local educational agencies in accordance with their relative numbers of children living in poverty, as determined by the State educational agency.
- (2) REALLOCATION OF FUNDS.--If a State educational agency determines that a local educational agency is adequately providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities aged 3 through 5 residing in the area served by the local educational agency with State and local funds, the State educational agency may reallocate any portion of the funds under this section that are not needed by that local educational agency to provide a free appropriate public education to other local educational agencies in the State that are not adequately providing special education and related services to all children with disabilities aged 3 through 5 residing in the areas the other local educational agencies serve.
- (h) PART C INAPPLICABLE.--Part C does not apply to any child with a disability receiving a free appropriate public education, in accordance with this part, with funds received under this section.
- (i) STATE DEFINED.--In this section, the term `State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

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Puerto Rico.	
(j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS- For the purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 1998 and such sums as may be necessary for each subsequent fiscal year.	(j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONSThere are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary.

Comparison of IDEA '97 to H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress – November 19, 2004

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PART C – INFANTS AND TODDLERS WITH DISABILITIES SEC. 631. FINDINGS AND POLICY.	PART CINFANTS AND TODDLERS WITH DISABILITIES SEC. 631. FINDINGS AND POLICY.
 (a) FINDINGS- The Congress finds that there is an urgent and substantial need (1) to enhance the development of infants and toddlers with disabilities and to minimize their potential for developmental delay; (2) to reduce the educational costs to our society, including our Nation's schools, by minimizing the need for special education and related services after infants and toddlers with disabilities reach school age; (3) to minimize the likelihood of institutionalization of individuals with disabilities and maximize the potential for their independently living in society; (4) to enhance the capacity of families to meet the special needs of their infants and toddlers with disabilities; and (5) to enhance the capacity of State and local agencies and service providers to identify, evaluate, and meet the needs of historically underrepresented populations, particularly minority, low-income, inner-city, and rural populations. 	 (a) FINDINGSCongress finds that there is an urgent and substantial need- (1) to enhance the development of infants and toddlers with disabilities, to minimize their potential for developmental delay, and to recognize the significant brain development that occurs during a child's first 3 years of life; (2) to reduce the educational costs to our society, including our Nation's schools, by minimizing the need for special education and related services after infants and toddlers with disabilities reach school age; (3) to maximize the potential for individuals with disabilities to live independently in society; (4) to enhance the capacity of families to meet the special needs of their infants and toddlers with disabilities; and (5) to enhance the capacity of State and local agencies and service providers to identify, evaluate, and meet the needs of all children, particularly minority, low-income, inner city, and rural children, and infants and toddlers in foster care.
 (b) POLICY- It is therefore the policy of the United States to provide financial assistance to States (1) to develop and implement a statewide, comprehensive, coordinated, multidisciplinary, interagency system that provides early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families; (2) to facilitate the coordination of payment for early intervention services from Federal, State, local, and private sources (including public and private insurance coverage); (3) to enhance their capacity to provide quality early intervention services and expand and improve existing early intervention services being provided to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families; and (4) to encourage States to expand opportunities for children under 3 years of age who would be at risk of having substantial developmental delay if they did not receive early intervention services. 	 (b) POLICYIt is the policy of the United States to provide financial assistance to States (1) to develop and implement a statewide, comprehensive, coordinated, multidisciplinary, interagency system that provides early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families; (2) to facilitate the coordination of payment for early intervention services from Federal, State, local, and private sources (including public and private insurance coverage); (3) to enhance State capacity to provide quality early intervention services and expand and improve existing early intervention services being provided to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families; and (4) to encourage States to expand opportunities for children under 3 years of age who would be at risk of having substantial developmental delay if they did not receive early intervention services.

H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress **IDEA** '97 - Current Law SEC. 632. DEFINITIONS. SEC. 632. DEFINITIONS. As used in this part: In this part: (1) AT-RISK INFANT OR TODDLER- The term 'at-risk infant or toddler' (1) AT-RISK INFANT OR TODDLER.--The term `at-risk infant or toddler' means an individual under 3 years of age who would be at risk of means an individual under 3 years of age who would be at risk of experiencing a substantial developmental delay if early intervention experiencing a substantial developmental delay if early intervention services were not provided to the individual. services were not provided to the individual. (2) COUNCIL- The term 'council' means a State interagency (2) COUNCIL.--The term `council' means a State interagency coordinating coordinating council established under section 641. council established under section 641. (3) DEVELOPMENTAL DELAY- The term 'developmental delay', when (3) DEVELOPMENTAL DELAY.--The term `developmental delay', when used with respect to an individual residing in a State, has the meaning used with respect to an individual residing in a State, has the meaning given such term by the State under section 635(a)(1). given such term by the State under section 635(a)(1). (4) EARLY INTERVENTION SERVICES- The term 'early intervention (4) EARLY INTERVENTION SERVICES.--The term 'early intervention services' means developmental services that -services' means developmental services that--(A) are provided under public supervision; (A) are provided under public supervision; (B) are provided at no cost except where Federal or State law (B) are provided at no cost except where Federal or State law provides provides for a system of payments by families, including a schedule of for a system of payments by families, including a schedule of sliding sliding fees; fees: (C) are designed to meet the developmental needs of an infant or (C) are designed to meet the developmental needs of an infant or toddler with a disability in any one or more of the following areas -toddler with a disability, as identified by the individualized family service plan team, in any 1 or more of the following areas: (i) physical development; (i) physical development; (ii) cognitive development: (ii) cognitive development; (iii) communication development: (iii) communication development: (iv) social or emotional development; or (iv) social or emotional development; or (v) adaptive development; (v) adaptive development: (D) meet the standards of the State in which they are provided. (D) meet the standards of the State in which the services are provided. including the requirements of this part; including the requirements of this part; (E) include -(E) include--(i) family training, counseling, and home visits; (i) family training, counseling, and home visits; (ii) special instruction; (ii) special instruction; (iii) speech-language pathology and audiology services: (iii) speech-language pathology and audiology services, and sign language and cued language services; (iv) occupational therapy: (iv) occupational therapy; (v) physical therapy: (v) physical therapy; (vi) psychological services; (vi) psychological services: (vii) service coordination services: (vii) service coordination services: (viii) medical services only for diagnostic or evaluation purposes; (viii) medical services only for diagnostic or evaluation purposes:

(ix) early identification, screening, and assessment services;

(ix) early identification, screening, and assessment services:

H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress **IDEA** '97 - Current Law (x) health services necessary to enable the infant or toddler to benefit (x) health services necessary to enable the infant or toddler to benefit from the other early intervention services: from the other early intervention services; (xi) social work services; (xi) social work services; (xii) vision services: (xii) vision services: (xiii) assistive technology devices and assistive technology services: (xiii) assistive technology devices and assistive technology services: and and (xiv) transportation and related costs that are necessary to enable an (xiv) transportation and related costs that are necessary to enable an infant or toddler and the infant's or toddler's family to receive infant or toddler and the infant's or toddler's family to receive another another service described in this paragraph: service described in this paragraph; (F) are provided by qualified personnel, including --(F) are provided by qualified personnel, including--(i) special educators: (i) special educators: (ii) speech-language pathologists and audiologists; (ii) speech-language pathologists and audiologists; (iii) occupational therapists; (iii) occupational therapists; (iv) physical therapists; (iv) physical therapists; (v) psychologists; (v) psychologists; (vi) social workers; (vi) social workers; (vii) nurses: (vii) nurses: (viii) nutritionists: (viii) registered dietitians; (ix) family therapists; (ix) family therapists: (x) vision specialists, including ophthalmologists and optometrists; (xi) orientation and mobility specialists; and (x) orientation and mobility specialists; and (xii) pediatricians and other physicians; (xi) pediatricians and other physicians; (G) to the maximum extent appropriate, are provided in natural (G) to the maximum extent appropriate, are provided in natural environments, including the home, and community settings in which environments, including the home, and community settings in which children without disabilities participate; and children without disabilities participate; and (H) are provided in conformity with an individualized family service plan (H) are provided in conformity with an individualized family service adopted in accordance with section 636. plan adopted in accordance with section 636. (5) INFANT OR TODDLER WITH A DISABILITY .-- The term 'infant or (5) INFANT OR TODDLER WITH A DISABILITY- The term 'infant or toddler with a disability'-toddler with a disability' --(A) means an individual under 3 years of age who needs early (A) means an individual under 3 years of age who needs early intervention services because the individual-intervention services because the individual --(i) is experiencing developmental delays, as measured by appropriate (i) is experiencing developmental delays, as measured by diagnostic instruments and procedures in 1 or more of the areas of appropriate diagnostic instruments and procedures in one or more of cognitive development, physical development, communication the areas of cognitive development, physical development, development, social or emotional development, and adaptive communication development, social or emotional development, and development; or adaptive development: or (ii) has a diagnosed physical or mental condition that has a high (ii) has a diagnosed physical or mental condition which has a high

probability of resulting in developmental delay; and

(B) may also include, at a State's discretion--

probability of resulting in developmental delay; and

(B) may also include, at a State's discretion, at-risk infants and

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toddlers.	 (i) at-risk infants and toddlers; and (ii) children with disabilities who are eligible for services under section 619 and who previously received services under this part until such children enter, or are eligible under State law to enter, kindergarten or elementary school, as appropriate, provided that any programs under this part serving such children shall include (I) an educational component that promotes school readiness and incorporates pre-literacy, language, and numeracy skills; and (II) a written notification to parents of their rights and responsibilities in determining whether their child will continue to receive services under this part or participate in preschool programs under section 619.
SEC. 633. GENERAL AUTHORITY. The Secretary shall, in accordance with this part, make grants to States (from their allotments under section 643) to assist each State to maintain and implement a statewide, comprehensive, coordinated, multidisciplinary, interagency system to provide early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families.	SEC. 633. GENERAL AUTHORITY. The Secretary shall, in accordance with this part, make grants to States (from their allotments under section 643) to assist each State to maintain and implement a statewide, comprehensive, coordinated, multidisciplinary, interagency system to provide early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families.
SEC. 634. ELIGIBILITY. In order to be eligible for a grant under section 633, a State shall demonstrate to the Secretary that the State (1) has adopted a policy that appropriate early intervention services are available to all infants and toddlers with disabilities in the State and their families, including Indian infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families residing on a reservation geographically located in the State; and	SEC. 634. ELIGIBILITY. In order to be eligible for a grant under section 633, a State shall provide assurances to the Secretary that the State (1) has adopted a policy that appropriate early intervention services are available to all infants and toddlers with disabilities in the State and their families, including Indian infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families residing on a reservation geographically located in the State, infants and toddlers with disabilities who are homeless children and their families, and infants and toddlers with disabilities who are wards of the State; and
(2) has in effect a statewide system that meets the requirements of section 635.	(2) has in effect a statewide system that meets the requirements of section 635.
SEC. 635. REQUIREMENTS FOR STATEWIDE SYSTEM. (a) IN GENERAL- A statewide system described in section 633 shall include, at a minimum, the following components: (1) A definition of the term 'developmental delay' that will be used by the State in carrying out programs under this part.	SEC. 635. REQUIREMENTS FOR STATEWIDE SYSTEM. (a) IN GENERALA statewide system described in section 633 shall include, at a minimum, the following components: (1) A rigorous definition of the term `developmental delay' that will be used by the State in carrying out programs under this part in order to appropriately identify infants and toddlers with disabilities that are in need of services under this part.

- (2) A State policy that is in effect and that ensures that appropriate early intervention services are available to all infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families, including Indian infants and toddlers and their families residing on a reservation geographically located in the State.
- (3) A timely, comprehensive, multidisciplinary evaluation of the functioning of each infant or toddler with a disability in the State, and a family-directed identification of the needs of each family of such an infant or toddler, to appropriately assist in the development of the infant or toddler.
- (4) For each infant or toddler with a disability in the State, an individualized family service plan in accordance with section 636, including service coordination services in accordance with such service plan.
- (5) A comprehensive child find system, consistent with part B, including a system for making referrals to service providers that includes timelines and provides for participation by primary referral sources.
- (6) A public awareness program focusing on early identification of infants and toddlers with disabilities, including the preparation and dissemination by the lead agency designated or established under paragraph (10) to all primary referral sources, especially hospitals and physicians, of information for parents on the availability of early intervention services, and procedures for determining the extent to which such sources disseminate such information to parents of infants and toddlers.
- (7) A central directory which includes information on early intervention services, resources, and experts available in the State and research and demonstration projects being conducted in the State.
- (8) A comprehensive system of personnel development, including the training of paraprofessionals and the training of primary referral sources respecting the basic components of early intervention services available in the State, that is consistent with the comprehensive system of personnel development described in section 612(a)(14) and may include

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- (2) A State policy that is in effect and that ensures that appropriate early intervention services based on scientifically based research, to the extent practicable, are available to all infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families, including Indian infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families residing on a reservation geographically located in the State and infants and toddlers with disabilities who are homeless children and their families.
- (3) A timely, comprehensive, multidisciplinary evaluation of the functioning of each infant or toddler with a disability in the State, and a family-directed identification of the needs of each family of such an infant or toddler, to assist appropriately in the development of the infant or toddler.
- (4) For each infant or toddler with a disability in the State, an individualized family service plan in accordance with section 636, including service coordination services in accordance with such service plan.
- (5) A comprehensive child find system, consistent with part B, including a system for making referrals to service providers that includes timelines and provides for participation by primary referral sources and that ensures rigorous standards for appropriately identifying infants and toddlers with disabilities for services under this part that will reduce the need for future services.
- (6) A public awareness program focusing on early identification of infants and toddlers with disabilities, including the preparation and dissemination by the lead agency designated or established under paragraph (10) to all primary referral sources, especially hospitals and physicians, of information to be given to parents, especially to inform parents with premature infants, or infants with other physical risk factors associated with learning or developmental complications, on the availability of early intervention services under this part and of services under section 619, and procedures for assisting such sources in disseminating such information to parents of infants and toddlers with disabilities.
- (7) A central directory that includes information on early intervention services, resources, and experts available in the State and research and demonstration projects being conducted in the State.
- (8) A comprehensive system of personnel development, including the training of paraprofessionals and the training of primary referral sources with respect to the basic components of early intervention services available in the State that--

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	(A) shall include
 (A) implementing innovative strategies and activities for the recruitment and retention of early education service providers; (B) promoting the preparation of early intervention providers who are fully and appropriately qualified to provide early intervention services under this part; (C) training personnel to work in rural and inner-city areas; and 	(i) implementing innovative strategies and activities for the recruitment and retention of early education service providers;(ii) promoting the preparation of early intervention providers who are fully and appropriately qualified to provide early intervention services under this part; and
(D) training personnel to coordinate transition services for infants and toddlers served under this part from an early intervention program under this part to preschool or other appropriate services.	 (iii) training personnel to coordinate transition services for infants and toddlers served under this part from a program providing early intervention services under this part and under part B (other than section 619), to a preschool program receiving funds under section 619, or another appropriate program; and (B) may include (i) training personnel to work in rural and inner-city areas; and (ii) training personnel in the emotional and social development of young
 (9) Subject to subsection (b), policies and procedures relating to the establishment and maintenance of standards to ensure that personnel necessary to carry out this part are appropriately and adequately prepared and trained, including (A) the establishment and maintenance of standards which are consistent with any State-approved or recognized certification, licensing, registration, or other comparable requirements which apply to the area in which such personnel are providing early intervention services; and (B) to the extent such standards are not based on the highest requirements in the State applicable to a specific profession or discipline, the steps the State is taking to require the retraining or hiring of personnel that meet appropriate professional requirements in the State; except that nothing in this part, including this paragraph, prohibits the use of paraprofessionals and assistants who are appropriately trained and supervised, in accordance with State law, regulations, or written policy, to assist in the provision of early intervention services to infants 	children. (9) Policies and procedures relating to the establishment and maintenance of qualifications to ensure that personnel necessary to carry out this part are appropriately and adequately prepared and trained, including the establishment and maintenance of qualifications that are consistent with any State-approved or recognized certification, licensing, registration, or other comparable requirements that apply to the area in which such personnel are providing early intervention services, except that nothing in this part (including this paragraph) shall be construed to prohibit the use of paraprofessionals and assistants who are appropriately trained and supervised in accordance with State law, regulation, or written policy, to assist in the provision of early intervention services under this part to infants and toddlers with disabilities.
and toddlers with disabilities under this part. (10) A single line of responsibility in a lead agency designated or established by the Governor for carrying out – (A) the general administration and supervision of programs and	(10) A single line of responsibility in a lead agency designated or established by the Governor for carrying out(A) the general administration and supervision of programs and activities

activities receiving assistance under <u>section 633</u>, and the monitoring of programs and activities used by the State to carry out this part, whether or not such programs or activities are receiving assistance made available under <u>section 633</u>, to ensure that the State complies with this part;

- (B) the identification and coordination of all available resources within the State from Federal, State, local, and private sources;
- (C) the assignment of financial responsibility in accordance with section 637(a)(2) to the appropriate agencies;
- (D) the development of procedures to ensure that services are provided to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families under this part in a timely manner pending the resolution of any disputes among public agencies or service providers;
- (E) the resolution of intra- and interagency disputes; and
- (F) the entry into formal interagency agreements that define the financial responsibility of each agency for paying for early intervention services (consistent with State law) and procedures for resolving disputes and that include all additional components necessary to ensure meaningful cooperation and coordination.
- (11) A policy pertaining to the contracting or making of other arrangements with service providers to provide early intervention services in the State, consistent with the provisions of this part, including the contents of the application used and the conditions of the contract or other arrangements.
- (12) A procedure for securing timely reimbursements of funds used under this part in accordance with <u>section 640(a)</u>.
- (13) Procedural safeguards with respect to programs under this part, as required by section 639.
- (14) A system for compiling data requested by the Secretary under section 618 that relates to this part.
- (15) A State interagency coordinating council that meets the requirements of section 641.
- (16) Policies and procedures to ensure that, consistent with $\underline{\text{section}}$ $\underline{636(d)(5)}$ --
 - (A) to the maximum extent appropriate, early intervention services are provided in natural environments; and
 - (B) the provision of early intervention services for any infant or toddler occurs in a setting other than a natural environment only when early intervention cannot be achieved satisfactorily for the infant or toddler

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receiving assistance under section 633, and the monitoring of programs and activities used by the State to carry out this part, whether or not such programs or activities are receiving assistance made available under section 633, to ensure that the State complies with this part;

- (B) the identification and coordination of all available resources within the State from Federal, State, local, and private sources;
- (C) the assignment of financial responsibility in accordance with section 637(a)(2) to the appropriate agencies;
- (D) the development of procedures to ensure that services are provided to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families under this part in a timely manner pending the resolution of any disputes among public agencies or service providers;
- (E) the resolution of intra- and interagency disputes; and
- (F) the entry into formal interagency agreements that define the financial responsibility of each agency for paying for early intervention services (consistent with State law) and procedures for resolving disputes and that include all additional components necessary to ensure meaningful cooperation and coordination.
- (11) A policy pertaining to the contracting or making of other arrangements with service providers to provide early intervention services in the State, consistent with the provisions of this part, including the contents of the application used and the conditions of the contract or other arrangements.
- (12) A procedure for securing timely reimbursements of funds used under this part in accordance with section 640(a).
- (13) Procedural safeguards with respect to programs under this part, as required by section 639.
- (14) A system for compiling data requested by the Secretary under section 618 that relates to this part.
- (15) A State interagency coordinating council that meets the requirements of section 641.
- (16) Policies and procedures to ensure that, consistent with section 636(d)(5)--
 - (A) to the maximum extent appropriate, early intervention services are provided in natural environments; and
- (B) the provision of early intervention services for any infant or toddler with a disability occurs in a setting other than a natural environment that is most appropriate, as determined by the parent and the individualized

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in a natural environment.	family service plan team, only when early intervention cannot be achieved satisfactorily for the infant or toddler in a natural environment.
(b) POLICY- In implementing subsection (a)(9), a State may adopt a policy that includes making ongoing good-faith efforts to recruit and hire appropriately and adequately trained personnel to provide early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities, including, in a geographic area of the State where there is a shortage of such personnel, the most qualified individuals available who are making satisfactory progress toward completing applicable course work necessary to meet the standards described in subsection (a)(9), consistent with State law within 3 years.	(b) POLICYIn implementing subsection (a)(9), a State may adopt a policy that includes making ongoing good-faith efforts to recruit and hire appropriately and adequately trained personnel to provide early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities, including, in a geographic area of the State where there is a shortage of such personnel, the most qualified individuals available who are making satisfactory progress toward completing applicable course work necessary to meet the standards described in subsection (a)(9).
years.	(c) Flexibility To Serve Children 3 Years of Age Until Entrance Into Elementary School (1) IN GENERALA statewide system described in section 633 may include a State policy, developed and implemented jointly by the lead agency and the State educational agency, under which parents of children with disabilities who are eligible for services under section 619 and previously received services under this part, may choose the continuation of early intervention services (which shall include an educational component that promotes school readiness and incorporates preliteracy, language, and numeracy skills) for such children under this part until such children enter, or are eligible under State law to enter, kindergarten. (2) REQUIREMENTSIf a statewide system includes a State policy described in paragraph (1), the statewide system shall ensure that (A) parents of children with disabilities served pursuant to this subsection are provided annual notice that contains (i) a description of the rights of such parents to elect to receive services pursuant to this subsection or under part B; and (ii) an explanation of the differences between services provided pursuant to this subsection and services provided under part B, including (I) types of services and the locations at which the services are provided; (II) applicable procedural safeguards; and (III) possible costs (including any fees to be charged to families as described in section 632(4)(B)), if any, to parents of infants or toddlers with disabilities; (B) services provided pursuant to this subsection include an educational component that promotes school readiness and incorporates preliteracy, language, and numeracy skills; (C) the State policy will not affect the right of any child served pursuant to

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	this subsection to instead receive a free appropriate public education under part B; (D) all early intervention services outlined in the child's individualized family service plan under section 636 are continued while any eligibility determination is being made for services under this subsection; (E) the parents of infants or toddlers with disabilities (as defined in section 632(5)(A)) provide informed written consent to the State, before such infants or toddlers reach 3 years of age, as to whether such parents intend to choose the continuation of early intervention services pursuant to this subsection for such infants or toddlers; (F) the requirements under section 637(a)(9) shall not apply with respect to a child who is receiving services in accordance with this subsection until not less than 90 days (and at the discretion of the parties to the conference, not more than 9 months) before the time the child will no longer receive those services; and (G) there will be a referral for evaluation for early intervention services of a child who experiences a substantiated case of trauma due to exposure to family violence (as defined in section 320 of the Family Violence Prevention and Services Act). (3) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—If a statewide system includes a State policy described in paragraph (1), the State shall submit to the Secretary, in the State's report under section 637(b)(4)(A), a report on the number and percentage of children with disabilities who are eligible for services under section 619 but whose parents choose for such children to continue to receive early intervention services under this part. (4) AVALLABLE FUNDS.—If a statewide system includes a State policy described in paragraph (1), the policy shall describe the funds (including an identification as Federal, State, or local funds) that will be used to ensure that the option described in paragraph (1) is available to eligible children and families who provide the consent described in paragraph (2), including fees (if any) to be charged to fa
SEC. 636. INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN.	SEC. 636. INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN.

- (a) ASSESSMENT AND PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT- A statewide system described in section 633 shall provide, at a minimum, for each infant or toddler with a disability, and the infant's or toddler's family, to receive --
 - (1) a multidisciplinary assessment of the unique strengths and needs of the infant or toddler and the identification of services appropriate to meet such needs:
 - (2) a family-directed assessment of the resources, priorities, and concerns of the family and the identification of the supports and services necessary to enhance the family's capacity to meet the developmental needs of the infant or toddler; and
 - (3) a written individualized family service plan developed by a multidisciplinary team, including the parents, as required by subsection (e).
- (b) PERIODIC REVIEW- The individualized family service plan shall be evaluated once a year and the family shall be provided a review of the plan at 6-month intervals (or more often where appropriate based on infant or toddler and family needs).
- (c) PROMPTNESS AFTER ASSESSMENT- The individualized family service plan shall be developed within a reasonable time after the assessment required by subsection (a)(1) is completed. With the parents' consent, early intervention services may commence prior to the completion of the assessment.
- (d) CONTENT OF PLAN- The individualized family service plan shall be in writing and contain
 - (1) a statement of the infant's or toddler's present levels of physical development, cognitive development, communication development, social or emotional development, and adaptive development, based on objective criteria;
 - (2) a statement of the family's resources, priorities, and concerns relating to enhancing the development of the family's infant or toddler with a disability;
 - (3) a statement of the major outcomes expected to be achieved for the infant or toddler and the family, and the criteria, procedures, and timelines used to determine the degree to which progress toward

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- (a) ASSESSMENT AND PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT.--A statewide system described in section 633 shall provide, at a minimum, for each infant or toddler with a disability, and the infant's or toddler's family, to receive—
- (1) a multidisciplinary assessment of the unique strengths and needs of the infant or toddler and the identification of services appropriate to meet such needs:
- (2) a family-directed assessment of the resources, priorities, and concerns of the family and the identification of the supports and services necessary to enhance the family's capacity to meet the developmental needs of the infant or toddler; and
- (3) a written individualized family service plan developed by a multidisciplinary team, including the parents, as required by subsection
- (e), including a description of the appropriate transition services for the infant or toddler.
- (b) PERIODIC REVIEW.--The individualized family service plan shall be evaluated once a year and the family shall be provided a review of the plan at 6-month intervals (or more often where appropriate based on infant or toddler and family needs).
- (c) PROMPTNESS AFTER ASSESSMENT.--The individualized family service plan shall be developed within a reasonable time after the assessment required by subsection (a)(1) is completed. With the parents' consent, early intervention services may commence prior to the completion of the assessment.
- (d) CONTENT OF PLAN.--The individualized family service plan shall be in writing and contain--
 - (1) a statement of the infant's or toddler's present levels of physical development, cognitive development, communication development, social or emotional development, and adaptive development, based on objective criteria:
 - (2) a statement of the family's resources, priorities, and concerns relating to enhancing the development of the family's infant or toddler with a disability;
 - (3) a statement of the **measurable results or** outcomes expected to be achieved for the infant or toddler and the family, **including pre-literacy and language skills**, as developmentally appropriate for the child, and the

achieving the outcomes is being made and whether modifications or revisions of the outcomes or services are necessary;

- (4) a statement of specific early intervention services necessary to meet the unique needs of the infant or toddler and the family, including the frequency, intensity, and method of delivering services;
- (5) a statement of the natural environments in which early intervention services shall appropriately be provided, including a justification of the extent, if any, to which the services will not be provided in a natural environment:
- (6) the projected dates for initiation of services and the anticipated duration of the services;
- (7) the identification of the service coordinator from the profession most immediately relevant to the infant's or toddler's or family's needs (or who is otherwise qualified to carry out all applicable responsibilities under this part) who will be responsible for the implementation of the plan and coordination with other agencies and persons; and
- (8) the steps to be taken to support the transition of the toddler with a disability to preschool or other appropriate services.
- (e) PARENTAL CONSENT- The contents of the individualized family service plan shall be fully explained to the parents and informed written consent from the parents shall be obtained prior to the provision of early intervention services described in such plan. If the parents do not provide consent with respect to a particular early intervention service, then the early intervention services to which consent is obtained shall be provided.

SEC. 637. STATE APPLICATION AND ASSURANCES.

- (a) APPLICATION- A State desiring to receive a grant under <u>section 633</u> shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may reasonably require. The application shall contain
 - (1) a designation of the lead agency in the State that will be responsible for the administration of funds provided under <u>section 633</u>;
 - (2) a designation of an individual or entity responsible for assigning financial responsibility among appropriate agencies;

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criteria, procedures, and timelines used to determine the degree to which progress toward achieving the **results or** outcomes is being made and whether modifications or revisions of the **results or** outcomes or services are necessary;

- (4) a statement of specific early intervention services **based on peer-reviewed research**, **to the extent practicable**, necessary to meet the unique needs of the infant or toddler and the family, including the frequency, intensity, and method of delivering services:
- (5) a statement of the natural environments in which early intervention services will appropriately be provided, including a justification of the extent, if any, to which the services will not be provided in a natural environment:
- (6) the projected dates for initiation of services and the anticipated length, duration, and frequency of the services;
- (7) the identification of the service coordinator from the profession most immediately relevant to the infant's or toddler's or family's needs (or who is otherwise qualified to carry out all applicable responsibilities under this part) who will be responsible for the implementation of the plan and coordination with other agencies and persons, **including transition services**; and
- (8) the steps to be taken to support the transition of the toddler with a disability to preschool or other appropriate services.
- (e) PARENTAL CONSENT.--The contents of the individualized family service plan shall be fully explained to the parents and informed written consent from the parents shall be obtained prior to the provision of early intervention services described in such plan. If the parents do not provide consent with respect to a particular early intervention service, then only the early intervention services to which consent is obtained shall be provided.

SEC. 637. STATE APPLICATION AND ASSURANCES.

- (a) APPLICATION.--A State desiring to receive a grant under section 633 shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may reasonably require. The application shall contain--
- (1) a designation of the lead agency in the State that will be responsible for the administration of funds provided under section 633;
- (2) a certification to the Secretary that the arrangements to establish financial responsibility for services provided under this part pursuant to

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- (3) information demonstrating eligibility of the State under <u>section 634</u>, including --
 - (A) information demonstrating to the Secretary's satisfaction that the State has in effect the statewide system required by section 633; and
 - (B) a description of services to be provided to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families through the system;
- (4) if the State provides services to at-risk infants and toddlers through the system, a description of such services;
- (5) a description of the uses for which funds will be expended in accordance with this part;
- (6) a description of the procedure used to ensure that resources are made available under this part for all geographic areas within the State; (7) a description of State policies and procedures that ensure that, prior to the adoption by the State of any other policy or procedure necessary to meet the requirements of this part, there are public hearings, adequate notice of the hearings, and an opportunity for comment available to the general public, including individuals with disabilities and parents of infants and toddlers with disabilities;
- (8) a description of the policies and procedures to be used --(A) to ensure a smooth transition for toddlers receiving early intervention services under this part to preschool or other appropriate services, including a description of how --
 - (i) the families of such toddlers will be included in the transition plans required by subparagraph (C); and
 - (ii) the lead agency designated or established under section 635(a)(10) will --
 - (I) notify the local educational agency for the area in which such a child resides that the child will shortly reach the age of eligibility for preschool services under <u>part B</u>, as determined in accordance with State law;
 - (II) in the case of a child who may be eligible for such preschool services, with the approval of the family of the child, convene a

section 640(b) are current as of the date of submission of the certification;

- (3) information demonstrating eligibility of the State under section 634, including--
 - (A) information demonstrating to the Secretary's satisfaction that the State has in effect the statewide system required by section 633; and
 - (B) a description of services to be provided to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families through the system;
- (4) if the State provides services to at-risk infants and toddlers through the statewide system, a description of such services;
- (5) a description of the uses for which funds will be expended in accordance with this part;
- (6) a description of the State policies and procedures that require the referral for early intervention services under this part of a child under the age of 3 who--
 - (A) is involved in a substantiated case of child abuse or neglect; or
 - (B) is identified as affected by illegal substance abuse, or withdrawal symptoms resulting from prenatal drug exposure;
- (7) a description of the procedure used to ensure that resources are made available under this part for all geographic areas within the State;
- (8) a description of State policies and procedures that ensure that, prior to the adoption by the State of any other policy or procedure necessary to meet the requirements of this part, there are public hearings, adequate notice of the hearings, and an opportunity for comment available to the general public, including individuals with disabilities and parents of infants and toddlers with disabilities;
- (9) a description of the policies and procedures to be used--
 - (A) to ensure a smooth transition for toddlers receiving early intervention services under this part (and children receiving those services under section 635(c)) to preschool, school, other appropriate services, or exiting the program, including a description of how--
 - (i) the families of such toddlers and children will be included in the transition plans required by subparagraph (C); and
 - (ii) the lead agency designated or established under section 635(a)(10) will--
 - (I) notify the local educational agency for the area in which such a child resides that the child will shortly reach the age of eligibility for preschool services under part B, as determined in accordance with State law;
 - (II) in the case of a child who may be eligible for such preschool services, with the approval of the family of the child, convene a

conference among the lead agency, the family, and the local educational agency at least 90 days (and at the discretion of all such parties, up to 6 months) before the child is eligible for the preschool services, to discuss any such services that the child may receive; and

- (III) in the case of a child who may not be eligible for such preschool services, with the approval of the family, make reasonable efforts to convene a conference among the lead agency, the family, and providers of other appropriate services for children who are not eligible for preschool services under part B, to discuss the appropriate services that the child may receive;
- (B) to review the child's program options for the period from the child's third birthday through the remainder of the school year; and
- (C) to establish a transition plan; and
- (9) such other information and assurances as the Secretary may reasonably require.
- (b) ASSURANCES- The application described in subsection (a) --
- (1) shall provide satisfactory assurance that Federal funds made available under <u>section 643</u> to the State will be expended in accordance with this part;
- (2) shall contain an assurance that the State will comply with the requirements of section 640;
- (3) shall provide satisfactory assurance that the control of funds provided under <u>section 643</u>, and title to property derived from those funds, will be in a public agency for the uses and purposes provided in this part and that a public agency will administer such funds and property;
- (4) shall provide for --
 - (A) making such reports in such form and containing such information as the Secretary may require to carry out the Secretary's functions under this part; and
 - (B) keeping such records and affording such access to them as the Secretary may find necessary to ensure the correctness and verification of those reports and proper disbursement of Federal funds

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conference among the lead agency, the family, and the local educational agency not less than 90 days (and at the discretion of all such parties, **not more than 9** months) before the child is eligible for the preschool services, to discuss any such services that the child may receive; and

- (III) in the case of a child who may not be eligible for such preschool services, with the approval of the family, make reasonable efforts to convene a conference among the lead agency, the family, and providers of other appropriate services for children who are not eligible for preschool services under part B, to discuss the appropriate services that the child may receive;
- (B) to review the child's program options for the period from the child's third birthday through the remainder of the school year; and
- (C) to establish a transition plan, **including**, **as appropriate**, **steps to exit** from the program;
- (10) a description of State efforts to promote collaboration among Early Head Start programs under section 645A of the Head Start Act, early education and child care programs, and services under part C; and
- (11) such other information and assurances as the Secretary may reasonably require.
- (b) ASSURANCES.--The application described in subsection (a)--
 - (1) shall provide satisfactory assurance that Federal funds made available under section 643 to the State will be expended in accordance with this part;
 - (2) shall contain an assurance that the State will comply with the requirements of section 640;
 - (3) shall provide satisfactory assurance that the control of funds provided under section 643, and title to property derived from those funds, will be in a public agency for the uses and purposes provided in this part and that a public agency will administer such funds and property;
 - (4) shall provide for--
 - (A) making such reports in such form and containing such information as the Secretary may require to carry out the Secretary's functions under this part; and
 - (B) keeping such reports and affording such access to the reports as the Secretary may find necessary to ensure the correctness and verification of those reports and proper disbursement of Federal funds under this

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under this part;

- (5) provide satisfactory assurance that Federal funds made available under section 643 to the State --
 - (A) will not be commingled with State funds; and
 - (B) will be used so as to supplement the level of State and local funds expended for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families and in no case to supplant those State and local funds;
- (6) shall provide satisfactory assurance that such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures will be adopted as may be necessary to ensure proper disbursement of, and accounting for, Federal funds paid under section 643 to the State:
- (7) shall provide satisfactory assurance that policies and procedures have been adopted to ensure meaningful involvement of underserved groups, including minority, low-income, and rural families, in the planning and implementation of all the requirements of this part; and
- (8) shall contain such other information and assurances as the Secretary may reasonably require by regulation.
- (c) STANDARD FOR DISAPPROVAL OF APPLICATION- The Secretary may not disapprove such an application unless the Secretary determines, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, that the application fails to comply with the requirements of this section.
- (d) SUBSEQUENT STATE APPLICATION- If a State has on file with the Secretary a policy, procedure, or assurance that demonstrates that the State meets a requirement of this section, including any policy or procedure filed under part H (as in effect before July 1, 1998), the Secretary shall consider the State to have met the requirement for purposes of receiving a grant under this part.
- (e) MODIFICATION OF APPLICATION- An application submitted by a State in accordance with this section shall remain in effect until the State submits to the Secretary such modifications as the State determines necessary. This section shall apply to a modification of an application to the same extent and in the same manner as this section applies to the original application.

part;

- (5) provide satisfactory assurance that Federal funds made available under section 643 to the State--
 - (A) will not be commingled with State funds; and
 - (B) will be used so as to supplement the level of State and local funds expended for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families and in no case to supplant those State and local funds;
- (6) shall provide satisfactory assurance that such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures will be adopted as may be necessary to ensure proper disbursement of, and accounting for, Federal funds paid under section 643 to the State:
- (7) shall provide satisfactory assurance that policies and procedures have been adopted to ensure meaningful involvement of underserved groups, including minority, low-income, homeless, and rural families and children with disabilities who are wards of the State, in the planning and implementation of all the requirements of this part; and
- (8) shall contain such other information and assurances as the Secretary may reasonably require by regulation.
- (c) STANDARD FOR DISAPPROVAL OF APPLICATION.--The Secretary may not disapprove such an application unless the Secretary determines, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, that the application fails to comply with the requirements of this section.
- (d) SUBSEQUENT STATE APPLICATION.--If a State has on file with the Secretary a policy, procedure, or assurance that demonstrates that the State meets a requirement of this section, including any policy or procedure filed under this part (as in effect before the date of enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004), the Secretary shall consider the State to have met the requirement for purposes of receiving a grant under this part.
- (e) MODIFICATION OF APPLICATION.--An application submitted by a State in accordance with this section shall remain in effect until the State submits to the Secretary such modifications as the State determines necessary. This section shall apply to a modification of an application to the same extent and in the same manner as this section applies to the original application.

- (f) MODIFICATIONS REQUIRED BY THE SECRETARY- The Secretary may require a State to modify its application under this section, but only to the extent necessary to ensure the State's compliance with this part, if --
 - (1) an amendment is made to this Act, or a Federal regulation issued under this Act;
 - (2) a new interpretation of this Act is made by a Federal court or the State's highest court; or
 - (3) an official finding of noncompliance with Federal law or regulations is made with respect to the State.

SEC. 638. USES OF FUNDS.

In addition to using funds provided under section 633 to maintain and implement the statewide system required by such section, a State may use such funds --

- (1) for direct early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities, and their families, under this part that are not otherwise funded through other public or private sources;
- (2) to expand and improve on services for infants and toddlers and their families under this part that are otherwise available;
- (3) to provide a free appropriate public education, in accordance with part B, to children with disabilities from their third birthday to the beginning of the following school year; and
- (4) in any State that does not provide services for at-risk infants and toddlers under section 637(a)(4), to strengthen the statewide system by initiating, expanding, or improving collaborative efforts related to at-risk infants and toddlers, including establishing linkages with appropriate public or private community-based organizations, services, and personnel for the purposes of --
 - (A) identifying and evaluating at-risk infants and toddlers;
 - (B) making referrals of the infants and toddlers identified and evaluated under subparagraph (A); and
 - (C) conducting periodic follow-up on each such referral to determine if the status of the infant or toddler involved has changed with respect to the eligibility of the infant or toddler for services under this part.

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- (f) MODIFICATIONS REQUIRED BY THE SECRETARY.--The Secretary may require a State to modify its application under this section, but only to the extent necessary to ensure the State's compliance with this part, if--
- (1) an amendment is made to this title, or a Federal regulation issued under this title:
- (2) a new interpretation of this title is made by a Federal court or the State's highest court; or
- (3) an official finding of noncompliance with Federal law or regulations is made with respect to the State.

SEC. 638. USES OF FUNDS.

In addition to using funds provided under section 633 to maintain and implement the statewide system required by such section, a State may use such funds--

- (1) for direct early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities, and their families, under this part that are not otherwise funded through other public or private sources;
- (2) to expand and improve on services for infants and toddlers and their families under this part that are otherwise available;
- (3) to provide a free appropriate public education, in accordance with part B, to children with disabilities from their third birthday to the beginning of the following school year;
- (4) with the written consent of the parents, to continue to provide early intervention services under this part to children with disabilities from their 3rd birthday until such children enter, or are eligible under State law to enter, kindergarten, in lieu of a free appropriate public education provided in accordance with part B; and
- (5) in any State that does not provide services for at-risk infants and toddlers under section 637(a)(4), to strengthen the statewide system by initiating, expanding, or improving collaborative efforts related to at-risk infants and toddlers, including establishing linkages with appropriate public or private community-based organizations, services, and personnel for the purposes of--
 - (A) identifying and evaluating at-risk infants and toddlers:
 - (B) making referrals of the infants and toddlers identified and evaluated under subparagraph (A); and
 - (C) conducting periodic follow-up on each such referral to determine if the status of the infant or toddler involved has changed with respect to the eligibility of the infant or toddler for services under this part.

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SEC. 639. PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS.

- (a) MINIMUM PROCEDURES- The procedural safeguards required to be included in a statewide system under section 635(a)(13) shall provide, at a minimum, the following:
 - (1) The timely administrative resolution of complaints by parents. Any party aggrieved by the findings and decision regarding an administrative complaint shall have the right to bring a civil action with respect to the complaint in any State court of competent jurisdiction or in a district court of the United States without regard to the amount in controversy. In any action brought under this paragraph, the court shall receive the records of the administrative proceedings, shall hear additional evidence at the request of a party, and, basing its decision on the preponderance of the evidence, shall grant such relief as the court determines is appropriate.
 - (2) The right to confidentiality of personally identifiable information, including the right of parents to written notice of and written consent to the exchange of such information among agencies consistent with Federal and State law.
 - (3) The right of the parents to determine whether they, their infant or toddler, or other family members will accept or decline any early intervention service under this part in accordance with State law without jeopardizing other early intervention services under this part.
 - (4) The opportunity for parents to examine records relating to assessment, screening, eligibility determinations, and the development and implementation of the individualized family service plan.
 - (5) Procedures to protect the rights of the infant or toddler whenever the parents of the infant or toddler are not known or cannot be found or the infant or toddler is a ward of the State, including the assignment of an individual (who shall not be an employee of the State lead agency, or other State agency, and who shall not be any person, or any employee of a person, providing early intervention services to the infant or toddler or any family member of the infant or toddler) to act as a surrogate for the parents.
 - (6) Written prior notice to the parents of the infant or toddler with a disability whenever the State agency or service provider proposes to initiate or change or refuses to initiate or change the identification, evaluation, or placement of the infant or toddler with a disability, or the provision of appropriate early intervention services to the infant or toddler.

SEC. 639. PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS.

- (a) MINIMUM PROCEDURES.--The procedural safeguards required to be included in a statewide system under section 635(a)(13) shall provide, at a minimum, the following:
- (1) The timely administrative resolution of complaints by parents. Any party aggrieved by the findings and decision regarding an administrative complaint shall have the right to bring a civil action with respect to the complaint in any State court of competent jurisdiction or in a district court of the United States without regard to the amount in controversy. In any action brought under this paragraph, the court shall receive the records of the administrative proceedings, shall hear additional evidence at the request of a party, and, basing its decision on the preponderance of the evidence, shall grant such relief as the court determines is appropriate.
- (2) The right to confidentiality of personally identifiable information, including the right of parents to written notice of and written consent to the exchange of such information among agencies consistent with Federal and State law.
- (3) The right of the parents to determine whether they, their infant or toddler, or other family members will accept or decline any early intervention service under this part in accordance with State law without jeopardizing other early intervention services under this part.
- (4) The opportunity for parents to examine records relating to assessment, screening, eligibility determinations, and the development and implementation of the individualized family service plan.
- (5) Procedures to protect the rights of the infant or toddler whenever the parents of the infant or toddler are not known or cannot be found or the infant or toddler is a ward of the State, including the assignment of an individual (who shall not be an employee of the State lead agency, or other State agency, and who shall not be any person, or any employee of a person, providing early intervention services to the infant or toddler or any family member of the infant or toddler) to act as a surrogate for the parents.
- (6) Written prior notice to the parents of the infant or toddler with a disability whenever the State agency or service provider proposes to initiate or change, or refuses to initiate or change, the identification, evaluation, or placement of the infant or toddler with a disability, or the provision of appropriate early intervention services to the infant or toddler.

- (7) Procedures designed to ensure that the notice required by paragraph
- (6) fully informs the parents, in the parents' native language, unless it clearly is not feasible to do so, of all procedures available pursuant to this section.
- (8) The right of parents to use mediation in accordance with section 615(e), except that --
- (A) any reference in the section to a State educational agency shall be considered to be a reference to a State's lead agency established or designated under section 635(a)(10);
- (B) any reference in the section to a local educational agency shall be considered to be a reference to a local service provider or the State's lead agency under this part, as the case may be; and
- (C) any reference in the section to the provision of free appropriate public education to children with disabilities shall be considered to be a reference to the provision of appropriate early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities.
- (b) SERVICES DURING PENDENCY OF PROCEEDINGS- During the pendency of any proceeding or action involving a complaint by the parents of an infant or toddler with a disability, unless the State agency and the parents otherwise agree, the infant or toddler shall continue to receive the appropriate early intervention services currently being provided or, if applying for initial services, shall receive the services not in dispute.

SEC. 640. PAYOR OF LAST RESORT.

(a) NONSUBSTITUTION- Funds provided under section 643 may not be used to satisfy a financial commitment for services that would have been paid for from another public or private source, including any medical program administered by the Secretary of Defense, but for the enactment of this part, except that whenever considered necessary to prevent a delay in the receipt of appropriate early intervention services by an infant, toddler, or family in a timely fashion, funds provided under section 643 may be used to pay the provider of services pending reimbursement from the agency that has ultimate responsibility for the payment.

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- (7) Procedures designed to ensure that the notice required by paragraph
- (6) fully informs the parents, in the parents' native language, unless it clearly is not feasible to do so, of all procedures available pursuant to this section.
- (8) The right of parents to use mediation in accordance with section 615, except that--
 - (A) any reference in the section to a State educational agency shall be considered to be a reference to a State's lead agency established or designated under section 635(a)(10);
 - (B) any reference in the section to a local educational agency shall be considered to be a reference to a local service provider or the State's lead agency under this part, as the case may be; and
 - (C) any reference in the section to the provision of a free appropriate public education to children with disabilities shall be considered to be a reference to the provision of appropriate early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities.
- (b) SERVICES DURING PENDENCY OF PROCEEDINGS.--During the pendency of any proceeding or action involving a complaint by the parents of an infant or toddler with a disability, unless the State agency and the parents otherwise agree, the infant or toddler shall continue to receive the appropriate early intervention services currently being provided or, if applying for initial services, shall receive the services not in dispute.

SEC. 640. PAYOR OF LAST RESORT.

- (a) NONSUBSTITUTION.--Funds provided under section 643 may not be used to satisfy a financial commitment for services that would have been paid for from another public or private source, including any medical program administered by the Secretary of Defense, but for the enactment of this part, except that whenever considered necessary to prevent a delay in the receipt of appropriate early intervention services by an infant, toddler, or family in a timely fashion, funds provided under section 643 may be used to pay the provider of services pending reimbursement from the agency that has ultimate responsibility for the payment.
- (b) OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO AND METHODS OF ENSURING SERVICES.--
- (1) ESTABLISHING FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR SERVICES.--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--The Chief Executive Officer of a State or designee of

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	the officer shall ensure that an interagency agreement or other mechanism for interagency coordination is in effect between each public agency and the designated lead agency, in order to ensure (i) the provision of, and financial responsibility for, services provided under this part; and (ii) such services are consistent with the requirements of section 635 and the State's application pursuant to section 637, including the provision of such services during the pendency of any such dispute. (B) CONSISTENCY BETWEEN AGREEMENTS OR MECHANISMS UNDER PART BThe Chief Executive Officer of a State or designee of the officer shall ensure that the terms and conditions of such agreement or mechanism are consistent with the terms and conditions of the State's agreement or mechanism under section 612(a)(12), where appropriate. (2) REIMBURSEMENT FOR SERVICES BY PUBLIC AGENCY (A) IN GENERALIf a public agency other than an educational agency fails to provide or pay for the services pursuant to an agreement required under paragraph (1), the local educational agency or State agency (as determined by the Chief Executive Officer or designee) shall provide or pay for the provision of such services to the child. (B) REIMBURSEMENTSuch local educational agency or State agency is authorized to claim reimbursement for the services from the public agency shall reimburse the local educational agency or State agency pursuant to the terms of the interagency agreement or other mechanism required under paragraph (1). (3) SPECIAL RULEThe requirements of paragraph (1) may be met through (A) State statute or regulation; (B) signed agreements between respective agency officials that clearly identify the responsibilities of each agency relating to the provision of services; or (C) other appropriate written methods as determined by the Chief Executive Officer of the State or designee of the officer and approved by the Secretary through the review and approval of the State's application pursuant to section 637.
(b) REDUCTION OF OTHER BENEFITS- Nothing in this part shall be construed to permit the State to reduce medical or other assistance available or to alter eligibility under title V of the Social Security Act	(c) REDUCTION OF OTHER BENEFITSNothing in this part shall be construed to permit the State to reduce medical or other assistance available or to alter eligibility under title V of the Social Security Act (relating

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(relating to maternal and child health) or title XIX of the Social Security Act (relating to Medicaid for infants or toddlers with disabilities) within the State.

to maternal and child health) or title XIX of the Social Security Act (relating to medicaid for infants or toddlers with disabilities) within the State.

SEC. 641. STATE INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COUNCIL.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT-

- (1) IN GENERAL- A State that desires to receive financial assistance under this part shall establish a State interagency coordinating council.
 (2) APPOINTMENT- The council shall be appointed by the Governor. In making appointments to the council, the Governor shall ensure that the membership of the council reasonably represents the population of the
- (3) CHAIRPERSON- The Governor shall designate a member of the council to serve as the chairperson of the council, or shall require the council to so designate such a member. Any member of the council who is a representative of the lead agency designated under <u>section</u> 635(a)(10) may not serve as the chairperson of the council.

(b) COMPOSITION-

State.

- (1) IN GENERAL- The council shall be composed as follows:
 - (A) PARENTS- At least 20 percent of the members shall be parents of infants or toddlers with disabilities or children with disabilities aged 12 or younger, with knowledge of, or experience with, programs for infants and toddlers with disabilities. At least one such member shall be a parent of an infant or toddler with a disability or a child with a disability aged 6 or younger.
 - (B) SERVICE PROVIDERS- At least 20 percent of the members shall be public or private providers of early intervention services.
 - (C) STATE LEGISLATURE- At least one member shall be from the State legislature.
 - (D) PERSONNEL PREPARATION- At least one member shall be involved in personnel preparation.
 - (E) AGENCY FOR EARLY INTERVENTION SERVICES- At least one member shall be from each of the State agencies involved in the provision of, or payment for, early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families and shall have sufficient authority to engage in policy planning and implementation on behalf of such agencies.
 - (F) AGENCY FOR PRESCHOOL SERVICES- At least one member

SEC. 641. STATE INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COUNCIL. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.--

- (1) IN GENERAL.--A State that desires to receive financial assistance under this part shall establish a State interagency coordinating council.
- (2) APPOINTMENT.--The council shall be appointed by the Governor. In making appointments to the council, the Governor shall ensure that the membership of the council reasonably represents the population of the State.
- (3) CHAIRPERSON.--The Governor shall designate a member of the council to serve as the chairperson of the council, or shall require the council to so designate such a member. Any member of the council who is a representative of the lead agency designated under section 635(a)(10) may not serve as the chairperson of the council.

(b) COMPOSITION .--

- (1) IN GENERAL.--The council shall be composed as follows:
 - (A) PARENTS.--Not less than 20 percent of the members shall be parents of infants or toddlers with disabilities or children with disabilities aged 12 or younger, with knowledge of, or experience with, programs for infants and toddlers with disabilities. Not less than 1 such member shall be a parent of an infant or toddler with a disability or a child with a disability aged 6 or younger.
 - (B) SERVICE PROVIDERS.--Not less than 20 percent of the members shall be public or private providers of early intervention services.
 - (C) STATE LEGISLATURE.--Not less than 1 member shall be from the State legislature.
 - (D) PERSONNEL PREPARATION.--Not less than 1 member shall be involved in personnel preparation.
 - (E) AGENCY FOR EARLY INTERVENTION SERVICES.--Not less than 1 member shall be from each of the State agencies involved in the provision of, or payment for, early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families and shall have sufficient authority to engage in policy planning and implementation on behalf of such agencies.
 - (F) AGENCY FOR PRESCHOOL SERVICES.--Not less than 1 member

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shall be from the State educational agency responsible for preschool services to children with disabilities and shall have sufficient authority to engage in policy planning and implementation on behalf of such agency. (G) AGENCY FOR HEALTH INSURANCE- At least one member shall be from the agency responsible for the State governance of health insurance.	shall be from the State educational agency responsible for preschool services to children with disabilities and shall have sufficient authority to engage in policy planning and implementation on behalf of such agency. (G) STATE MEDICAID AGENCYNot less than 1 member shall be from the agency responsible for the State medicaid program.
(H) HEAD START AGENCY- At least one representative from a Head Start agency or program in the State. (I) CHILD CARE AGENCY- At least one representative from a State agency responsible for child care.	 (H) HEAD START AGENCYNot less than 1 member shall be a representative from a Head Start agency or program in the State. (I) CHILD CARE AGENCYNot less than 1 member shall be a representative from a State agency responsible for child care. (J) AGENCY FOR HEALTH INSURANCENot less than 1 member shall be from the agency responsible for the State regulation of health insurance. (K) OFFICE OF THE COORDINATOR OF EDUCATION OF HOMELESS CHILDREN AND YOUTHNot less than 1 member shall be a representative designated by the Office of Coordinator for Education of Homeless Children and Youths. (L) STATE FOSTER CARE REPRESENTATIVENot less than 1 member shall be a representative from the State child welfare agency responsible for foster care. (M) MENTAL HEALTH AGENCYNot less than 1 member shall be a representative from the State agency responsible for children's mental health.
(2) OTHER MEMBERS- The council may include other members selected by the Governor, including a representative from the <u>Bureau of Indian Affairs</u> , or where there is no BIA-operated or BIA-funded school, from the Indian Health Service or the tribe or tribal council.	(2) OTHER MEMBERSThe council may include other members selected by the Governor, including a representative from the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), or where there is no BIA-operated or BIA-funded school, from the Indian Health Service or the tribe or tribal council.
(c) MEETINGS- The council shall meet at least quarterly and in such places as it deems necessary. The meetings shall be publicly announced, and, to the extent appropriate, open and accessible to the general public.	(c) MEETINGSThe council shall meet, at a minimum, on a quarterly basis, and in such places as the council determines necessary. The meetings shall be publicly announced, and, to the extent appropriate, open and accessible to the general public.
(d) MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY- Subject to the approval of the Governor, the council may prepare and approve a budget using funds under this part to conduct hearings and forums, to reimburse members of the council for reasonable and necessary expenses for attending council meetings and performing council duties (including child care for parent	(d) MANAGEMENT AUTHORITYSubject to the approval of the Governor, the council may prepare and approve a budget using funds under this part to conduct hearings and forums, to reimburse members of the council for reasonable and necessary expenses for attending council meetings and performing council duties (including child care for parent representatives), to

pay compensation to a member of the council if the member is not employed or must forfeit wages from other employment when performing official council business, to hire staff, and to obtain the services of such professional, technical, and clerical personnel as may be necessary to carry

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representatives), to pay compensation to a member of the council if the member is not employed or must forfeit wages from other employment when performing official council business, to hire staff, and to obtain the services of such professional, technical, and clerical personnel as may be necessary to carry out its functions under this part.

(e) FUNCTIONS OF COUNCIL-

- (1) DUTIES- The council shall --
 - (A) advise and assist the lead agency designated or established under section 635(a)(10) in the performance of the responsibilities set forth in such section, particularly the identification of the sources of fiscal and other support for services for early intervention programs, assignment of financial responsibility to the appropriate agency, and the promotion of the interagency agreements;
 - (B) advise and assist the lead agency in the preparation of applications and amendments thereto;
 - (C) advise and assist the State educational agency regarding the transition of toddlers with disabilities to preschool and other appropriate services; and
 - (D) prepare and submit an annual report to the Governor and to the Secretary on the status of early intervention programs for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families operated within the State.
- (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITY- The council may advise and assist the lead agency and the State educational agency regarding the provision of appropriate services for children from birth through age 5. The council may advise appropriate agencies in the State with respect to the integration of services for infants and toddlers with disabilities and at-risk infants and toddlers and their families, regardless of whether at-risk infants and toddlers are eligible for early intervention services in the State.
- (f) CONFLICT OF INTEREST- No member of the council shall cast a vote on any matter that would provide direct financial benefit to that member or otherwise give the appearance of a conflict of interest under State law.

SEC. 642. FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION.

Sections 616, 617, and 618 shall, to the extent not inconsistent with this part, apply to the program authorized by this part, except that –

(e) FUNCTIONS OF COUNCIL .--

out its functions under this part.

- (1) DUTIES.--The council shall--
 - (A) advise and assist the lead agency designated or established under section 635(a)(10) in the performance of the responsibilities set forth in such section, particularly the identification of the sources of fiscal and other support for services for early intervention programs, assignment of financial responsibility to the appropriate agency, and the promotion of the interagency agreements;
 - (B) advise and assist the lead agency in the preparation of applications and amendments thereto:
 - (C) advise and assist the State educational agency regarding the transition of toddlers with disabilities to preschool and other appropriate services; and
 - (D) prepare and submit an annual report to the Governor and to the Secretary on the status of early intervention programs for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families operated within the State.
- (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITY.--The council may advise and assist the lead agency and the State educational agency regarding the provision of appropriate services for children from birth through age 5. The council may advise appropriate agencies in the State with respect to the integration of services for infants and toddlers with disabilities and at-risk infants and toddlers and their families, regardless of whether at-risk infants and toddlers are eligible for early intervention services in the State.
- (f) CONFLICT OF INTEREST.--No member of the council shall cast a vote on any matter that is likely to provide a direct financial benefit to that member or otherwise give the appearance of a conflict of interest under State law.

SEC. 642. FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION.

Sections 616, 617, and 618 shall, to the extent not inconsistent with this part, apply to the program authorized by this part, except that--

- (1) any reference in such sections to a State educational agency shall be considered to be a reference to a State's lead agency established or designated under section 635(a)(10);
- (2) any reference in such sections to a local educational agency, educational service agency, or a State agency shall be considered to be a reference to an early intervention service provider under this part; and
- (3) any reference to the education of children with disabilities or the education of all children with disabilities shall be considered to be a reference to the provision of appropriate early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities.

SEC. 643. ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.

- (a) RESERVATION OF FUNDS FOR OUTLYING AREAS-
- (1) IN GENERAL- From the sums appropriated to carry out this part for any fiscal year, the Secretary may reserve up to one percent for payments to Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in accordance with their respective needs.
- (2) CONSOLIDATION OF FUNDS- The provisions of Public Law 95-134, permitting the consolidation of grants to the outlying areas, shall not apply to funds those areas receive under this part.

(b) PAYMENTS TO INDIANS-

- (1) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall, subject to this subsection, make payments to the Secretary of the Interior to be distributed to tribes, tribal organizations (as defined under section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act), or consortia of the above entities for the coordination of assistance in the provision of early intervention services by the States to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families on reservations served by elementary and secondary schools for Indian children operated or funded by the Department of the Interior. The amount of such payment for any fiscal year shall be 1.25 percent of the aggregate of the amount available to all States under this part for such fiscal year.
- (2) ALLOCATION- For each fiscal year, the Secretary of the Interior shall distribute the entire payment received under paragraph (1) by providing to each tribe, tribal organization, or consortium an amount based on the number of infants and toddlers residing on the reservation, as determined annually, divided by the total of such children served by

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- (1) any reference in such sections to a State educational agency shall be considered to be a reference to a State's lead agency established or designated under section 635(a)(10);
- (2) any reference in such sections to a local educational agency, educational service agency, or a State agency shall be considered to be a reference to an early intervention service provider under this part; and (3) any reference to the education of children with disabilities or the education of all children with disabilities shall be considered to be a reference to the provision of appropriate early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities.

SEC. 643. ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.

- (a) RESERVATION OF FUNDS FOR OUTLYING AREAS .--
- (1) IN GENERAL.--From the sums appropriated to carry out this part for any fiscal year, the Secretary may reserve not more than 1 percent for payments to Guam, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in accordance with their respective needs for assistance under this part.
- (2) CONSOLIDATION OF FUNDS.--The provisions of Public Law 95-134, permitting the consolidation of grants to the outlying areas, shall not apply to funds those areas receive under this part.

(b) PAYMENTS TO INDIANS .--

- (1) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary shall, subject to this subsection, make payments to the Secretary of the Interior to be distributed to tribes, tribal organizations (as defined under section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act), or consortia of the above entities for the coordination of assistance in the provision of early intervention services by the States to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families on reservations served by elementary schools and secondary schools for Indian children operated or funded by the Department of the Interior. The amount of such payment for any fiscal year shall be 1.25 percent of the aggregate of the amount available to all States under this part for such fiscal year.
- (2) ALLOCATION.--For each fiscal year, the Secretary of the Interior shall distribute the entire payment received under paragraph (1) by providing to each tribe, tribal organization, or consortium an amount based on the number of infants and toddlers residing on the reservation, as determined annually, divided by the total of such children served by all tribes, tribal

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all tribes, tribal organizations, or consortia.

- (3) INFORMATION- To receive a payment under this subsection, the tribe, tribal organization, or consortium shall submit such information to the Secretary of the Interior as is needed to determine the amounts to be distributed under paragraph (2).
- (4) USE OF FUNDS- The funds received by a tribe, tribal organization, or consortium shall be used to assist States in child find, screening, and other procedures for the early identification of Indian children under 3 years of age and for parent training. Such funds may also be used to provide early intervention services in accordance with this part. Such activities may be carried out directly or through contracts or cooperative agreements with the BIA, local educational agencies, and other public or private nonprofit organizations. The tribe, tribal organization, or consortium is encouraged to involve Indian parents in the development and implementation of these activities. The above entities shall, as appropriate, make referrals to local, State, or Federal entities for the provision of services or further diagnosis.
- (5) REPORTS- To be eligible to receive a grant under paragraph (2), a tribe, tribal organization, or consortium shall make a biennial report to the Secretary of the Interior of activities undertaken under this subsection, including the number of contracts and cooperative agreements entered into, the number of children contacted and receiving services for each year, and the estimated number of children needing services during the 2 years following the year in which the report is made. The Secretary of the Interior shall include a summary of this information on a biennial basis to the Secretary of Education along with such other information as required under section 611(i)(3)(E). The Secretary of Education may require any additional information from the Secretary of the Interior.
- (6) PROHIBITED USES OF FUNDS- None of the funds under this subsection may be used by the Secretary of the Interior for administrative purposes, including child count, and the provision of technical assistance.

(c) STATE ALLOTMENTS-

(1) IN GENERAL- Except as provided in paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), from the funds remaining for each fiscal year after the reservation and payments under subsections (a) and (b), the Secretary shall first allot to each State an amount that bears the same ratio to the amount of such

organizations, or consortia.

- (3) INFORMATION.--To receive a payment under this subsection, the tribe, tribal organization, or consortium shall submit such information to the Secretary of the Interior as is needed to determine the amounts to be distributed under paragraph (2).
- (4) USE OF FUNDS.--The funds received by a tribe, tribal organization, or consortium shall be used to assist States in child find, screening, and other procedures for the early identification of Indian children under 3 years of age and for parent training. Such funds may also be used to provide early intervention services in accordance with this part. Such activities may be carried out directly or through contracts or cooperative agreements with the Bureau of Indian Affairs, local educational agencies, and other public or private nonprofit organizations. The tribe, tribal organization, or consortium is encouraged to involve Indian parents in the development and implementation of these activities. The above entities shall, as appropriate, make referrals to local, State, or Federal entities for the provision of services or further diagnosis.
- (5) REPORTS.--To be eligible to receive a payment under paragraph (2), a tribe, tribal organization, or consortium shall make a biennial report to the Secretary of the Interior of activities undertaken under this subsection, including the number of contracts and cooperative agreements entered into, the number of infants and toddlers contacted and receiving services for each year, and the estimated number of infants and toddlers needing services during the 2 years following the year in which the report is made. The Secretary of the Interior shall include a summary of this information on a biennial basis to the Secretary of Education along with such other information as required under section 611(h)(3)(E). The Secretary of the Interior.
- (6) PROHIBITED USES OF FUNDS.--None of the funds under this subsection may be used by the Secretary of the Interior for administrative purposes, including child count, and the provision of technical assistance.

(c) STATE ALLOTMENTS.--

(1) IN GENERAL.--Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), from the funds remaining for each fiscal year after the reservation and payments under subsections (a), (b), and (e), the Secretary shall first allot to each State an amount that bears the same ratio to the amount of such

remainder as the number of infants and toddlers in the State bears to the number of infants and toddlers in all States. (2) MINIMUM ALLOTMENTS- Except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4), no State shall receive an amount under this section for any fiscal year that is less than the greatest of --

- (A) one-half of one percent of the remaining amount described in paragraph (1); or
- (B) \$500,000.
- (3) SPECIAL RULE FOR 1998 AND 1999-
- (A) IN GENERAL- Except as provided in paragraph (4), no State may receive an amount under this section for either fiscal year 1998 or 1999 that is less than the sum of the amounts such State received for fiscal year 1994 under --
 - (i) part H (as in effect for such fiscal year); and
 - (ii) subpart 2 of part D of chapter 1 of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Improving America's Schools Act of 1994) for children with disabilities under 3 years of age.
- (B) EXCEPTION- If, for fiscal year 1998 or 1999, the number of infants and toddlers in a State, as determined under paragraph (1), is less than the number of infants and toddlers so determined for fiscal year 1994, the amount determined under subparagraph (A) for the State shall be reduced by the same percentage by which the number of such infants and toddlers so declined.

(4) RATABLE REDUCTION-

- (A) IN GENERAL- If the sums made available under this part for any fiscal year are insufficient to pay the full amounts that all States are eligible to receive under this subsection for such year, the Secretary shall ratably reduce the allotments to such States for such year.
- (B) ADDITIONAL FUNDS- If additional funds become available for making payments under this subsection for a fiscal year, allotments that were reduced under subparagraph (A) shall be increased on the same basis they were reduced.
- (5) DEFINITIONS- For the purpose of this subsection --
 - (A) the terms 'infants' and 'toddlers' mean children under 3 years of age; and
 - (B) the term 'State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

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remainder as the number of infants and toddlers in the State bears to the number of infants and toddlers in all States.

- (2) MINIMUM ALLOTMENTS.--Except as provided in paragraph (3), no State shall receive an amount under this section for any fiscal year that is less than the greater of--
 - (A) 1/2 of 1 percent of the remaining amount described in paragraph (1); or
- (B) \$500,000.

(3) RATABLE REDUCTION .--

- (A) IN GENERAL.--If the sums made available under this part for any fiscal year are insufficient to pay the full amounts that all States are eligible to receive under this subsection for such year, the Secretary shall ratably reduce the allotments to such States for such year.
- (B) ADDITIONAL FUNDS.--If additional funds become available for making payments under this subsection for a fiscal year, allotments that were reduced under subparagraph (A) shall be increased on the same basis the allotments were reduced.
- (4) DEFINITIONS.--In this subsection--
 - (A) the terms `infants' and `toddlers' mean children under 3 years of age; and
 - (B) the term `State' means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

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(d) REALLOTMENT OF FUNDS- If a State elects not to receive its allotment under subsection (c), the Secretary shall reallot, among the remaining States, amounts from such State in accordance with such subsection.	(d) REALLOTMENT OF FUNDSIf a State elects not to receive its allotment under subsection (c), the Secretary shall reallot, among the remaining States, amounts from such State in accordance with such subsection.
	 (e) RESERVATION FOR STATE INCENTIVE GRANTS (1) IN GENERALFor any fiscal year for which the amount appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations under section 644 exceeds \$460,000,000, the Secretary shall reserve 15 percent of such appropriated amount to provide grants to States that are carrying out the policy described in section 635(c) in order to facilitate the implementation of such policy. (2) AMOUNT OF GRANT (A) IN GENERALNotwithstanding paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (c), the Secretary shall provide a grant to each State under paragraph (1) in an amount that bears the same ratio to the amount reserved under such paragraph as the number of infants and toddlers in the State bears to the number of infants and toddlers in all States receiving grants under such paragraph. (B) MAXIMUM AMOUNTNo State shall receive a grant under paragraph (1) for any fiscal year in an amount that is greater than 20 percent of the amount reserved under such paragraph for the fiscal year. (3) CARRYOVER OF AMOUNTS (A) 1ST SUCCEEDING FISCAL YEARPursuant to section 421(b) of the General Education Provisions Act, amounts under a grant provided under paragraph (1) that are not obligated and expended prior to the beginning of the first fiscal year succeeding fiscal year. (B) 2D SUCCEEDING FISCAL YEARAmounts under a grant provided under paragraph (1) that are not obligated and expended prior to the beginning of the second fiscal year. (B) 2D SUCCEEDING FISCAL YEARAmounts under a grant provided under paragraph (1) that are not obligated and expended prior to the beginning of the second fiscal year succeeding the fiscal year for which such amounts were appropriated shall be returned to the Secretary and used to make grants to States under section 633 (from their allotments
SEC. 644. FEDERAL INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COUNCIL.	under this section) during such second succeeding fiscal year.
 (a) ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE- (1) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall establish a Federal Interagency Coordinating Council in order to (A) minimize duplication of programs and activities across Federal, State, and local agencies, relating to (i) early intervention services for infants and toddlers with disabilities 	

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(including at-risk infants and toddlers) and their families; and (ii) preschool or other appropriate services for children with disabilities; (B) ensure the effective coordination of Federal early intervention and preschool programs and policies across Federal agencies; (C) coordinate the provision of Federal technical assistance and support activities to States; (D) identify gaps in Federal agency programs and services; and (E) identify barriers to Federal interagency cooperation. (2) APPOINTMENTS- The council established under paragraph (1) (hereafter in this section referred to as the Council') and the chairperson of the Council shall be appointed by the Secretary in consultation with other appropriate Federal agencies. In making the appointments, the Secretary shall ensure that each member has sufficient authority to engage in policy planning and implementation on behalf of the department, agency, or program that the member represents. (b) COMPOSITION- The Council shall be composed of (1) a representative of the Office of Special Education Programs; (2) a representative of the National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research and a representative of the Office of Educational Research and Improvement; (3) a representative of the Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant Program; (4) a representative of the Division of Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act; (5) a representative of the Division of Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities of the Centers for Disease Control; (7) a representative of the Social Security Administration; (8) a representative of the Social Security Administration; (9) a representative of the National Institute of Mental Health; (10) a representative of the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development; (11) a representative of the Bureau of Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior; (12) a representative of the Department of Defense;	

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 (15) a representative of the Children's Bureau, and a representative of the Head Start Bureau, of the Administration for Children and Families; (16) a representative of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration; (17) a representative of the Pediatric AIDS Health Care Demonstration Program in the Public Health Service; (18) parents of children with disabilities age 12 or under (who shall constitute at least 20 percent of the members of the Council), of whom at least one must have a child with a disability under the age of 6; (19) at least two representatives of State lead agencies for early intervention services to infants and toddlers, one of whom must be a representative of a State educational agency and the other a representative of a non-educational agency; (20) other members representing appropriate agencies involved in the provision of, or payment for, early intervention services and special education and related services to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families and preschool children with disabilities; and (21) other persons appointed by the Secretary. (c) MEETINGS- The Council shall meet at least quarterly and in such places as the Council deems necessary. The meetings shall be publicly announced, and, to the extent appropriate, open and accessible to the 	
general public. (d) FUNCTIONS OF THE COUNCIL- The Council shall (1) advise and assist the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Commissioner of Social Security in the performance of their responsibilities related to serving children from birth through age 5 who are eligible for services under this part or under part B; (2) conduct policy analyses of Federal programs related to the provision of early intervention services and special educational and related services to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families, and preschool children with disabilities, in order to determine areas of conflict, overlap, duplication, or inappropriate omission; (3) identify strategies to address issues described in paragraph (2); (4) develop and recommend joint policy memoranda concerning effective interagency collaboration, including modifications to	

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regulations, and the elimination of barriers to interagency programs and activities; (5) coordinate technical assistance and disseminate information on best practices, effective program coordination strategies, and recommendations for improved early intervention programming for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families and preschool children with disabilities; and (6) facilitate activities in support of States' interagency coordination efforts.	
(e) CONFLICT OF INTEREST- No member of the Council shall cast a vote on any matter that would provide direct financial benefit to that member or otherwise give the appearance of a conflict of interest under Federal law.	
(f) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT- The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the establishment or operation of the Council.	
SEC. 645 AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS For the purpose of carrying out this part, there are authorized to be appropriated \$400,000,000 for fiscal year 1998 and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1999 through 2002.	SEC. 644. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. For the purpose of carrying out this part, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2005 through 2010.

Comparison of P.L. 105-17 to H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress – November 19, 2004

H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress
PART DNATIONAL ACTIVITIES TO IMPROVE EDUCATION OF CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES SEC. 650. FINDINGS.
Congress finds the following: (1) The Federal Government has an ongoing obligation to support activities that contribute to positive results for children with disabilities, enabling those children to lead productive and independent adult lives. (2) Systemic change benefiting all students, including children with disabilities, requires the involvement of States, local educational agencies, parents, individuals with disabilities and their families, teachers and other service providers, and other interested individuals and organizations to develop and implement comprehensive strategies that improve educational results for children with disabilities. (3) State educational agencies, in partnership with local educational agencies, parents of children with disabilities, and other individuals and organizations, are in the best position to improve education for children with disabilities and to address their special needs. (4) An effective educational system serving students with disabilities should-(A) maintain high academic achievement standards and clear performance goals for children with disabilities, consistent with the standards and expectations for all students in the educational system, and provide for appropriate and effective strategies and methods to ensure that all children with disabilities have the opportunity to achieve those standards and goals; (B) clearly define, in objective, measurable terms, the school and post-school results that children with disabilities are expected to achieve; and (C) promote transition services and coordinate State and local education, social, health, mental health, and other services, in addressing the full range of student needs, particularly the needs of children with disabilities

children with disabilities, consistent with the standards and expectations for

effective strategies and methods to ensure that students who are children

all students in the educational system, and provide for appropriate and

(5) The availability of an adequate number of qualified personnel is critical--

(B) to assume leadership positions in administration and direct services;

(A) to serve effectively children with disabilities;

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- with disabilities have maximum opportunities to achieve those standards and goals;
- (B) create a system that fully addresses the needs of all students, including children with disabilities, by addressing the needs of children with disabilities in carrying out educational reform activities;
- (C) clearly define, in measurable terms, the school and post-school results that children with disabilities are expected to achieve;
- (D) promote service integration, and the coordination of State and local education, social, health, mental health, and other services, in addressing the full range of student needs, particularly the needs of children with disabilities who require significant levels of support to maximize their participation and learning in school and the community;
- (E) ensure that children with disabilities are provided assistance and support in making transitions as described in section 674(b)(3)(C);
- (F) promote comprehensive programs of professional development to ensure that the persons responsible for the education or a transition of children with disabilities possess the skills and knowledge necessary to address the educational and related needs of those children;
- (G) disseminate to teachers and other personnel serving children with disabilities research-based knowledge about successful teaching practices and models and provide technical assistance to local educational agencies and schools on how to improve results for children with disabilities;
- (H) create school-based disciplinary strategies that will be used to reduce or eliminate the need to use suspension and expulsion as disciplinary options for children with disabilities;
- (I) establish placement-neutral funding formulas and cost-effective strategies for meeting the needs of children with disabilities; and (J) involve individuals with disabilities and parents of children with disabilities in planning, implementing, and evaluating systemic-change activities and educational reforms.
- (b) PURPOSE- The purpose of this subpart is to assist State educational agencies, and their partners referred to in section 652(b), in reforming and improving their systems for providing educational, early intervention, and transitional services, including their systems for professional development, technical assistance, and dissemination of knowledge about best practices, to improve results for children with disabilities.

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- (C) to provide teacher training; and
- (D) to conduct high quality research to improve special education.
- (6) High quality, comprehensive professional development programs are essential to ensure that the persons responsible for the education or transition of children with disabilities possess the skills and knowledge necessary to address the educational and related needs of those children.
- (7) Models of professional development should be scientifically based and reflect successful practices, including strategies for recruiting, preparing, and retaining personnel.
- (8) Continued support is essential for the development and maintenance of a coordinated and high quality program of research to inform successful teaching practices and model curricula for educating children with disabilities.
- (9) Training, technical assistance, support, and dissemination activities are necessary to ensure that parts B and C are fully implemented and achieve high quality early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities and their families.
- (10) Parents, teachers, administrators, and related services personnel need technical assistance and information in a timely, coordinated, and accessible manner in order to improve early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results at the State and local levels for children with disabilities and their families.
- (11) Parent training and information activities assist parents of a child with a disability in dealing with the multiple pressures of parenting such a child and are of particular importance in--
 - (A) playing a vital role in creating and preserving constructive relationships between parents of children with disabilities and schools by facilitating open communication between the parents and schools; encouraging dispute resolution at the earliest possible point in time; and discouraging the escalation of an adversarial process between the parents and schools;
 - (B) ensuring the involvement of parents in planning and decisionmaking with respect to early intervention, educational, and transitional services;
 - (C) achieving high quality early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities:
- (D) providing such parents information on their rights, protections, and responsibilities under this title to ensure improved early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities:
- (E) assisting such parents in the development of skills to participate effectively in the education and development of their children and in the transitions described in section 673(b)(6);

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	 (F) supporting the roles of such parents as participants within partnerships seeking to improve early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities and their families; and (G) supporting such parents who may have limited access to services and supports, due to economic, cultural, or linguistic barriers. (12) Support is needed to improve technological resources and integrate technology, including universally designed technologies, into the lives of children with disabilities, parents of children with disabilities, school personnel, and others through curricula, services, and assistive technologies.
	Subpart 1State Personnel Development Grants SEC. 651. PURPOSE; DEFINITION OF PERSONNEL; PROGRAM AUTHORITY. (a) PURPOSEThe purpose of this subpart is to assist State educational agencies in reforming and improving their systems for personnel preparation and professional development in early intervention, educational, and transition services in order to improve results for children with disabilities.
	(b) DEFINITION OF PERSONNELIn this subpart the term `personnel' means special education teachers, regular education teachers, principals, administrators, related services personnel, paraprofessionals, and early intervention personnel serving infants, toddlers, preschoolers, or children with disabilities, except where a particular category of personnel, such as related services personnel, is identified.
	(c) COMPETITIVE GRANTS (1) IN GENERALExcept as provided in subsection (d), for any fiscal year for which the amount appropriated under section 655, that remains after the Secretary reserves funds under subsection (e) for the fiscal year, is less than \$100,000,000, the Secretary shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to State educational agencies to carry out the activities described in the State plan submitted under section 653. (2) PRIORITYIn awarding grants under paragraph (1), the Secretary may give priority to State educational agencies that (A) are in States with the greatest personnel shortages; or (B) demonstrate the greatest difficulty meeting the requirements of section 612(a)(14).
	(3) MINIMUM AMOUNTThe Secretary shall make a grant to each State educational agency selected under paragraph (1) in an amount for each

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	fiscal year that is (A) not less than \$500,000, nor more than \$4,000,000, in the case of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; and (B) not less than \$80,000 in the case of an outlying area. (4) INCREASE IN AMOUNTThe Secretary may increase the amounts of grants under paragraph (4) to account for inflation. (5) FACTORSThe Secretary shall determine the amount of a grant under paragraph (1) after considering (A) the amount of funds available for making the grants; (B) the relative population of the State or outlying area; (C) the types of activities proposed by the State or outlying area; (D) the alignment of proposed activities with section 612(a)(14); (E) the alignment of proposed activities with the State plans and applications submitted under sections 1111 and 2112, respectively, of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; and (F) the use, as appropriate, of scientifically based research activities. (d) FORMULA GRANTS (1) IN GENERALExcept as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), for the first fiscal year for which the amount appropriated under section 655, that remains after the Secretary reserves funds under subsection (e) for the fiscal year, is equal to or greater than \$100,000,000, and for each fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary shall allot to each State educational agency, whose application meets the requirements of this subpart, an amount that bears the same relation to the amount remaining as the amount the State received under section 611(d) for that fiscal year bears to the amount of funds received by all States (whose applications meet the requirements of this subpart) under section 611(d) for that fiscal year bears to the amount of so this subpart) under section 611(d) for that fiscal year for the requirements of this subpart) under section 611(d) for that fiscal year in the State educational agency that received a competitive multi-year grant under subsection (c) for which the grant period has not expired shall be not le

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	that year, unless the Secretary approves a request from the State educational agency to spend the funds on other activities. (3) MINIMUM ALLOTMENTThe amount of any State educational agency's allotment under this subsection for any fiscal year shall not be less than (A) the greater of \$500,000 or 1/2 of 1 percent of the total amount available under this subsection for that year, in the case of each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; and (B) \$80,000, in the case of an outlying area. (4) DIRECT BENEFITIn using grant funds allotted under paragraph (1), a State educational agency shall, through grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements, undertake activities that significantly and directly benefit the local educational agencies in the State.
	(e) CONTINUATION AWARDS (1) IN GENERALNotwithstanding any other provision of this subpart, from funds appropriated under section 655 for each fiscal year, the Secretary shall reserve the amount that is necessary to make a continuation award to any State educational agency (at the request of the State educational agency) that received a multi-year award under this part (as this part was in effect on the day before the date of enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004), to enable the State educational agency to carry out activities in accordance with the terms of the multi-year award. (2) PROHIBITIONA State educational agency that receives a continuation award under paragraph (1) for any fiscal year may not receive any other award under this subpart for that fiscal year.
SEC. 652. ELIGIBILITY AND COLLABORATIVE PROCESS. (a) ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS- A State educational agency may apply for a grant under this subpart for a grant period of not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years. (b) PARTNERS-	SEC. 652. ELIGIBILITY AND COLLABORATIVE PROCESS. (a) ELIGIBLE APPLICANTSA State educational agency may apply for a grant under this subpart for a grant period of not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years.
 (1) REQUIRED PARTNERS- (A) CONTRACTUAL PARTNERS- In order to be considered for a grant under this subpart, a State educational agency shall establish a partnership with local educational agencies and other State agencies involved in, or concerned with, the education of children with disabilities. (B) OTHER PARTNERS- In order to be considered for a grant under this 	 (b) PARTNERS (1) IN GENERALIn order to be considered for a grant under this subpart, a State educational agency shall establish a partnership with local educational agencies and other State agencies involved in, or concerned with, the education of children with disabilities, including (A) not less than 1 institution of higher education; and

subpart, a State educational agency shall work in partnership with other persons and organizations involved in, and concerned with, the education of children with disabilities, including -(i) the Governor; (ii) parents of children with disabilities; (iii) parents of nondisabled children; (iv) individuals with disabilities; (v) organizations representing individuals with disabilities and their parents, such as parent training and information centers; (vi) community-based and other nonprofit organizations involved in the

- (vii) the lead State agency for part C;
- (viii) general and special education teachers, and early intervention personnel:
- (ix) the State advisory panel established under part C;

education and employment of individuals with disabilities:

- (x) the State interagency coordinating council established under part C; and
- (xi) institutions of higher education within the State.

- (2) OPTIONAL PARTNERS- A partnership under subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) may also include --
 - (A) individuals knowledgeable about vocational education;
 - (B) the State agency for higher education;
 - (C) the State vocational rehabilitation agency;
 - (D) public agencies with jurisdiction in the areas of health, mental health, social services, and juvenile justice; and
 - (E) other individuals.

SEC. 653. APPLICATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL-
- (1) SUBMISSION- A State educational agency that desires to receive a grant under this subpart shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and including such information as the Secretary may

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- (B) the State agencies responsible for administering part C, early education, child care, and vocational rehabilitation programs.
- (2) OTHER PARTNERS.--In order to be considered for a grant under this subpart, a State educational agency shall work in partnership with other persons and organizations involved in, and concerned with, the education of children with disabilities, which may include--
 - (A) the Governor;
 - (B) parents of children with disabilities ages birth through 26;
 - (C) parents of nondisabled children ages birth through 26;
 - (D) individuals with disabilities;
 - (E) parent training and information centers or community parent resource centers funded under sections 671 and 672, respectively;
 - (F) community based and other nonprofit organizations involved in the education and employment of individuals with disabilities;
 - (G) personnel as defined in section 651(b);
 - (H) the State advisory panel established under part B;
 - (I) the State interagency coordinating council established under part C;
 - (J) individuals knowledgeable about vocational education;
 - (K) the State agency for higher education;
 - (L) public agencies with jurisdiction in the areas of health, mental health, social services, and juvenile justice;
 - (M) other providers of professional development that work with infants, toddlers, preschoolers, and children with disabilities; and $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac$
 - (N) other individuals.
- (3) REQUIRED PARTNER.--If State law assigns responsibility for teacher preparation and certification to an individual, entity, or agency other than the State educational agency, the State educational agency shall--
 - (A) include that individual, entity, or agency as a partner in the partnership under this subsection; and
 - (B) ensure that any activities the State educational agency will carry out under this subpart that are within that partner's jurisdiction (which may include activities described in section 654(b)) are carried out by that partner.

SEC. 653. APPLICATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL .--
- (1) SUBMISSION.--A State educational agency that desires to receive a grant under this subpart shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and including such information as the Secretary may

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require.

- (2) STATE IMPROVEMENT PLAN- The application shall include a State improvement plan that --
 - (A) is integrated, to the maximum extent possible, with State plans under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 and the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as appropriate; and
 - (B) meets the requirements of this section.

(b) DETERMINING CHILD AND PROGRAM NEEDS-

- (1) IN GENERAL- Each State improvement plan shall identify those critical aspects of early intervention, general education, and special education programs (including professional development, based on an assessment of State and local needs) that must be improved to enable children with disabilities to meet the goals established by the State under section 612(a)(16).
- (2) REQUIRED ANALYSES- To meet the requirement of paragraph (1), the State improvement plan shall include at least --
 - (A) an analysis of all information, reasonably available to the State educational agency, on the performance of children with disabilities in the State, including --
 - (i) their performance on State assessments and other performance indicators established for all children, including drop-out rates and graduation rates;
 - (ii) their participation in postsecondary education and employment; and
 - (iii) how their performance on the assessments and indicators described in clause (i) compares to that of non-disabled children;
 - (B) an analysis of State and local needs for professional development for personnel to serve children with disabilities that includes, at a minimum --
 - (i) the number of personnel providing special education and related services; and
 - (ii) relevant information on current and anticipated personnel vacancies and shortages (including the number of individuals described in clause (i) with temporary certification), and on the extent of certification or retraining necessary to eliminate such shortages, that is based, to the maximum extent possible, on existing assessments of personnel needs; an analysis of the major findings of the Secretary's most recent reviews.
 - (C) an analysis of the major findings of the Secretary's most recent reviews of State compliance, as they relate to improving results for children with disabilities; and
 - (D) an analysis of other information, reasonably available to the State, on

require.

- (2) STATE PLAN.--The application shall include a plan that identifies and addresses the State and local needs for the personnel preparation and professional development of personnel, as well as individuals who provide direct supplementary aids and services to children with disabilities, and that-
 - (A) is designed to enable the State to meet the requirements of section 612(a)(14) and section 635(a) (8) and (9);
 - (B) is based on an assessment of State and local needs that identifies critical aspects and areas in need of improvement related to the preparation, ongoing training, and professional development of personnel who serve infants, toddlers, preschoolers, and children with disabilities within the State, including--
 - (i) current and anticipated personnel vacancies and shortages; and
 - (ii) the number of preservice and inservice programs; and
 - (C) is integrated and aligned, to the maximum extent possible, with State plans and activities under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and the Higher Education Act of 1965.
- (3) REQUIREMENT.--The State application shall contain an assurance that the State educational agency will carry out each of the strategies described in subsection (b)(4).
- (b) ELEMENTS OF STATE PERSONNEL DEVELOPMENT PLAN.--Each State personnel development plan under subsection (a)(2) shall--
 - (1) describe a partnership agreement that is in effect for the period of the grant, which agreement shall specify--
 - (A) the nature and extent of the partnership described in section 652(b) and the respective roles of each member of the partnership, including the partner described in section 652(b)(3) if applicable; and
 - (B) how the State educational agency will work with other persons and organizations involved in, and concerned with, the education of children with disabilities, including the respective roles of each of the persons and organizations;
 - (2) describe how the strategies and activities described in paragraph (4) will be coordinated with activities supported with other public resources (including part B and part C funds retained for use at the State level for personnel and professional development purposes) and private resources;
 - (3) describe how the State educational agency will align its personnel development plan under this subpart with the plan and application submitted

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the effectiveness of the State's systems of early intervention, special education, and general education in meeting the needs of children with disabilities.

- (c) IMPROVEMENT STRATEGIES- Each State improvement plan shall --
 - (1) describe a partnership agreement that --
 - (A) specifies --
 - (i) the nature and extent of the partnership among the State educational agency, local educational agencies, and other State agencies involved in, or concerned with, the education of children with disabilities, and the respective roles of each member of the partnership; and
 - (ii) how such agencies will work in partnership with other persons and organizations involved in, and concerned with, the education of children with disabilities, including the respective roles of each of these persons and organizations; and
 - (B) is in effect for the period of the grant;
 - (2) describe how grant funds will be used in undertaking the systemic-change activities, and the amount and nature of funds from any other sources, including part B funds retained for use at the State level under sections 611(f) and 619(d), that will be committed to the systemic-change activities;
 - (3) describe the strategies the State will use to address the needs identified under subsection (b), including --
 - (A) how the State will change State policies and procedures to address systemic barriers to improving results for children with disabilities;
 - (B) how the State will hold local educational agencies and schools accountable for educational progress of children with disabilities;
 - (C) how the State will provide technical assistance to local educational agencies and schools to improve results for children with disabilities;
 - (D) how the State will address the identified needs for in-service and preservice preparation to ensure that all personnel who work with children with disabilities (including both professional and paraprofessional personnel who provide special education, general education, related services, or early intervention services) have the skills and knowledge necessary to meet the needs of children with disabilities, including a description of how-
 - (i) the State will prepare general and special education personnel with the content knowledge and collaborative skills needed to meet the needs of children with disabilities, including how the State will work with other States on common certification criteria:

under sections 1111 and 2112, respectively, of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965;

- (4) describe those strategies the State educational agency will use to address the professional development and personnel needs identified under subsection (a)(2) and how such strategies will be implemented, including--
 - (A) a description of the programs and activities to be supported under this subpart that will provide personnel with the knowledge and skills to meet the needs of, and improve the performance and achievement of, infants, toddlers, preschoolers, and children with disabilities; and
 - (B) how such strategies will be integrated, to the maximum extent possible, with other activities supported by grants funded under section 662;
- (5) provide an assurance that the State educational agency will provide technical assistance to local educational agencies to improve the quality of professional development available to meet the needs of personnel who serve children with disabilities;
- (6) provide an assurance that the State educational agency will provide technical assistance to entities that provide services to infants and toddlers with disabilities to improve the quality of professional development available to meet the needs of personnel serving such children;
- (7) describe how the State educational agency will recruit and retain highly qualified teachers and other qualified personnel in geographic areas of greatest need;
- (8) describe the steps the State educational agency will take to ensure that poor and minority children are not taught at higher rates by teachers who are not highly qualified; and
- (9) describe how the State educational agency will assess, on a regular basis, the extent to which the strategies implemented under this subpart have been effective in meeting the performance goals described in section 612(a)(15).
- (c) PEER REVIEW .--
 - (1) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary shall use a panel of experts who are competent, by virtue of their training, expertise, or experience, to evaluate applications for grants under section 651(c)(1).
 - (2) COMPOSITION OF PANEL.--A majority of a panel described in paragraph (1) shall be composed of individuals who are not employees of the Federal Government.
 - (3) PAYMENT OF FEES AND EXPENSES OF CERTAIN MEMBERS.--The Secretary may use available funds appropriated to carry out this subpart to

pay the expenses and fees of panel members who are not employees of the Federal Government.

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(d) REPORTING PROCEDURES .-- Each State educational agency that

- (ii) the State will prepare professionals and paraprofessionals in the area of early intervention with the content knowledge and collaborative skills needed to meet the needs of infants and toddlers with disabilities; (iii) the State will work with institutions of higher education and other entities that (on both a pre-service and an in-service basis) prepare personnel who work with children with disabilities to ensure that those institutions and entities develop the capacity to support quality professional development programs that meet State and local needs; (iv) the State will work to develop collaborative agreements with other States for the joint support and development of programs to prepare personnel for which there is not sufficient demand within a single State to justify support or development of such a program of preparation; (v) the State will work in collaboration with other States, particularly neighboring States, to address the lack of uniformity and reciprocity in the credentialing of teachers and other personnel:
- receives a grant under this subpart shall submit annual performance reports to the Secretary. The reports shall-(1) describe the progress of the State educational agency in implementing its
- (2) analyze the effectiveness of the State educational agency's activities under this subpart and of the State educational agency's strategies for meeting its goals under section 612(a)(15); and
- (3) identify changes in the strategies used by the State educational agency and described in subsection (b)(4), if any, to improve the State educational agency's performance.

(vi) the State will enhance the ability of teachers and others to use strategies, such as behavioral interventions, to address the conduct of children with disabilities that impedes the learning of children with disabilities and others:

- (vii) the State will acquire and disseminate, to teachers, administrators, school board members, and related services personnel, significant knowledge derived from educational research and other sources, and how the State will, when appropriate, adopt promising practices, materials, and technology;
- (viii) the State will recruit, prepare, and retain qualified personnel, including personnel with disabilities and personnel from groups that are underrepresented in the fields of regular education, special education, and related services:
- (ix) the plan is integrated, to the maximum extent possible, with other professional development plans and activities, including plans and activities developed and carried out under other Federal and State laws that address personnel recruitment and training; and
- (x) the State will provide for the joint training of parents and special education, related services, and general education personnel;
- (E) strategies that will address systemic problems identified in Federal compliance reviews, including shortages of qualified personnel;
- (F) how the State will disseminate results of the local capacity-building and improvement projects funded under section 611(f)(4);
- (G) how the State will address improving results for children with

SEC. 654. USE OF FUNDS.

plan:

- (a) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES.--A State educational agency that receives a grant under this subpart shall use the grant funds to support activities in accordance with the State's plan described in section 653, including 1 or more of the following:
 - (1) Carrying out programs that provide support to both special education and regular education teachers of children with disabilities and principals, such as programs that--
 - (A) provide teacher mentoring, team teaching, reduced class schedules and case loads, and intensive professional development;
 - (B) use standards or assessments for guiding beginning teachers that are consistent with challenging State student academic achievement and functional standards and with the requirements for professional development, as defined in section 9101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; and
 - (C) encourage collaborative and consultative models of providing early intervention, special education, and related services.
 - (2) Encouraging and supporting the training of special education and regular education teachers and administrators to effectively use and integrate technology--
 - (A) into curricula and instruction, including training to improve the ability to collect, manage, and analyze data to improve teaching, decisionmaking, school improvement efforts, and accountability;

disabilities in the geographic areas of greatest need; and

- (H) how the State will assess, on a regular basis, the extent to which the strategies implemented under this subpart have been effective; and
- (4) describe how the improvement strategies described in paragraph (3) will be coordinated with public and private sector resources.

(d) COMPETITIVE AWARDS-

- (1) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall make grants under this subpart on a competitive basis.
- (2) PRIORITY- The Secretary may give priority to applications on the basis of need, as indicated by such information as the findings of Federal compliance reviews.

(e) PEER REVIEW-

- (1) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall use a panel of experts who are competent, by virtue of their training, expertise, or experience, to evaluate applications under this subpart.
- (2) COMPOSITION OF PANEL- A majority of a panel described in paragraph(1) shall be composed of individuals who are not employees of the Federal Government.
- (3) PAYMENT OF FEES AND EXPENSES OF CERTAIN MEMBERS- The Secretary may use available funds appropriated to carry out this subpart to pay the expenses and fees of panel members who are not employees of the Federal Government.
- (f) REPORTING PROCEDURES- Each State educational agency that receives a grant under this subpart shall submit performance reports to the Secretary pursuant to a schedule to be determined by the Secretary, but not more frequently than annually. The reports shall describe the progress of the State in meeting the performance goals established under section 612(a)(16), analyze the effectiveness of the State's strategies in meeting those goals, and identify any changes in the strategies needed to improve its performance.

SEC. 654. USE OF FUNDS.

(a) IN GENERAL-

- (1) ACTIVITIES- A State educational agency that receives a grant under this subpart may use the grant to carry out any activities that are described in the State's application and that are consistent with the purpose of this subpart.
- (2) CONTRACTS AND SUBGRANTS- Each such State educational agency -

- (B) to enhance learning by children with disabilities; and
- (C) to effectively communicate with parents.
- (3) Providing professional development activities that--
 - (A) improve the knowledge of special education and regular education teachers concerning--
 - (i) the academic and developmental or functional needs of students with disabilities; or
 - (ii) effective instructional strategies, methods, and skills, and the use of State academic content standards and student academic achievement and functional standards, and State assessments, to improve teaching practices and student academic achievement;
 - (B) improve the knowledge of special education and regular education teachers and principals and, in appropriate cases, paraprofessionals, concerning effective instructional practices, and that--
 - (i) provide training in how to teach and address the needs of children with different learning styles and children who are limited English proficient:
 - (ii) involve collaborative groups of teachers, administrators, and, in appropriate cases, related services personnel;
 - (iii) provide training in methods of--
 - (I) positive behavioral interventions and supports to improve student behavior in the classroom:
 - (II) scientifically based reading instruction, including early literacy instruction;
 - (III) early and appropriate interventions to identify and help children with disabilities;
 - (IV) effective instruction for children with low incidence disabilities;
 - (V) successful transitioning to postsecondary opportunities; and
 - (VI) using classroom-based techniques to assist children prior to referral for special education;
 - (iv) provide training to enable personnel to work with and involve parents in their child's education, including parents of low income and limited English proficient children with disabilities;
 - (v) provide training for special education personnel and regular education personnel in planning, developing, and implementing effective and appropriate IEPs; and
 - (vi) provide training to meet the needs of students with significant health, mobility, or behavioral needs prior to serving such students:
 - (C) train administrators, principals, and other relevant school personnel in

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- (A) shall, consistent with its partnership agreement under section 652(b), award contracts or subgrants to local educational agencies, institutions of higher education, and parent training and information centers, as appropriate, to carry out its State improvement plan under this subpart; and (B) may award contracts and subgrants to other public and private entities, including the lead agency under part C, to carry out such plan.
- (b) USE OF FUNDS FOR PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT- A State educational agency that receives a grant under this subpart --
- (1) shall use not less than 75 percent of the funds it receives under the grant for any fiscal year --
 - (A) to ensure that there are sufficient regular education, special education, and related services personnel who have the skills and knowledge necessary to meet the needs of children with disabilities and developmental goals of young children; or
 - (B) to work with other States on common certification criteria; or
- (2) shall use not less than 50 percent of such funds for such purposes, if the State demonstrates to the Secretary's satisfaction that it has the personnel described in paragraph (1)(A).
- (c) GRANTS TO OUTLYING AREAS- Public Law 95-134, permitting the consolidation of grants to the outlying areas, shall not apply to funds received under this subpart.

SEC. 655. MINIMUM STATE GRANT AMOUNTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall make a grant to each State educational agency whose application the Secretary has selected for funding under this subpart in an amount for each fiscal year that is --
- (1) not less than \$500,000, nor more than \$2,000,000, in the case of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; and (2) not less than \$80,000, in the case of an outlying area.
- (b) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT- Beginning with fiscal year 1999, the Secretary may increase the maximum amount described in subsection (a)(1) to account for inflation.
- (c) FACTORS- The Secretary shall set the amount of each grant under subsection (a) after considering --

- conducting effective IEP meetings; and
- (D) train early intervention, preschool, and related services providers, and other relevant school personnel, in conducting effective individualized family service plan (IFSP) meetings.
- (4) Developing and implementing initiatives to promote the recruitment and retention of highly qualified special education teachers, particularly initiatives that have been proven effective in recruiting and retaining highly qualified teachers, including programs that provide--
 - (A) teacher mentoring from exemplary special education teachers, principals, or superintendents;
 - (B) induction and support for special education teachers during their first 3 years of employment as teachers; or
 - (C) incentives, including financial incentives, to retain special education teachers who have a record of success in helping students with disabilities.
- (5) Carrying out programs and activities that are designed to improve the quality of personnel who serve children with disabilities, such as--
 - (A) innovative professional development programs (which may be provided through partnerships that include institutions of higher education), including programs that train teachers and principals to integrate technology into curricula and instruction to improve teaching, learning, and technology literacy, which professional development shall be consistent with the definition of professional development in section 9101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; and
 - (B) the development and use of proven, cost effective strategies for the implementation of professional development activities, such as through the use of technology and distance learning.
- (6) Carrying out programs and activities that are designed to improve the quality of early intervention personnel, including paraprofessionals and primary referral sources, such as--
 - (A) professional development programs to improve the delivery of early intervention services;
 - (B) initiatives to promote the recruitment and retention of early intervention personnel; and
 - (C) interagency activities to ensure that early intervention personnel are adequately prepared and trained.
- (b) OTHER ACTIVITIES.--A State educational agency that receives a grant under this subpart shall use the grant funds to support activities in accordance with the State's plan described in section 653, including 1 or more of the

IDEA '97 – P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress (1) the amount of funds available for making the grants; following: (2) the relative population of the State or outlying area; and (1) Reforming special education and regular education teacher certification (3) the types of activities proposed by the State or outlying area. (including recertification) or licensing requirements to ensure that--(A) special education and regular education teachers have--SEC. 656. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. (i) the training and information necessary to address the full range of There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subpart such sums as needs of children with disabilities across disability categories; and may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1998 through 2002. (ii) the necessary subject matter knowledge and teaching skills in the academic subjects that the teachers teach: (B) special education and regular education teacher certification (including recertification) or licensing requirements are aligned with challenging State academic content standards; and (C) special education and regular education teachers have the subject matter knowledge and teaching skills, including technology literacy, necessary to help students with disabilities meet challenging State student academic achievement and functional standards. (2) Programs that establish, expand, or improve alternative routes for State certification of special education teachers for highly qualified individuals with a baccalaureate or master's degree, including mid-career professionals from other occupations, paraprofessionals, and recent college or university graduates with records of academic distinction who demonstrate the potential to become highly effective special education teachers. (3) Teacher advancement initiatives for special education teachers that promote professional growth and emphasize multiple career paths (such as paths to becoming a career teacher, mentor teacher, or exemplary teacher) and pay differentiation. (4) Developing and implementing mechanisms to assist local educational agencies and schools in effectively recruiting and retaining highly qualified special education teachers. (5) Reforming tenure systems, implementing teacher testing for subject matter knowledge, and implementing teacher testing for State certification or licensing, consistent with title II of the Higher Education Act of 1965. (6) Funding projects to promote reciprocity of teacher certification or licensing between or among States for special education teachers, except that no reciprocity agreement developed under this paragraph or developed using funds provided under this subpart may lead to the weakening of any State teaching certification or licensing requirement. (7) Assisting local educational agencies to serve children with disabilities through the development and use of proven, innovative strategies to deliver intensive professional development programs that are both cost effective and

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	easily accessible, such as strategies that involve delivery through the use of technology, peer networks, and distance learning. (8) Developing, or assisting local educational agencies in developing, merit based performance systems, and strategies that provide differential and bonus pay for special education teachers. (9) Supporting activities that ensure that teachers are able to use challenging State academic content standards and student academic achievement and functional standards, and State assessments for all children with disabilities, to improve instructional practices and improve the academic achievement of children with disabilities. (10) When applicable, coordinating with, and expanding centers established under, section 2113(c)(18) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to benefit special education teachers.
	(c) CONTRACTS AND SUBGRANTSA State educational agency that receives a grant under this subpart (1) shall award contracts or subgrants to local educational agencies, institutions of higher education, parent training and information centers, or community parent resource centers, as appropriate, to carry out its State plan under this subpart; and (2) may award contracts and subgrants to other public and private entities, including the lead agency under part C, to carry out the State plan.
	(d) USE OF FUNDS FOR PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENTA State educational agency that receives a grant under this subpart shall use (1) not less than 90 percent of the funds the State educational agency receives under the grant for any fiscal year for activities under subsection (a); and (2) not more than 10 percent of the funds the State educational agency receives under the grant for any fiscal year for activities under subsection (b).
	(e) GRANTS TO OUTLYING AREASPublic Law 95-134, permitting the consolidation of grants to the outlying areas, shall not apply to funds received under this subpart.
	SEC. 655. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subpart such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2005 through 2010.

ATION, Subpart 2--Projects, ar

SUBPART 2 -- COORDINATED RESEARCH, PERSONNEL PREPARATION, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, SUPPORT, AND DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION

SEC. 661. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

- (a) COMPREHENSIVE PLAN-
 - (1) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall develop and implement a comprehensive plan for activities carried out under this subpart in order to enhance the provision of educational, related, transitional, and early intervention services to children with disabilities under parts B and C. The plan shall include mechanisms to address educational, related services, transitional, and early intervention needs identified by State educational agencies in applications submitted for State program improvement grants under subpart 1.
 - (2) PARTICIPANTS IN PLAN DEVELOPMENT- In developing the plan described in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consult with --
 - (A) individuals with disabilities;
 - (B) parents of children with disabilities;
 - (C) appropriate professionals; and
 - (D) representatives of State and local educational agencies, private schools, institutions of higher education, other Federal agencies, the National Council on Disability, and national organizations with an interest in, and expertise in, providing services to children with disabilities and their families.
- (3) PUBLIC COMMENT- The Secretary shall take public comment on the plan.
- (4) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS- In implementing the plan, the Secretary shall, to the extent appropriate, ensure that funds are awarded to recipients under this subpart to carry out activities that benefit, directly or indirectly, children with disabilities of all ages.
- (5) REPORTS TO CONGRESS- The Secretary shall periodically report to the Congress on the Secretary's activities under this subsection, including an initial report not later than the date that is 18 months after the date of the enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997.

(b) ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS-

(1) IN GENERAL- Except as otherwise provided in this subpart, the following entities are eligible to apply for a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement

Subpart 2--Personnel Preparation, Technical Assistance, Model Demonstration Projects, and Dissemination of Information

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SEC. 661. PURPOSE; DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITY.

- (a) PURPOSE.--The purpose of this subpart is--
- (1) to provide Federal funding for personnel preparation, technical assistance, model demonstration projects, information dissemination, and studies and evaluations, in order to improve early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities; and
- (2) to assist State educational agencies and local educational agencies in improving their education systems for children with disabilities.
- (b) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITY .--
- (1) IN GENERAL.--In this subpart, the term 'eligible entity' means--
 - (A) a State educational agency;
 - (B) a local educational agency;
 - (C) a public charter school that is a local educational agency under State law:
 - (D) an institution of higher education;
 - (E) a public agency not described in subparagraphs (A) through (D):
 - (F) a private nonprofit organization;
 - (G) an outlying area;
 - (H) an Indian tribe or a tribal organization (as defined under section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act); or
 - (I) a for-profit organization, if the Secretary finds it appropriate in light of the purposes of a particular competition for a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this subpart.
- (2) SPECIAL RULE.--The Secretary may limit which eligible entities described in paragraph (1) are eligible for a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this subpart to 1 or more of the categories of eligible entities described in paragraph (1).

SEC. 662. PERSONNEL DEVELOPMENT TO IMPROVE SERVICES AND RESULTS FOR CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary, on a competitive basis, shall award grants to, or enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with, eligible entities to carry out 1 or more of the following objectives:
 - (1) To help address the needs identified in the State plan described in

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under this subpart:

- (A) A State educational agency.
- (B) A local educational agency.
- (C) An institution of higher education.
- (D) Any other public agency.
- (E) A private nonprofit organization.
- (F) An outlying area.
- (G) An Indian tribe or a tribal organization (as defined under section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act).
- (H) A for-profit organization, if the Secretary finds it appropriate in light of the purposes of a particular competition for a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this subpart.
- (2) SPECIAL RULE- The Secretary may limit the entities eligible for an award of a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement to one or more categories of eligible entities described in paragraph (1).
- (c) USE OF FUNDS BY SECRETARY- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and in addition to any authority granted the Secretary under chapter 1 or chapter 2, the Secretary may use up to 20 percent of the funds available under either chapter 1 or chapter 2 for any fiscal year to carry out any activity, or combination of activities, subject to such conditions as the Secretary determines are appropriate effectively to carry out the purposes of such chapters, that --
 - (1) is consistent with the purposes of chapter 1, chapter 2, or both; and
 - (2) involves --
 - (A) research:
 - (B) personnel preparation;
 - (C) parent training and information;
 - (D) technical assistance and dissemination;
 - (E) technology development, demonstration, and utilization; or
 - (F) media services.

(d) SPECIAL POPULATIONS-

- (1) APPLICATION REQUIREMENT- In making an award of a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this subpart, the Secretary shall, as appropriate, require an applicant to demonstrate how the applicant will address the needs of children with disabilities from minority backgrounds.
- (2) OUTREACH AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE-
- (A) REQUIREMENT- Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act. the

section 653(a)(2) for highly qualified personnel, as defined in section 651(b), to work with infants or toddlers with disabilities, or children with disabilities, consistent with the qualifications described in section 612(a)(14).

- (2) To ensure that those personnel have the necessary skills and knowledge, derived from practices that have been determined, through scientifically based research, to be successful in serving those children.
- (3) To encourage increased focus on academics and core content areas in special education personnel preparation programs.
- (4) To ensure that regular education teachers have the necessary skills and knowledge to provide instruction to students with disabilities in the regular education classroom.
- (5) To ensure that all special education teachers are highly qualified.
- (6) To ensure that preservice and in-service personnel preparation programs include training in--
 - (A) the use of new technologies;
 - (B) the area of early intervention, educational, and transition services;
 - (C) effectively involving parents; and
 - (D) positive behavioral supports.
- (7) To provide high-quality professional development for principals, superintendents, and other administrators, including training in--
 - (A) instructional leadership;
 - (B) behavioral supports in the school and classroom;
 - (C) paperwork reduction;
 - (D) promoting improved collaboration between special education and general education teachers;
 - (E) assessment and accountability;
 - (F) ensuring effective learning environments; and
 - (G) fostering positive relationships with parents.
- (b) PERSONNEL DEVELOPMENT; ENHANCED SUPPORT FOR BEGINNING SPECIAL EDUCATORS.--
 - (1) IN GENERAL.--In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support activities--
 - (A) for personnel development, including activities for the preparation of personnel who will serve children with high incidence and low incidence disabilities, to prepare special education and general education teachers, principals, administrators, and related services personnel (and school board members, when appropriate) to meet the diverse and individualized instructional needs of children with disabilities and improve early

Secretary shall ensure that at least one percent of the total amount of funds appropriated to carry out this subpart is used for either or both of the following activities:

- (i) To provide outreach and technical assistance to Historically Black Colleges and Universities, and to institutions of higher education with minority enrollments of at least 25 percent, to promote the participation of such colleges, universities, and institutions in activities under this subpart.
- (ii) To enable Historically Black Colleges and Universities, and the institutions described in clause (i), to assist other colleges, universities, institutions, and agencies in improving educational and transitional results for children with disabilities.
- (B) RESERVATION OF FUNDS- The Secretary may reserve funds appropriated under this subpart to satisfy the requirement of subparagraph (A).

(e) PRIORITIES-

- (1) IN GENERAL- Except as otherwise explicitly authorized in this subpart, the Secretary shall ensure that a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under chapter 1 or 2 is awarded only --
 - (A) for activities that are designed to benefit children with disabilities, their families, or the personnel employed to work with such children or their families; or
 - (B) to benefit other individuals with disabilities that such chapter is intended to benefit.
- (2) PRIORITY FOR PARTICULAR ACTIVITIES- Subject to paragraph (1), the Secretary, in making an award of a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this subpart, may, without regard to the rule making procedures under section 553 of title 5, United States Code, limit competitions to, or otherwise give priority to --
 - (A) projects that address one or more --
 - (i) age ranges;
 - (ii) disabilities;
 - (iii) school grades;
 - (iv) types of educational placements or early intervention environments;
 - (v) types of services;
 - (vi) content areas, such as reading; or
 - (vii) effective strategies for helping children with disabilities learn appropriate behavior in the school and other community-based

- intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities, consistent with the objectives described in subsection (a); and
- (B) for enhanced support for beginning special educators, consistent with the objectives described in subsection (a).
- (2) PERSONNEL DEVELOPMENT.--In carrying out paragraph (1)(A), the Secretary shall support not less than 1 of the following activities:
 - (A) Assisting effective existing, improving existing, or developing new, collaborative personnel preparation activities undertaken by institutions of higher education, local educational agencies, and other local entities that incorporate best practices and scientifically based research, where applicable, in providing special education and general education teachers, principals, administrators, and related services personnel with the knowledge and skills to effectively support students with disabilities, including--
 - (i) working collaboratively in regular classroom settings;
 - (ii) using appropriate supports, accommodations, and curriculum modifications:
 - (iii) implementing effective teaching strategies, classroom-based techniques, and interventions to ensure appropriate identification of students who may be eligible for special education services, and to prevent the misidentification, inappropriate overidentification, or underidentification of children as having a disability, especially minority and limited English proficient children;
 - (iv) effectively working with and involving parents in the education of their children:
 - (v) utilizing strategies, including positive behavioral interventions, for addressing the conduct of children with disabilities that impedes their learning and that of others in the classroom;
 - (vi) effectively constructing IEPs, participating in IEP meetings, and implementing IEPs;
 - (vii) preparing children with disabilities to participate in statewide assessments (with or without accommodations) and alternate assessments, as appropriate, and to ensure that all children with disabilities are a part of all accountability systems under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; and
 - (viii) working in high need elementary schools and secondary schools, including urban schools, rural schools, and schools operated by an entity described in section 7113(d)(1)(A)(ii) of the Elementary and Secondary

educational settings;

- (B) projects that address the needs of children based on the severity of their disability;
- (C) projects that address the needs of --
 - (i) low-achieving students;
 - (ii) underserved populations;
 - (iii) children from low-income families;
 - (iv) children with limited English proficiency;
 - (v) unserved and underserved areas;
 - (vi) particular types of geographic areas; or
 - (vii) children whose behavior interferes with their learning and socialization;
- (D) projects to reduce inappropriate identification of children as children with disabilities, particularly among minority children;
- (E) projects that are carried out in particular areas of the country, to ensure broad geographic coverage; and
- (F) any activity that is expressly authorized in chapter 1 or 2.

(f) APPLICANT AND RECIPIENT RESPONSIBILITIES-

- (1) DEVELOPMENT AND ASSESSMENT OF PROJECTS- The Secretary shall require that an applicant for, and a recipient of, a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement for a project under this subpart --
 - (A) involve individuals with disabilities or parents of individuals with disabilities in planning, implementing, and evaluating the project; and
 - (B) where appropriate, determine whether the project has any potential for replication and adoption by other entities.
- (2) ADDITIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES- The Secretary may require a recipient of a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement for a project under this subpart --
 - (A) to share in the cost of the project;
 - (B) to prepare the research and evaluation findings and products from the project in formats that are useful for specific audiences, including parents, administrators, teachers, early intervention personnel, related services personnel, and individuals with disabilities;
 - (C) to disseminate such findings and products; and
 - (D) to collaborate with other such recipients in carrying out subparagraphs
- (B) and (C).
- (g) APPLICATION MANAGEMENT-

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Education Act of 1965, and schools that serve high numbers or percentages of limited English proficient children.

- (B) Developing, evaluating, and disseminating innovative models for the recruitment, induction, retention, and assessment of new, highly qualified teachers to reduce teacher shortages, especially from groups that are underrepresented in the teaching profession, including individuals with disabilities.
- (C) Providing continuous personnel preparation, training, and professional development designed to provide support and ensure retention of special education and general education teachers and personnel who teach and provide related services to children with disabilities.
- (D) Developing and improving programs for paraprofessionals to become special education teachers, related services personnel, and early intervention personnel, including interdisciplinary training to enable the paraprofessionals to improve early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities.
- (E) In the case of principals and superintendents, providing activities to promote instructional leadership and improved collaboration between general educators, special education teachers, and related services personnel.
- (F) Supporting institutions of higher education with minority enrollments of not less than 25 percent for the purpose of preparing personnel to work with children with disabilities.
- (G) Developing and improving programs to train special education teachers to develop an expertise in autism spectrum disorders.
- (H) Providing continuous personnel preparation, training, and professional development designed to provide support and improve the qualifications of personnel who provide related services to children with disabilities, including to enable such personnel to obtain advanced degrees.
- (3) ENHANCED SUPPORT FOR BEGINNING SPECIAL EDUCATORS.--In carrying out paragraph (1)(B), the Secretary shall support not less than 1 of the following activities:
 - (A) Enhancing and restructuring existing programs or developing preservice teacher education programs to prepare special education teachers, at colleges or departments of education within institutions of higher education, by incorporating an extended (such as an additional 5th year) clinical learning opportunity, field experience, or supervised practicum into such programs.
 - (B) Creating or supporting teacher-faculty partnerships (such as

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(1) STANDING PANEL-

- (A) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall establish and use a standing panel of experts who are competent, by virtue of their training, expertise, or experience, to evaluate applications under this subpart that, individually, request more than \$75,000 per year in Federal financial assistance.
- (B) MEMBERSHIP- The standing panel shall include, at a minimum --
 - (i) individuals who are representatives of institutions of higher education that plan, develop, and carry out programs of personnel preparation;
 - (ii) individuals who design and carry out programs of research targeted to the improvement of special education programs and services;
 - (iii) individuals who have recognized experience and knowledge necessary to integrate and apply research findings to improve educational and transitional results for children with disabilities:
 - (iv) individuals who administer programs at the State or local level in which children with disabilities participate;
 - (v) individuals who prepare parents of children with disabilities to participate in making decisions about the education of their children;
 - (vi) individuals who establish policies that affect the delivery of services to children with disabilities:
 - (vii) individuals who are parents of children with disabilities who are benefiting, or have benefited, from coordinated research, personnel preparation, and technical assistance; and
 - (viii) individuals with disabilities.
- (C) TRAINING- The Secretary shall provide training to the individuals who are selected as members of the standing panel under this paragraph.
- (D) TERM- No individual shall serve on the standing panel for more than 3 consecutive years, unless the Secretary determines that the individual's continued participation is necessary for the sound administration of this subpart.
- (2) PEER-REVIEW PANELS FOR PARTICULAR COMPETITIONS-
- (A) COMPOSITION- The Secretary shall ensure that each sub-panel selected from the standing panel that reviews applications under this subpart includes --
 - (i) individuals with knowledge and expertise on the issues addressed by the activities authorized by the subpart; and
 - (ii) to the extent practicable, parents of children with disabilities, individuals with disabilities, and persons from diverse backgrounds.
- (B) FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT LIMITATION- A majority of the individuals on each sub-panel that reviews an application under this subpart shall be

professional development schools) that--

- (i) consist of not less than--
 - (I) 1 or more institutions of higher education with special education personnel preparation programs;
 - (II) 1 or more local educational agencies that serve high numbers or percentages of low-income students; or
 - (III) 1 or more elementary schools or secondary schools, particularly schools that have failed to make adequate yearly progress on the basis, in whole and in part, of the assessment results of the disaggregated subgroup of students with disabilities;
- (ii) may include other entities eligible for assistance under this part; and (iii) provide--
 - (I) high-quality mentoring and induction opportunities with ongoing support for beginning special education teachers; or
 - (II) inservice professional development to beginning and veteran special education teachers through the ongoing exchange of information and instructional strategies with faculty.
- (c) LOW INCIDENCE DISABILITIES; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.--
 - (1) IN GENERAL.--In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support activities, consistent with the objectives described in subsection (a), that benefit children with low incidence disabilities.
 - (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.--Activities that may be carried out under this subsection include activities such as the following:
 - (A) Preparing persons who--
 - (i) have prior training in educational and other related service fields; and
 - (ii) are studying to obtain degrees, certificates, or licensure that will enable the persons to assist children with low incidence disabilities to achieve the objectives set out in their individualized education programs described in section 614(d), or to assist infants and toddlers with low incidence disabilities to achieve the outcomes described in their individualized family service plans described in section 636.
 - (B) Providing personnel from various disciplines with interdisciplinary training that will contribute to improvement in early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with low incidence disabilities.
 - (C) Preparing personnel in the innovative uses and application of technology, including universally designed technologies, assistive technology devices, and assistive technology services--

- individuals who are not employees of the Federal Government. (3) USE OF DISCRETIONARY FUNDS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES-
 - (A) EXPENSES AND FEES OF NON-FEDERAL PANEL MEMBERS- The Secretary may use funds available under this subpart to pay the expenses and fees of the panel members who are not officers or employees of the Federal Government.
 - (B) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT- The Secretary may use not more than 1 percent of the funds appropriated to carry out this subpart to pay non-Federal entities for administrative support related to management of applications submitted under this subpart.
 - (C) MONITORING- The Secretary may use funds available under this subpart to pay the expenses of Federal employees to conduct on-site monitoring of projects receiving \$500,000 or more for any fiscal year under this subpart.
- (h) PROGRAM EVALUATION- The Secretary may use funds appropriated to carry out this subpart to evaluate activities carried out under the subpart.
- (i) MINIMUM FUNDING REQUIRED-
- (1) IN GENERAL- Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall ensure that, for each fiscal year, at least the following amounts are provided under this subpart to address the following needs:
 - (A) \$12,832,000 to address the educational, related services, transitional, and early intervention needs of children with deaf-blindness.
 - (B) \$4,000,000 to address the postsecondary, vocational, technical, continuing, and adult education needs of individuals with deafness.
 - (C) \$4,000,000 to address the educational, related services, and transitional needs of children with an emotional disturbance and those who are at risk of developing an emotional disturbance.
- (2) RATABLE REDUCTION- If the total amount appropriated to carry out sections 672, 673, and 685 for any fiscal year is less than \$130,000,000, the amounts listed in paragraph (1) shall be ratably reduced.
- (j) ELIGIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE- Effective for fiscal years for which the Secretary may make grants under section 619(b), no State or local educational agency or educational service agency or other public institution or agency may receive a grant under this subpart which relates exclusively to programs, projects, and activities pertaining to children aged 3 through 5,

- (i) to enhance learning by children with low incidence disabilities through early intervention, educational, and transitional services; and
- (ii) to improve communication with parents.
- (D) Preparing personnel who provide services to visually impaired or blind children to teach and use Braille in the provision of services to such children.
- (E) Preparing personnel to be qualified educational interpreters, to assist children with low incidence disabilities, particularly deaf and hard of hearing children in school and school related activities, and deaf and hard of hearing infants and toddlers and preschool children in early intervention and preschool programs.
- (F) Preparing personnel who provide services to children with significant cognitive disabilities and children with multiple disabilities.
- (G) Preparing personnel who provide services to children with low incidence disabilities and limited English proficient children.
- (3) DEFINITION.--In this section, the term 'low incidence disability' means-(A) a visual or hearing impairment, or simultaneous visual and hearing impairments;
 - (B) a significant cognitive impairment; or
 - (C) any impairment for which a small number of personnel with highly specialized skills and knowledge are needed in order for children with that impairment to receive early intervention services or a free appropriate public education.
- (4) SELECTION OF RECIPIENTS.--In selecting eligible entities for assistance under this subsection, the Secretary may give preference to eligible entities submitting applications that include 1 or more of the following:
 - (A) A proposal to prepare personnel in more than 1 low incidence disability, such as deafness and blindness.
 - (B) A demonstration of an effective collaboration between an eligible entity and a local educational agency that promotes recruitment and subsequent retention of highly qualified personnel to serve children with low incidence disabilities.
- (5) PREPARATION IN USE OF BRAILLE.--The Secretary shall ensure that all recipients of awards under this subsection who will use that assistance to prepare personnel to provide services to visually impaired or blind children that can appropriately be provided in Braille, will prepare those individuals to provide those services in Braille.
- (d) LEADERSHIP PREPARATION; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES .--

inclusive, unless the State is eligible to receive a grant under section 619(b).

CHAPTER 1 -- IMPROVING EARLY INTERVENTION, EDUCATIONAL, AND TRANSITIONAL SERVICES AND RESULTS FOR CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES THROUGH COORDINATED RESEARCH AND PERSONNEL PREPARATION

SEC. 671. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

- (a) FINDINGS- The Congress finds the following:
- (1) The Federal Government has an ongoing obligation to support programs, projects, and activities that contribute to positive results for children with disabilities, enabling them --
 - (A) to meet their early intervention, educational, and transitional goals and, to the maximum extent possible, educational standards that have been established for all children; and
 - (B) to acquire the skills that will empower them to lead productive and independent adult lives.
- (2) (A) As a result of more than 20 years of Federal support for research, demonstration projects, and personnel preparation, there is an important knowledge base for improving results for children with disabilities.
 - (B) Such knowledge should be used by States and local educational agencies to design and implement state-of-the-art educational systems that consider the needs of, and include, children with disabilities, especially in environments in which they can learn along with their peers and achieve results measured by the same standards as the results of their peers.
- (3) (A) Continued Federal support is essential for the development and maintenance of a coordinated and high-quality program of research, demonstration projects, dissemination of information, and personnel preparation.
 - (B) Such support --
 - (i) enables State educational agencies and local educational agencies to improve their educational systems and results for children with disabilities:
 - (ii) enables State and local agencies to improve early intervention services and results for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families: and
 - (iii) enhances the opportunities for general and special education personnel, related services personnel, parents, and paraprofessionals to

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- (1) IN GENERAL.--In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support leadership preparation activities that are consistent with the objectives described in subsection (a).
- (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.--Activities that may be carried out under this subsection include activities such as the following:
- (A) Preparing personnel at the graduate, doctoral, and postdoctoral levels of training to administer, enhance, or provide services to improve results for children with disabilities.
- (B) Providing interdisciplinary training for various types of leadership personnel, including teacher preparation faculty, related services faculty, administrators, researchers, supervisors, principals, and other persons whose work affects early intervention, educational, and transitional services for children with disabilities, including children with disabilities who are limited English proficient children.

(e) APPLICATIONS .--

- (1) IN GENERAL.--An eligible entity that wishes to receive a grant, or enter into a contract or cooperative agreement, under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
- (2) IDENTIFIED STATE NEEDS.--
 - (A) REQUIREMENT TO ADDRESS IDENTIFIED NEEDS.--An application for assistance under subsection (b), (c), or (d) shall include information demonstrating to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the activities described in the application will address needs identified by the State or States the eligible entity proposes to serve.
 - (B) COOPERATION WITH STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES.--An eligible entity that is not a local educational agency or a State educational agency shall include in the eligible entity's application information demonstrating to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the eligible entity and 1 or more State educational agencies or local educational agencies will cooperate in carrying out and monitoring the proposed project.
- (3) ACCEPTANCE BY STATES OF PERSONNEL PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS.--The Secretary may require eligible entities to provide in the eligible entities' applications assurances from 1 or more States that such States intend to accept successful completion of the proposed personnel preparation program as meeting State personnel standards or other requirements in State law or regulation for serving children with disabilities or serving infants and toddlers with disabilities.

- participate in pre-service and in-service training, to collaborate, and to improve results for children with disabilities and their families.
- (4) The Federal Government plays a critical role in facilitating the availability of an adequate number of qualified personnel --
 - (A) to serve effectively the over 5,000,000 children with disabilities;
 - (B) to assume leadership positions in administrative and direct-service capacities related to teacher training and research concerning the provision of early intervention services, special education, and related services; and
 - (C) to work with children with low-incidence disabilities and their families.
- (5) The Federal Government performs the role described in paragraph (4) --(A) by supporting models of personnel development that reflect successful practice, including strategies for recruiting, preparing, and retaining personnel;
 - (B) by promoting the coordination and integration of --
 - (i) personnel-development activities for teachers of children with disabilities; and
 - (ii) other personnel-development activities supported under Federal law, including this chapter;
 - (C) by supporting the development and dissemination of information about teaching standards; and
 - (D) by promoting the coordination and integration of personnel-development activities through linkage with systemic-change activities within States and nationally.
- (b) PURPOSE- The purpose of this chapter is to provide Federal funding for coordinated research, demonstration projects, outreach, and personnel-preparation activities that --
 - (1) are described in sections 672 through 674;
- (2) are linked with, and promote, systemic change; and
- (3) improve early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities.
- SEC. 672. RESEARCH AND INNOVATION TO IMPROVE SERVICES AND RESULTS FOR CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES.
- (a) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall make competitive grants to, or enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with, eligible entities to produce, and advance the use of, knowledge --

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(f) SELECTION OF RECIPIENTS .--

- (1) IMPACT OF PROJECT.--In selecting eligible entities for assistance under this section, the Secretary shall consider the impact of the proposed project described in the application in meeting the need for personnel identified by the States.
- (2) REQUIREMENT FOR ELIGIBLE ENTITIES TO MEET STATE AND PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS.--The Secretary shall make grants and enter into contracts and cooperative agreements under this section only to eligible entities that meet State and professionally recognized qualifications for the preparation of special education and related services personnel, if the purpose of the project is to assist personnel in obtaining degrees.
- (3) PREFERENCES.--In selecting eligible entities for assistance under this section, the Secretary may give preference to eligible entities that are institutions of higher education that are--
 - (A) educating regular education personnel to meet the needs of children with disabilities in integrated settings;
 - (B) educating special education personnel to work in collaboration with regular educators in integrated settings; and
 - (C) successfully recruiting and preparing individuals with disabilities and individuals from groups that are underrepresented in the profession for which the institution of higher education is preparing individuals.
- (g) SCHOLARSHIPS.--The Secretary may include funds for scholarships, with necessary stipends and allowances, in awards under subsections (b), (c), and (d).

(h) SERVICE OBLIGATION .--

- (1) IN GENERAL.--Each application for assistance under subsections (b), (c), and (d) shall include an assurance that the eligible entity will ensure that individuals who receive a scholarship under the proposed project agree to subsequently provide special education and related services to children with disabilities, or in the case of leadership personnel to subsequently work in the appropriate field, for a period of 2 years for every year for which the scholarship was received or repay all or part of the amount of the scholarship, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.

 (2) SPECIAL RULE.--Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the Secretary may
- reduce or waive the service obligation requirement under paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines that the service obligation is acting as a deterrent to

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- (1) to improve --
- (A) services provided under this Act, including the practices of professionals and others involved in providing such services to children with disabilities; and
- (B) educational results for children with disabilities:
- (2) to address the special needs of preschool-aged children and infants and toddlers with disabilities, including infants and toddlers who would be at risk of having substantial developmental delays if early intervention services were not provided to them;
- (3) to address the specific problems of over-identification and under-identification of children with disabilities;
- (4) to develop and implement effective strategies for addressing inappropriate behavior of students with disabilities in schools, including strategies to prevent children with emotional and behavioral problems from developing emotional disturbances that require the provision of special education and related services;
- (5) to improve secondary and postsecondary education and transitional services for children with disabilities; and
- (6) to address the range of special education, related services, and early intervention needs of children with disabilities who need significant levels of support to maximize their participation and learning in school and in the community.
- (b) NEW KNOWLEDGE PRODUCTION; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES-
- (1) IN GENERAL- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support activities, consistent with the objectives described in subsection (a), that lead to the production of new knowledge.
- (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- Activities that may be carried out under this subsection include activities such as the following:
 - (A) Expanding understanding of the relationships between learning characteristics of children with disabilities and the diverse ethnic, cultural, linguistic, social, and economic backgrounds of children with disabilities and their families.
 - (B) Developing or identifying innovative, effective, and efficient curricula designs, instructional approaches, and strategies, and developing or identifying positive academic and social learning opportunities, that --
 - (i) enable children with disabilities to make effective transitions described in section 674(b)(3)(C) or transitions between educational settings; and
 - (ii) improve educational and transitional results for children with

the recruitment of students into special education or a related field.

- (3) SECRETARY'S RESPONSIBILITY.--The Secretary--
 - (A) shall ensure that individuals described in paragraph (1) comply with the requirements of that paragraph; and
 - (B) may use not more than 0.5 percent of the funds appropriated under subsection (i) for each fiscal year, to carry out subparagraph (A), in addition to any other funds that are available for that purpose.
- (i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.--There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2005 through 2010.

SEC. 663. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS, DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION, AND IMPLEMENTATION OF SCIENTIFICALLY BASED RESEARCH.

- (a) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary shall make competitive grants to, or enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with, eligible entities to provide technical assistance, support model demonstration projects, disseminate useful information, and implement activities that are supported by scientifically based research.
- (b) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.--Funds received under this section shall be used to support activities to improve services provided under this title, including the practices of professionals and others involved in providing such services to children with disabilities, that promote academic achievement and improve results for children with disabilities through--
- (1) implementing effective strategies for addressing inappropriate behavior of students with disabilities in schools, including strategies to prevent children with emotional and behavioral problems from developing emotional disturbances that require the provision of special education and related services;
- (2) improving the alignment, compatibility, and development of valid and reliable assessments and alternate assessments for assessing adequate yearly progress, as described under section 1111(b)(2)(B) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965;
- (3) providing training for both regular education teachers and special education teachers to address the needs of students with different learning styles;
- (4) disseminating information about innovative, effective, and efficient curricula designs, instructional approaches, and strategies, and identifying

- disabilities at all levels of the educational system in which the activities are carried out and, in particular, that improve the progress of the children, as measured by assessments within the general education curriculum involved.
- (C) Advancing the design of assessment tools and procedures that will accurately and efficiently determine the special instructional, learning, and behavioral needs of children with disabilities, especially within the context of general education.
- (D) Studying and promoting improved alignment and compatibility of general and special education reforms concerned with curricular and instructional reform, evaluation and accountability of such reforms, and administrative procedures.
- (E) Advancing the design, development, and integration of technology, assistive technology devices, media, and materials, to improve early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities.
- (F) Improving designs, processes, and results of personnel preparation for personnel who provide services to children with disabilities through the acquisition of information on, and implementation of, research-based practices.
- (G) Advancing knowledge about the coordination of education with health and social services.
- (H) Producing information on the long-term impact of early intervention and education on results for individuals with disabilities through large-scale longitudinal studies.

(c) INTEGRATION OF RESEARCH AND PRACTICE; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES-

- (1) IN GENERAL- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support activities, consistent with the objectives described in subsection (a), that integrate research and practice, including activities that support State systemic-change and local capacity-building and improvement efforts.
- (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- Activities that may be carried out under this subsection include activities such as the following:
 - (A) Model demonstration projects to apply and test research findings in typical service settings to determine the usability, effectiveness, and general applicability of such research findings in such areas as improving instructional methods, curricula, and tools, such as textbooks and media.
 - (B) Demonstrating and applying research-based findings to facilitate

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positive academic and social learning opportunities, that--

- (A) provide effective transitions between educational settings or from school to post school settings; and
- (B) improve educational and transitional results at all levels of the educational system in which the activities are carried out and, in particular, that improve the progress of children with disabilities, as measured by assessments within the general education curriculum involved; and
- (5) applying scientifically based findings to facilitate systemic changes, related to the provision of services to children with disabilities, in policy, procedure, practice, and the training and use of personnel.
- (c) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.--Activities that may be carried out under this section include activities to improve services provided under this title, including the practices of professionals and others involved in providing such services to children with disabilities, that promote academic achievement and improve results for children with disabilities through--
 - (1) applying and testing research findings in typical settings where children with disabilities receive services to determine the usefulness, effectiveness, and general applicability of such research findings in such areas as improving instructional methods, curricula, and tools, such as textbooks and media:
 - (2) supporting and promoting the coordination of early intervention and educational services for children with disabilities with services provided by health, rehabilitation, and social service agencies;
 - (3) promoting improved alignment and compatibility of general and special education reforms concerned with curricular and instructional reform, and evaluation of such reforms;
 - (4) enabling professionals, parents of children with disabilities, and other persons to learn about, and implement, the findings of scientifically based research, and successful practices developed in model demonstration projects, relating to the provision of services to children with disabilities;
 - (5) conducting outreach, and disseminating information, relating to successful approaches to overcoming systemic barriers to the effective and efficient delivery of early intervention, educational, and transitional services to personnel who provide services to children with disabilities;
 - (6) assisting States and local educational agencies with the process of planning systemic changes that will promote improved early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities;
 - (7) promoting change through a multistate or regional framework that

- systemic changes, related to the provision of services to children with disabilities, in policy, procedure, practice, and the training and use of personnel.
- (C) Promoting and demonstrating the coordination of early intervention and educational services for children with disabilities with services provided by health, rehabilitation, and social service agencies.
- (D) Identifying and disseminating solutions that overcome systemic barriers to the effective and efficient delivery of early intervention, educational, and transitional services to children with disabilities.

(d) IMPROVING THE USE OF PROFESSIONAL KNOWLEDGE; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES-

- (1) IN GENERAL- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support activities, consistent with the objectives described in subsection (a), that improve the use of professional knowledge, including activities that support State systemic-change and local capacity-building and improvement efforts. (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- Activities that may be carried out under this subsection include activities such as the following:
 - (A) Synthesizing useful research and other information relating to the provision of services to children with disabilities, including effective practices.
 - (B) Analyzing professional knowledge bases to advance an understanding of the relationships, and the effectiveness of practices, relating to the provision of services to children with disabilities.
 - (C) Ensuring that research and related products are in appropriate formats for distribution to teachers, parents, and individuals with disabilities.
 - (D) Enabling professionals, parents of children with disabilities, and other persons, to learn about, and implement, the findings of research, and successful practices developed in model demonstration projects, relating to the provision of services to children with disabilities.
 - (E) Conducting outreach, and disseminating information relating to successful approaches to overcoming systemic barriers to the effective and efficient delivery of early intervention, educational, and transitional services, to personnel who provide services to children with disabilities.
- (e) BALANCE AMONG ACTIVITIES AND AGE RANGES- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall ensure that there is an appropriate balance --
- (1) among knowledge production, integration of research and practice, and use of professional knowledge; and

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benefits States, local educational agencies, and other participants in partnerships that are in the process of achieving systemic-change outcomes; (8) focusing on the needs and issues that are specific to a population of children with disabilities, such as providing single-State and multi-State technical assistance and in-service training--

- (A) to schools and agencies serving deaf-blind children and their families:
- (B) to programs and agencies serving other groups of children with low incidence disabilities and their families;
- (C) addressing the postsecondary education needs of individuals who are deaf or hard-of-hearing; and
- (D) to schools and personnel providing special education and related services for children with autism spectrum disorders;
- (9) demonstrating models of personnel preparation to ensure appropriate placements and services for all students and to reduce disproportionality in eligibility, placement, and disciplinary actions for minority and limited English proficient children; and
- (10) disseminating information on how to reduce inappropriate racial and ethnic disproportionalities identified under section 618.
- (d) BALANCE AMONG ACTIVITIES AND AGE RANGES.--In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall ensure that there is an appropriate balance across all age ranges of children with disabilities.
- (e) LINKING STATES TO INFORMATION SOURCES.--In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support projects that link States to technical assistance resources, including special education and general education resources, and shall make research and related products available through libraries, electronic networks, parent training projects, and other information sources, including through the activities of the National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance established under part D of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002.

(f) APPLICATIONS .--

- (1) IN GENERAL.--An eligible entity that wishes to receive a grant, or enter into a contract or cooperative agreement, under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
- (2) STANDARDS.--To the maximum extent feasible, each eligible entity shall demonstrate that the project described in the eligible entity's application is

IDEA '97 - P.L. 105-17 H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress (2) across all age ranges of children with disabilities. supported by scientifically valid research that has been carried out in accordance with the standards for the conduct and evaluation of all relevant (f) APPLICATIONS- An eligible entity that wishes to receive a grant, or enter research and development established by the National Center for Education into a contract or cooperative agreement, under this section shall submit an Research. application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such (3) PRIORITY.--As appropriate, the Secretary shall give priority to information as the Secretary may require. applications that propose to serve teachers and school personnel directly in the school environment. (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS- There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1998 through 2002. SEC. 673. PERSONNEL PREPARATION TO IMPROVE SERVICES AND SEC. 664. STUDIES AND EVALUATIONS.

RESULTS FOR CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall, on a competitive basis, make grants to, or enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with, eligible entities --
 - (1) to help address State-identified needs for qualified personnel in special education, related services, early intervention, and regular education, to work with children with disabilities; and
 - (2) to ensure that those personnel have the skills and knowledge, derived from practices that have been determined, through research and experience, to be successful, that are needed to serve those children.

(b) LOW-INCIDENCE DISABILITIES; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES-

- (1) IN GENERAL- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support activities, consistent with the objectives described in subsection (a), that benefit children with low-incidence disabilities.
- (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- Activities that may be carried out under this subsection include activities such as the following:
 - (A) Preparing persons who --
 - (i) have prior training in educational and other related service fields; and
 - (ii) are studying to obtain degrees, certificates, or licensure that will enable them to assist children with disabilities to achieve the objectives set out in their individualized education programs described in section 614(d), or to assist infants and toddlers with disabilities to achieve the outcomes described in their individualized family service plans described in section 636.
 - (B) Providing personnel from various disciplines with interdisciplinary training that will contribute to improvement in early intervention. educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities.

- (a) STUDIES AND EVALUATIONS .--
- (1) DELEGATION.--The Secretary shall delegate to the Director of the Institute of Education Sciences responsibility to carry out this section, other than subsections (d) and (f).
- (2) ASSESSMENT.--The Secretary shall, directly or through grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements awarded to eligible entities on a competitive basis, assess the progress in the implementation of this title, including the effectiveness of State and local efforts to provide--
 - (A) a free appropriate public education to children with disabilities; and
 - (B) early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities, and infants and toddlers who would be at risk of having substantial developmental delays if early intervention services were not provided to the infants and toddlers.
- (b) ASSESSMENT OF NATIONAL ACTIVITIES .--
 - (1) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary shall carry out a national assessment of activities carried out with Federal funds under this title in order--
 - (A) to determine the effectiveness of this title in achieving the purposes of this title:
 - (B) to provide timely information to the President, Congress, the States, local educational agencies, and the public on how to implement this title more effectively; and
 - (C) to provide the President and Congress with information that will be useful in developing legislation to achieve the purposes of this title more effectively.
 - (2) SCOPE OF ASSESSMENT.--The national assessment shall assess activities supported under this title, including--

- (C) Preparing personnel in the innovative uses and application of technology to enhance learning by children with disabilities through early intervention, educational, and transitional services.
- (D) Preparing personnel who provide services to visually impaired or blind children to teach and use Braille in the provision of services to such children.
- (E) Preparing personnel to be qualified educational interpreters, to assist children with disabilities, particularly deaf and hard-of-hearing children in school and school-related activities and deaf and hard-of-hearing infants and toddlers and preschool children in early intervention and preschool programs.
- (F) Preparing personnel who provide services to children with significant cognitive disabilities and children with multiple disabilities.
- (3) DEFINITION- As used in this section, the term 'low-incidence disability' means --
 - (A) a visual or hearing impairment, or simultaneous visual and hearing impairments;
 - (B) a significant cognitive impairment; or
 - (C) any impairment for which a small number of personnel with highly specialized skills and knowledge are needed in order for children with that impairment to receive early intervention services or a free appropriate public education.
- (4) SELECTION OF RECIPIENTS- In selecting recipients under this subsection, the Secretary may give preference to applications that propose to prepare personnel in more than one low-incidence disability, such as deafness and blindness.
- (5) PREPARATION IN USE OF BRAILLE- The Secretary shall ensure that all recipients of assistance under this subsection who will use that assistance to prepare personnel to provide services to visually impaired or blind children that can appropriately be provided in Braille will prepare those individuals to provide those services in Braille.
- (c) LEADERSHIP PREPARATION; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES-
 - (1) IN GENERAL- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support leadership preparation activities that are consistent with the objectives described in subsection (a).
 - (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- Activities that may be carried out under this subsection include activities such as the following:
 - (A) Preparing personnel at the advanced graduate, doctoral, and

- (A) the implementation of programs assisted under this title and the impact of such programs on addressing the developmental needs of, and improving the academic achievement of, children with disabilities to enable the children to reach challenging developmental goals and challenging State academic content standards based on State academic assessments;
- (B) the types of programs and services that have demonstrated the greatest likelihood of helping students reach the challenging State academic content standards and developmental goals;
- (C) the implementation of the professional development activities assisted under this title and the impact on instruction, student academic achievement, and teacher qualifications to enhance the ability of special education teachers and regular education teachers to improve results for children with disabilities; and
- (D) the effectiveness of schools, local educational agencies, States, other recipients of assistance under this title, and the Secretary in achieving the purposes of this title by--
- (i) improving the academic achievement of children with disabilities and their performance on regular statewide assessments as compared to nondisabled children, and the performance of children with disabilities on alternate assessments:
- (ii) improving the participation of children with disabilities in the general education curriculum:
- (iii) improving the transitions of children with disabilities at natural transition points;
- (iv) placing and serving children with disabilities, including minority children, in the least restrictive environment appropriate;
- (v) preventing children with disabilities, especially children with emotional disturbances and specific learning disabilities, from dropping out of school;
- (vi) addressing the reading and literacy needs of children with disabilities;
- (vii) reducing the inappropriate overidentification of children, especially minority and limited English proficient children, as having a disability;
- (viii) improving the participation of parents of children with disabilities in the education of their children; and
- (ix) resolving disagreements between education personnel and parents through alternate dispute resolution activities, including mediation.
- (3) INTERIM AND FINAL REPORTS.--The Secretary shall submit to the President and Congress--
 - (A) an interim report that summarizes the preliminary findings of the

postdoctoral levels of training to administer, enhance, or provide services for children with disabilities.

- (B) Providing interdisciplinary training for various types of leadership personnel, including teacher preparation faculty, administrators, researchers, supervisors, principals, and other persons whose work affects early intervention, educational, and transitional services for children with disabilities.
- (d) PROJECTS OF NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES-
 - (1) IN GENERAL- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support activities, consistent with the objectives described in <u>subsection (a)</u>, that are of national significance and have broad applicability.
 - (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- Activities that may be carried out under this subsection include activities such as the following:
 - (A) Developing and demonstrating effective and efficient practices for preparing personnel to provide services to children with disabilities, including practices that address any needs identified in the State's improvement plan under part C;
 - (B) Demonstrating the application of significant knowledge derived from research and other sources in the development of programs to prepare personnel to provide services to children with disabilities.
 - (C) Demonstrating models for the preparation of, and interdisciplinary training of, early intervention, special education, and general education personnel, to enable the personnel --
 - (i) to acquire the collaboration skills necessary to work within teams to assist children with disabilities: and
 - (ii) to achieve results that meet challenging standards, particularly within the general education curriculum.
 - (D) Demonstrating models that reduce shortages of teachers, and personnel from other relevant disciplines, who serve children with disabilities, through reciprocity arrangements between States that are related to licensure and certification.
 - (E) Developing, evaluating, and disseminating model teaching standards for persons working with children with disabilities.
 - (F) Promoting the transferability, across State and local jurisdictions, of licensure and certification of teachers and administrators working with such children.
 - (G) Developing and disseminating models that prepare teachers with strategies, including behavioral interventions, for addressing the conduct of

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assessment not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004; and (B) a final report of the findings of the assessment not later than 5 years after the date of enactment of such Act.

- (c) STUDY ON ENSURING ACCOUNTABILITY FOR STUDENTS WHO ARE HELD TO ALTERNATIVE ACHIEVEMENT STANDARDS.--The Secretary shall carry out a national study or studies to examine--
 - (1) the criteria that States use to determine--
 - (A) eligibility for alternate assessments; and
 - (B) the number and type of children who take those assessments and are held accountable to alternative achievement standards:
 - (2) the validity and reliability of alternate assessment instruments and procedures;
 - (3) the alignment of alternate assessments and alternative achievement standards to State academic content standards in reading, mathematics, and science; and
 - (4) the use and effectiveness of alternate assessments in appropriately measuring student progress and outcomes specific to individualized instructional need.
- (d) ANNUAL REPORT.--The Secretary shall provide an annual report to Congress that--
 - (1) summarizes the research conducted under part E of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002;
 - (2) analyzes and summarizes the data reported by the States and the Secretary of the Interior under section 618;
 - (3) summarizes the studies and evaluations conducted under this section and the timeline for their completion;
 - (4) describes the extent and progress of the assessment of national activities; and
 - (5) describes the findings and determinations resulting from reviews of State implementation of this title.
- (e) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.--In carrying out this section, the Secretary may support objective studies, evaluations, and assessments, including studies that--
 - (1) analyze measurable impact, outcomes, and results achieved by State educational agencies and local educational agencies through their activities

children with disabilities that impedes their learning and that of others in the classroom.

- (H) Institutes that provide professional development that addresses the needs of children with disabilities to teachers or teams of teachers, and where appropriate, to school board members, administrators, principals, pupil-service personnel, and other staff from individual schools.
- (I) Projects to improve the ability of general education teachers, principals, and other administrators to meet the needs of children with disabilities.
- (J) Developing, evaluating, and disseminating innovative models for the recruitment, induction, retention, and assessment of new, qualified teachers, especially from groups that are underrepresented in the teaching profession, including individuals with disabilities.
- (K) Supporting institutions of higher education with minority enrollments of at least 25 percent for the purpose of preparing personnel to work with children with disabilities.

(e) HIGH-INCIDENCE DISABILITIES; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES-

- (1) IN GENERAL- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support activities, consistent with the objectives described in <u>subsection (a)</u>, to benefit children with high-incidence disabilities, such as children with specific learning disabilities, speech or language impairment, or mental retardation.
- (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- Activities that may be carried out under this subsection include the following:
 - (A) Activities undertaken by institutions of higher education, local educational agencies, and other local entities --
 - (i) to improve and reform their existing programs to prepare teachers and related services personnel --
 - (I) to meet the diverse needs of children with disabilities for early intervention, educational, and transitional services; and
 - (II) to work collaboratively in regular classroom settings; and
 - (ii) to incorporate best practices and research-based knowledge about preparing personnel so they will have the knowledge and skills to improve educational results for children with disabilities.
 - (B) Activities incorporating innovative strategies to recruit and prepare teachers and other personnel to meet the needs of areas in which there are acute and persistent shortages of personnel.
 - (C) Developing career opportunities for paraprofessionals to receive training as special education teachers, related services personnel, and early intervention personnel, including interdisciplinary training to enable

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disciplinary actions involving children with disabilities;

- to reform policies, procedures, and practices designed to improve educational and transitional services and results for children with disabilities; (2) analyze State and local needs for professional development, parent training, and other appropriate activities that can reduce the need for
- (3) assess educational and transitional services and results for children with disabilities from minority backgrounds, including--
 - (A) data on--
 - (i) the number of minority children who are referred for special education evaluation:
 - (ii) the number of minority children who are receiving special education and related services and their educational or other service placement;
 - (iii) the number of minority children who graduated from secondary programs with a regular diploma in the standard number of years; and
 - (iv) the number of minority children who drop out of the educational system; and
 - (B) the performance of children with disabilities from minority backgrounds on State assessments and other performance indicators established for all students;
- (4) measure educational and transitional services and results for children with disabilities served under this title, including longitudinal studies that-
- (A) examine educational and transitional services and results for children with disabilities who are 3 through 17 years of age and are receiving special education and related services under this title, using a national, representative sample of distinct age cohorts and disability categories; and (B) examine educational results, transition services, postsecondary
- placement, and employment status for individuals with disabilities, 18 through 21 years of age, who are receiving or have received special education and related services under this title; and
- (5) identify and report on the placement of children with disabilities by disability category.
- (f) STUDY.--The Secretary shall study, and report to Congress regarding, the extent to which States adopt policies described in section 635(c)(1) and on the effects of those policies.
- SEC. 665. INTERIM ALTERNATIVE EDUCATIONAL SETTINGS, BEHAVIORAL SUPPORTS, AND SYSTEMIC SCHOOL INTERVENTIONS.
- (a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.--The Secretary may award grants, and enter into contracts and cooperative agreements, to support safe learning

environments that support academic achievement for all students by--

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them to improve early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities.

(1) improving the quality of interim alternative educational settings; and

(f) APPLICATIONS-

- (2) providing increased behavioral supports and research-based, systemic interventions in schools.
- (1) IN GENERAL- Any eligible entity that wishes to receive a grant, or enter into a contract or cooperative agreement, under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
- (b) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.--In carrying out this section, the Secretary may support activities to--

(2) IDENTIFIED STATE NEEDS-

- (1) establish, expand, or increase the scope of behavioral supports and systemic interventions by providing for effective, research-based practices,
- (A) REQUIREMENT TO ADDRESS IDENTIFIED NEEDS- Any application under subsection (b), (c), or (e) shall include information demonstrating to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the activities described in the application will address needs identified by the State or States the applicant proposes to serve.
- (A) training for school staff on early identification, prereferral, and referral procedures:
- (B) COOPERATION WITH STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES- Any applicant that is not a local educational agency or a State educational agency shall include information demonstrating to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the applicant and one or more State educational agencies have engaged in a cooperative effort to plan the project to which the application pertains, and will cooperate in carrying out and monitoring the project.
- (B) training for administrators, teachers, related services personnel, behavioral specialists, and other school staff in positive behavioral interventions and supports, behavioral intervention planning, and classroom and student management techniques;

- (3) ACCEPTANCE BY STATES OF PERSONNEL PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS- The Secretary may require applicants to provide letters from one or more States stating that the States --
- personnel, behavioral specialists, and other school staff on effective strategies for positive behavioral interventions and behavior management strategies that focus on the prevention of behavior problems:

(C) joint training for administrators, parents, teachers, related services

- (A) intend to accept successful completion of the proposed personnel preparation program as meeting State personnel standards for serving children with disabilities or serving infants and toddlers with disabilities; and
- (D) developing or implementing specific curricula, programs, or interventions aimed at addressing behavioral problems;

- (B) need personnel in the area or areas in which the applicant proposes to provide preparation, as identified in the States' comprehensive systems of personnel development under parts B and C.
- (E) stronger linkages between school-based services and communitybased resources, such as community mental health and primary care providers: or

(g) SELECTION OF RECIPIENTS-

(F) using behavioral specialists, related services personnel, and other staff necessary to implement behavioral supports; or

(1) IMPACT OF PROJECT- In selecting recipients under this section, the Secretary may consider the impact of the project proposed in the application in meeting the need for personnel identified by the States.

(2) improve interim alternative educational settings by--

(2) REQUIREMENT ON APPLICANTS TO MEET STATE AND PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS- The Secretary shall make grants under this section only to eligible applicants that meet State and professionally-

- (A) improving the training of administrators, teachers, related services personnel, behavioral specialists, and other school staff (including ongoing mentoring of new teachers) in behavioral supports and interventions;
- (B) attracting and retaining a high quality, diverse staff;
- (C) providing for referral to counseling services;
- (D) utilizing research-based interventions, curriculum, and practices;
- (E) allowing students to use instructional technology that provides individualized instruction:
- (F) ensuring that the services are fully consistent with the goals of the individual student's IEP;
- (G) promoting effective case management and collaboration among

recognized standards for the preparation of special education and related services personnel, if the purpose of the project is to assist personnel in obtaining degrees.

- (3) PREFERENCES- In selecting recipients under this section, the Secretary may --
- (A) give preference to institutions of higher education that are educating regular education personnel to meet the needs of children with disabilities in integrated settings and educating special education personnel to work in collaboration with regular educators in integrated settings; and
- (B) give preference to institutions of higher education that are successfully recruiting and preparing individuals with disabilities and individuals from groups that are underrepresented in the profession for which they are preparing individuals.

(h) SERVICE OBLIGATION-

- (1) IN GENERAL- Each application for funds under subsections (b) and (e), and to the extent appropriate <u>subsection</u> (d), shall include an assurance that the applicant will ensure that individuals who receive a scholarship under the proposed project will subsequently provide special education and related services to children with disabilities for a period of 2 years for every year for which assistance was received or repay all or part of the cost of that assistance, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.

 (2) LEADERSHIP PREPARATION- Each application for funds under subsection (c) shall include an assurance that the applicant will ensure that
- subsection (c) shall include an assurance that the applicant will ensure that individuals who receive a scholarship under the proposed project will subsequently perform work related to their preparation for a period of 2 years for every year for which assistance was received or repay all or part of such costs, in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary.
- (i) SCHOLARSHIPS- The Secretary may include funds for scholarships, with necessary stipends and allowances, in awards under subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e).
- (j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS- There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1998 through 2002.

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parents, teachers, physicians, related services personnel, behavioral specialists, principals, administrators, and other school staff;

- (H) promoting interagency coordination and coordinated service delivery among schools, juvenile courts, child welfare agencies, community mental health providers, primary care providers, public recreation agencies, and community-based organizations; or
- (I) providing for behavioral specialists to help students transitioning from interim alternative educational settings reintegrate into their regular classrooms.
- (c) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITY.--In this section, the term ``eligible entity" means--
 - (1) a local educational agency; or
 - (2) a consortium consisting of a local educational agency and 1 or more of the following entities:
 - (A) Another local educational agency.
 - (B) A community-based organization with a demonstrated record of effectiveness in helping children with disabilities who have behavioral challenges succeed.
 - (C) An institution of higher education.
 - (D) A community mental health provider.
 - (E) An educational service agency.
- (d) APPLICATIONS.--Any eligible entity that wishes to receive a grant, or enter into a contract or cooperative agreement, under this section shall--
 - (1) submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require; and
 - (2) involve parents of participating students in the design and implementation of the activities funded under this section.
- (e) REPORT AND EVALUATION.--Each eligible entity receiving a grant under this section shall prepare and submit annually to the Secretary a report on the outcomes of the activities assisted under the grant.

SEC. 667. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.--There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subpart (other than section 662) such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2005 through 2010.

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SEC. 674. STUDIES AND EVALUATIONS.

(a) STUDIES AND EVALUATIONS-

- (1) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall, directly or through grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements, assess the progress in the implementation of this Act, including the effectiveness of State and local efforts to provide --
- (A) a free appropriate public education to children with disabilities; and (B) early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities and infants and toddlers who would be at risk of having substantial developmental delays if early intervention services were not provided to them.
- (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary may support studies, evaluations, and assessments, including studies that --
 - (A) analyze measurable impact, outcomes, and results achieved by State educational agencies and local educational agencies through their activities to reform policies, procedures, and practices designed to improve educational and transitional services and results for children with disabilities;
 - (B) analyze State and local needs for professional development, parent training, and other appropriate activities that can reduce the need for disciplinary actions involving children with disabilities;
 - (C) assess educational and transitional services and results for children with disabilities from minority backgrounds, including --
 - (i) data on --
 - (I) the number of minority children who are referred for special education evaluation:
 - (II) the number of minority children who are receiving special education and related services and their educational or other service placement; and
 - (III) the number of minority children who graduated from secondary and postsecondary education programs; and
 - (ii) the performance of children with disabilities from minority backgrounds on State assessments and other performance indicators established for all students;
 - (D) measure educational and transitional services and results of children with disabilities under this Act, including longitudinal studies that --
 - (i) examine educational and transitional services and results for children

(b) RESERVATION.--From amounts appropriated under subsection (a) for fiscal year 2005, the Secretary shall reserve \$1,000,000 to carry out the study authorized in section 664(c). From amounts appropriated under subsection (a) for a succeeding fiscal year, the Secretary may reserve an additional amount to carry out such study if the Secretary determines the additional amount is necessary.

Subpart 3--Supports To Improve Results for Children With Disabilities SEC. 670, PURPOSES.

The purposes of this subpart are to ensure that--

- (1) children with disabilities and their parents receive training and information designed to assist the children in meeting developmental and functional goals and challenging academic achievement goals, and in preparing to lead productive independent adult lives;
- (2) children with disabilities and their parents receive training and information on their rights, responsibilities, and protections under this title, in order to develop the skills necessary to cooperatively and effectively participate in planning and decision making relating to early intervention, educational, and transitional services;
- (3) parents, teachers, administrators, early intervention personnel, related services personnel, and transition personnel receive coordinated and accessible technical assistance and information to assist such personnel in improving early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities and their families; and
- (4) appropriate technology and media are researched, developed, and demonstrated, to improve and implement early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities and their families.

SEC. 671. PARENT TRAINING AND INFORMATION CENTERS.

- (a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED .--
 - (1) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary may award grants to, and enter into contracts and cooperative agreements with, parent organizations to support parent training and information centers to carry out activities under this section.
 - (2) DEFINITION OF PARENT ORGANIZATION.--In this section, the term `parent organization' means a private nonprofit organization (other than an institution of higher education) that--

- with disabilities who are 3 through 17 years of age and are receiving special education and related services under this Act, using a national, representative sample of distinct age cohorts and disability categories; and
- (ii) examine educational results, postsecondary placement, and employment status of individuals with disabilities, 18 through 21 years of age, who are receiving or have received special education and related services under this Act; and
- (E) identify and report on the placement of children with disabilities by disability category.

(b) NATIONAL ASSESSMENT-

- (1) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall carry out a national assessment of activities carried out with Federal funds under this Act in order --
 - (A) to determine the effectiveness of this Act in achieving its purposes;
 - (B) to provide information to the President, the Congress, the States, local educational agencies, and the public on how to implement the Act more effectively; and
 - (C) to provide the President and the Congress with information that will be useful in developing legislation to achieve the purposes of this Act more effectively.
- (2) CONSULTATION- The Secretary shall plan, review, and conduct the national assessment under this subsection in consultation with researchers, State practitioners, local practitioners, parents of children with disabilities, individuals with disabilities, and other appropriate individuals.
- (3) SCOPE OF ASSESSMENT- The national assessment shall examine how well schools, local educational agencies, States, other recipients of assistance under this Act, and the Secretary are achieving the purposes of this Act, including --
- (A) improving the performance of children with disabilities in general scholastic activities and assessments as compared to nondisabled children:
- (B) providing for the participation of children with disabilities in the general curriculum:
- (C) helping children with disabilities make successful transitions from --
 - (i) early intervention services to preschool education;
 - (ii) preschool education to elementary school; and
 - (iii) secondary school to adult life;
- (D) placing and serving children with disabilities, including minority

- (A) has a board of directors--
 - (i) the majority of whom are parents of children with disabilities ages birth through 26;
 - (ii) that includes--
 - (I) individuals working in the fields of special education, related services, and early intervention; and
 - (II) individuals with disabilities; and
- (iii) the parent and professional members of which are broadly representative of the population to be served, including low-income parents and parents of limited English proficient children; and
- (B) has as its mission serving families of children with disabilities who--
 - (i) are ages birth through 26; and
 - (ii) have the full range of disabilities described in section 602(3).
- (b) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.--Each parent training and information center that receives assistance under this section shall--
 - (1) provide training and information that meets the needs of parents of children with disabilities living in the area served by the center, particularly underserved parents and parents of children who may be inappropriately identified, to enable their children with disabilities to--
 - (A) meet developmental and functional goals, and challenging academic achievement goals that have been established for all children; and
 - (B) be prepared to lead productive independent adult lives, to the maximum extent possible;
 - (2) serve the parents of infants, toddlers, and children with the full range of disabilities described in section 602(3);
 - (3) ensure that the training and information provided meets the needs of low-income parents and parents of limited English proficient children;
 - (4) assist parents to--
 - (A) better understand the nature of their children's disabilities and their educational, developmental, and transitional needs;
 - (B) communicate effectively and work collaboratively with personnel responsible for providing special education, early intervention services, transition services, and related services;
 - (C) participate in decisionmaking processes and the development of individualized education programs under part B and individualized family service plans under part C;
 - (D) obtain appropriate information about the range, type, and quality of--
 - (i) options, programs, services, technologies, practices and interventions

children, in the least restrictive environment appropriate;

- (E) preventing children with disabilities, especially children with emotional disturbances and specific learning disabilities, from dropping out of school;
- (F) addressing behavioral problems of children with disabilities as compared to nondisabled children;
- (G) coordinating services provided under this Act with each other, with other educational and pupil services (including preschool services), and with health and social services funded from other sources:
- (H) providing for the participation of parents of children with disabilities in the education of their children; and
- (I) resolving disagreements between education personnel and parents through activities such as mediation.
- (4) INTERIM AND FINAL REPORTS- The Secretary shall submit to the President and the Congress --
- (A) an interim report that summarizes the preliminary findings of the assessment not later than October 1, 1999; and
- (B) a final report of the findings of the assessment not later than October 1, 2001.
- (c) ANNUAL REPORT- The Secretary shall report annually to the Congress on
- (1) an analysis and summary of the data reported by the States and the Secretary of the Interior under section 618;
- (2) the results of activities conducted under subsection (a);
- (3) the findings and determinations resulting from reviews of State implementation of this Act.
- (d) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO LEAS- The Secretary shall provide directly, or through grants, contracts, or cooperative agreements, technical assistance to local educational agencies to assist them in carrying out local capacity-building and improvement projects under section 611(f)(4) and other LEA systemic improvement activities under this Act.
- (e) RESERVATION FOR STUDIES AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE-
 - (1) IN GENERAL- Except as provided in paragraph (2) and notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Secretary may reserve up to one-half of one percent of the amount appropriated under parts \underline{B} and \underline{C} for each fiscal year to carry out this section.
 - (2) MAXIMUM AMOUNT- For the first fiscal year in which the amount

based on scientifically based research, to the extent practicable; and

(ii) resources available to assist children with disabilities and their families in school and at home:

- (E) understand the provisions of this title for the education of, and the provision of early intervention services to, children with disabilities;
- (F) participate in activities at the school level that benefit their children; and
- (G) participate in school reform activities;
- (5) in States where the State elects to contract with the parent training and information center, contract with State educational agencies to provide, consistent with subparagraphs (B) and (D) of section 615(e)(2), individuals who meet with parents to explain the mediation process to the parents:
- (6) assist parents in resolving disputes in the most expeditious and effective way possible, including encouraging the use, and explaining the benefits, of alternative methods of dispute resolution, such as the mediation process described in section 615(e);
- (7) assist parents and students with disabilities to understand their rights and responsibilities under this title, including those under section 615(m) upon the student's reaching the age of majority (as appropriate under State law);
- (8) assist parents to understand the availability of, and how to effectively use, procedural safeguards under this title, including the resolution session described in section 615(e);
- (9) assist parents in understanding, preparing for, and participating in, the process described in section 615(f)(1)(B);
- (10) establish cooperative partnerships with community parent resource centers funded under section 672;
- (11) network with appropriate clearinghouses, including organizations conducting national dissemination activities under section 663 and the Institute of Education Sciences, and with other national, State, and local organizations and agencies, such as protection and advocacy agencies, that serve parents and families of children with the full range of disabilities described in section 602(3); and
- (12) annually report to the Secretary on--
 - (A) the number and demographics of parents to whom the center provided information and training in the most recently concluded fiscal year;
 - (B) the effectiveness of strategies used to reach and serve parents, including underserved parents of children with disabilities; and
 - (C) the number of parents served who have resolved disputes through alternative methods of dispute resolution.

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described in paragraph (1) is at least \$20,000,000, the maximum amount the Secretary may reserve under paragraph (1) is \$20,000,000. For each subsequent fiscal year, the maximum amount the Secretary may reserve under paragraph (1) is \$20,000,000, increased by the cumulative rate of inflation since the fiscal year described in the previous sentence. (3) USE OF MAXIMUM AMOUNT- In any fiscal year described in paragraph (2) for which the Secretary reserves the maximum amount described in that paragraph, the Secretary shall use at least half of the reserved amount for activities under subsection (d).	 (c) OPTIONAL ACTIVITIESA parent training and information center that receives assistance under this section may provide information to teachers and other professionals to assist the teachers and professionals in improving results for children with disabilities. (d) APPLICATION REQUIREMENTSEach application for assistance under this section shall identify with specificity the special efforts that the parent organization will undertake (1) to ensure that the needs for training and information of underserved parents of children with disabilities in the area to be served are effectively met; and (2) to work with community based organizations, including community based organizations that work with low-income parents and parents of limited English proficient children.

CHAPTER 2 -- IMPROVING EARLY INTERVENTION, EDUCATIONAL, AND TRANSITIONAL SERVICES AND RESULTS FOR CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES THROUGH COORDINATED TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, SUPPORT, AND DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION

SEC. 681. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- (a) IN GENERAL- The Congress finds as follows:
- (1) National technical assistance, support, and dissemination activities are necessary to ensure that parts <u>B</u> and <u>C</u> are fully implemented and achieve quality early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities and their families.
- (2) Parents, teachers, administrators, and related services personnel need technical assistance and information in a timely, coordinated, and accessible manner in order to improve early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results at the State and local levels for children with disabilities and their families.
- (3) Parent training and information activities have taken on increased importance in efforts to assist parents of a child with a disability in dealing with the multiple pressures of rearing such a child and are of particular importance in --
 - (A) ensuring the involvement of such parents in planning and decisionmaking with respect to early intervention, educational, and transitional services;
 - (B) achieving quality early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities;
 - (C) providing such parents information on their rights and protections under this Act to ensure improved early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities;
 - (D) assisting such parents in the development of skills to participate effectively in the education and development of their children and in the transitions described in section 674(b)(3)(C); and
 - (E) supporting the roles of such parents as participants within partnerships seeking to improve early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities and their families.
 - (4) Providers of parent training and information activities need to ensure that such parents who have limited access to services and supports, due to economic, cultural, or linguistic barriers, are provided with access to appropriate parent training and information activities.
 - (5) Parents of children with disabilities need information that helps the

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(e) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS .--

- (1) IN GENERAL .-- The Secretary shall--
 - (A) make not less than 1 award to a parent organization in each State for a parent training and information center that is designated as the statewide parent training and information center; or
 - (B) in the case of a large State, make awards to multiple parent training and information centers, but only if the centers demonstrate that coordinated services and supports will occur among the multiple centers.
- (2) SELECTION REQUIREMENT.--The Secretary shall select among applications submitted by parent organizations in a State in a manner that ensures the most effective assistance to parents, including parents in urban and rural areas, in the State.

(f) QUARTERLY REVIEW .--

- (1) MEETINGS.--The board of directors of each parent organization that receives an award under this section shall meet not less than once in each calendar quarter to review the activities for which the award was made.
- (2) CONTINUATION AWARD.--When a parent organization requests a continuation award under this section, the board of directors shall submit to the Secretary a written review of the parent training and information program conducted by the parent organization during the preceding fiscal year.

SEC. 672. COMMUNITY PARENT RESOURCE CENTERS.

- (a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED .--
 - (1) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary may award grants to, and enter into contracts and cooperative agreements with, local parent organizations to support community parent resource centers that will help ensure that underserved parents of children with disabilities, including low income parents, parents of limited English proficient children, and parents with disabilities, have the training and information the parents need to enable the parents to participate effectively in helping their children with disabilities--
 - (A) to meet developmental and functional goals, and challenging academic achievement goals that have been established for all children; and
 - (B) to be prepared to lead productive independent adult lives, to the maximum extent possible.
 - (2) DEFINITION OF LOCAL PARENT ORGANIZATION.--In this section, the term 'local parent organization' means a parent organization, as defined in section 671(a)(2), that--
 - (A) has a board of directors the majority of whom are parents of children

parents to understand the rights and responsibilities of their children under part B.

- (6) The provision of coordinated technical assistance and dissemination of information to State and local agencies, institutions of higher education, and other providers of services to children with disabilities is essential in --
 - (A) supporting the process of achieving systemic change;
 - (B) supporting actions in areas of priority specific to the improvement of early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities:
 - (C) conveying information and assistance that are --
 - (i) based on current research (as of the date the information and assistance are conveyed);
 - (ii) accessible and meaningful for use in supporting systemic-change activities of State and local partnerships; and
 - (iii) linked directly to improving early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities and their families; and
 - (D) organizing systems and information networks for such information, based on modern technology related to --
 - (i) storing and gaining access to information; and
 - (ii) distributing information in a systematic manner to parents, students, professionals, and policymakers.
- (7) Federal support for carrying out technology research, technology development, and educational media services and activities has resulted in major innovations that have significantly improved early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities and their families.
- (8) Such Federal support is needed --
 - (A) to stimulate the development of software, interactive learning tools, and devices to address early intervention, educational, and transitional needs of children with disabilities who have certain disabilities;
 - (B) to make information available on technology research, technology development, and educational media services and activities to individuals involved in the provision of early intervention, educational, and transitional services to children with disabilities;
 - (C) to promote the integration of technology into curricula to improve early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities:
 - (D) to provide incentives for the development of technology and media

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- with disabilities ages birth through 26 from the community to be served; and
- (B) has as its mission serving parents of children with disabilities who--
 - (i) are ages birth through 26; and
 - (ii) have the full range of disabilities described in section 602(3).
- (b) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.--Each community parent resource center assisted under this section shall--
- (1) provide training and information that meets the training and information needs of parents of children with disabilities proposed to be served by the grant, contract, or cooperative agreement;
- (2) carry out the activities required of parent training and information centers under paragraphs (2) through (9) of section 671(b);
- (3) establish cooperative partnerships with the parent training and information centers funded under section 671: and
- (4) be designed to meet the specific needs of families who experience significant isolation from available sources of information and support.

SEC. 673. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR PARENT TRAINING AND INFORMATION CENTERS.

- (a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED .--
- (1) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary may, directly or through awards to eligible entities, provide technical assistance for developing, assisting, and coordinating parent training and information programs carried out by parent training and information centers receiving assistance under section 671 and community parent resource centers receiving assistance under section 672.
- (2) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITY.--In this section, the term 'eligible entity' has the meaning given the term in section 661(b).
- (b) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.--The Secretary may provide technical assistance to a parent training and information center or a community parent resource center under this section in areas such as--
 - (1) effective coordination of parent training efforts;
 - (2) dissemination of scientifically based research and information;
 - (3) promotion of the use of technology, including assistive technology devices and assistive technology services;
 - (4) reaching underserved populations, including parents of low-income and limited English proficient children with disabilities;

- devices and tools that are not readily found or available because of the small size of potential markets;
- (E) to make resources available to pay for such devices and tools and educational media services and activities;
- (F) to promote the training of personnel --
 - (i) to provide such devices, tools, services, and activities in a competent manner; and
- (ii) to assist children with disabilities and their families in using such devices, tools, services, and activities; and
- (G) to coordinate the provision of such devices, tools, services, and activities --
 - (i) among State human services programs; and
 - (ii) between such programs and private agencies.
- (b) PURPOSES- The purposes of this chapter are to ensure that --
- (1) children with disabilities, and their parents, receive training and information on their rights and protections under this Act, in order to develop the skills necessary to effectively participate in planning and decisionmaking relating to early intervention, educational, and transitional services and in systemic-change activities;
- (2) parents, teachers, administrators, early intervention personnel, related services personnel, and transition personnel receive coordinated and accessible technical assistance and information to assist such persons, through systemic-change activities and other efforts, to improve early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities and their families;
- (3) appropriate technology and media are researched, developed, demonstrated, and made available in timely and accessible formats to parents, teachers, and all types of personnel providing services to children with disabilities to support their roles as partners in the improvement and implementation of early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities and their families:
- (4) on reaching the age of majority under State law, children with disabilities understand their rights and responsibilities under <u>part B</u>, if the State provides for the transfer of parental rights under <u>section 615(m)</u>; and
- (5) the general welfare of deaf and hard-of-hearing individuals is promoted by
 - (A) bringing to such individuals understanding and appreciation of the films and television programs that play an important part in the general

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- (5) including children with disabilities in general education programs;
- (6) facilitation of transitions from--
 - (A) early intervention services to preschool;
 - (B) preschool to elementary school;
 - (C) elementary school to secondary school; and
- (D) secondary school to postsecondary environments; and
- (7) promotion of alternative methods of dispute resolution, including mediation.
- (c) COLLABORATION WITH THE RESOURCE CENTERS.--Each eligible entity receiving an award under subsection (a) shall develop collaborative agreements with the geographically appropriate regional resource center and, as appropriate, the regional educational laboratory supported under section 174 of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002, to further parent and professional collaboration.

SEC. 674. TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT, DEMONSTRATION, AND UTILIZATION; MEDIA SERVICES; AND INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS. (a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.--

- (1) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary, on a competitive basis, shall award grants to, and enter into contracts and cooperative agreements with, eligible entities to support activities described in subsections (b) and (c).
- (2) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITY.--In this section, the term `eligible entity' has the meaning given the term in section 661(b).
- (b) TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT, DEMONSTRATION, AND USE.--
- (1) IN GENERAL.--In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support activities to promote the development, demonstration, and use of technology.(2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.--The following activities may be carried out under this subsection:
- (A) Conducting research on and promoting the demonstration and use of innovative, emerging, and universally designed technologies for children with disabilities, by improving the transfer of technology from research and development to practice.
- (B) Supporting research, development, and dissemination of technology with universal design features, so that the technology is accessible to the broadest range of individuals with disabilities without further modification or adaptation.

and cultural advancement of hearing individuals;

- (B) providing, through those films and television programs, enriched educational and cultural experiences through which deaf and hard-of-hearing individuals can better understand the realities of their environment; and
- (C) providing wholesome and rewarding experiences that deaf and hardof-hearing individuals may share.

SEC. 682. PARENT TRAINING AND INFORMATION CENTERS.

- (a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED- The Secretary may make grants to, and enter into contracts and cooperative agreements with, parent organizations to support parent training and information centers to carry out activities under this section.
- (b) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES- Each parent training and information center that receives assistance under this section shall --
 - (1) provide training and information that meets the training and information needs of parents of children with disabilities living in the area served by the center, particularly underserved parents and parents of children who may be inappropriately identified;
 - (2) assist parents to understand the availability of, and how to effectively use, procedural safeguards under this Act, including encouraging the use, and explaining the benefits, of alternative methods of dispute resolution, such as the mediation process described in section 615(e);
 - (3) serve the parents of infants, toddlers, and children with the full range of disabilities:
 - (4) assist parents to --
 - (A) better understand the nature of their children's disabilities and their educational and developmental needs;
 - (B) communicate effectively with personnel responsible for providing special education, early intervention, and related services;
 - (C) participate in decisionmaking processes and the development of individualized education programs under <u>part B</u> and individualized family service plans under <u>part C</u>;
 - (D) obtain appropriate information about the range of options, programs, services, and resources available to assist children with disabilities and their families:
 - (E) understand the provisions of this Act for the education of, and the

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- (C) Demonstrating the use of systems to provide parents and teachers with information and training concerning early diagnosis of, intervention for, and effective teaching strategies for, young children with reading disabilities.
- (D) Supporting the use of Internet-based communications for students with cognitive disabilities in order to maximize their academic and functional skills.

(c) EDUCATIONAL MEDIA SERVICES .--

- (1) IN GENERAL.--In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support
 (A) educational media activities that are designed to be of educational value in the classroom setting to children with disabilities;
 - (B) providing video description, open captioning, or closed captioning, that is appropriate for use in the classroom setting, of--
 - (i) television programs;
 - (ii) videos:
 - (iii) other materials, including programs and materials associated with new and emerging technologies, such as CDs, DVDs, video streaming, and other forms of multimedia; or
 - (iv) news (but only until September 30, 2006);
 - (C) distributing materials described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) through such mechanisms as a loan service; and
 - (D) providing free educational materials, including textbooks, in accessible media for visually impaired and print disabled students in elementary schools and secondary schools, postsecondary, and graduate schools.
- (2) LIMITATION.--The video description, open captioning, or closed captioning described in paragraph (1)(B) shall be provided only when the description or captioning has not been previously provided by the producer or distributor, or has not been fully funded by other sources.

(d) APPLICATIONS .--

- (1) IN GENERAL.--Any eligible entity that wishes to receive a grant, or enter into a contract or cooperative agreement, under subsection (b) or (c) shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
- (2) SPECIAL RULE.--For the purpose of an application for an award to carry out activities described in subsection (c)(1)(D), such eligible entity shall--
- (A) be a national, nonprofit entity with a proven track record of meeting the needs of students with print disabilities through services described in subsection (c)(1)(D);

- provision of early intervention services to, children with disabilities; and (F) participate in school reform activities;
- (5) in States where the State elects to contract with the parent training and information center, contract with State educational agencies to provide, consistent with subparagraphs (B) and (D) of section 615(e)(2), individuals who meet with parents to explain the mediation process to them;
- (6) network with appropriate clearinghouses, including organizations conducting national dissemination activities under <u>section 685(d)</u>, and with other national, State, and local organizations and agencies, such as protection and advocacy agencies, that serve parents and families of children with the full range of disabilities; and
- (7) annually report to the Secretary on --
 - (A) the number of parents to whom it provided information and training in the most recently concluded fiscal year; and
- (B) the effectiveness of strategies used to reach and serve parents, including underserved parents of children with disabilities.
- (c) OPTIONAL ACTIVITIES- A parent training and information center that receives assistance under this section may --
- (1) provide information to teachers and other professionals who provide special education and related services to children with disabilities;
- (2) assist students with disabilities to understand their rights and responsibilities under section 615(m) on reaching the age of majority; and
- (3) assist parents of children with disabilities to be informed participants in the development and implementation of the State's State improvement plan under subpart 1.
- (d) APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS- Each application for assistance under this section shall identify with specificity the special efforts that the applicant will undertake --
- (1) to ensure that the needs for training and information of underserved parents of children with disabilities in the area to be served are effectively met: and
- (2) to work with community-based organizations.
- (e) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS-
- (1) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall make at least 1 award to a parent organization in each State, unless the Secretary does not receive an application from such an organization in each State of sufficient quality to warrant approval.

- (B) have the capacity to produce, maintain, and distribute in a timely fashion, up-to-date textbooks in digital audio formats to qualified students; and
- (C) have a demonstrated ability to significantly leverage Federal funds through other public and private contributions, as well as through the expansive use of volunteers.
- (e) NATIONAL INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS ACCESS CENTER .--
- (1) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary shall establish and support, through the American Printing House for the Blind, a center to be known as the `National Instructional Materials Access Center' not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004.
- (2) DUTIES.--The duties of the National Instructional Materials Access Center are the following:
 - (A) To receive and maintain a catalog of print instructional materials prepared in the National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard, as established by the Secretary, made available to such center by the textbook publishing industry, State educational agencies, and local educational agencies.
 - (B) To provide access to print instructional materials, including textbooks, in accessible media, free of charge, to blind or other persons with print disabilities in elementary schools and secondary schools, in accordance with such terms and procedures as the National Instructional Materials Access Center may prescribe.
- (C) To develop, adopt and publish procedures to protect against copyright infringement, with respect to the print instructional materials provided under sections 612(a)(23) and 613(a)(6).
- (3) DEFINITIONS.--In this subsection:
- (A) BLIND OR OTHER PERSONS WITH PRINT DISABILITIES.--The term `blind or other persons with print disabilities' means children served under this Act and who may qualify in accordance with the Act entitled `An Act to provide books for the adult blind', approved March 3, 1931 (2 U.S.C. 135a; 46 Stat. 1487) to receive books and other publications produced in specialized formats.
- (B) NATIONAL INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS ACCESSIBILITY STANDARD.--The term `National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard' means the standard established by the Secretary to be used in the preparation of electronic files suitable and used solely for efficient

conversion into specialized formats.

(2) SELECTION REQUIREMENT- The Secretary shall select among applications submitted by parent organizations in a State in a manner that ensures the most effective assistance to parents, including parents in urban and rural areas, in the State.

(C) PRINT INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS.--The term `print instructional materials' means printed textbooks and related printed core materials that are written and published primarily for use in elementary school and secondary school instruction and are required by a State educational agency or local educational agency for use by students in the classroom.

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(f) QUARTERLY REVIEW-

(D) SPECIALIZED FORMATS.--The term 'specialized formats' has the meaning given the term in section 121(d)(3) of title 17. United States Code.

(1) REQUIREMENTS-

- (4) APPLICABILITY.--This subsection shall apply to print instructional materials published after the date on which the final rule establishing the National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard was published in the Federal Register.
- (A) MEETINGS- The board of directors or special governing committee of each organization that receives an award under this section shall meet at least once in each calendar quarter to review the activities for which the award was made.
- (5) LIABILITY OF THE SECRETARY .-- Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to establish a private right of action against the Secretary for failure to provide instructional materials directly, or for failure by the National Instructional Materials Access Center to perform the duties of such center, or to otherwise authorize a private right of action related to the performance by such center, including through the application of the rights of children and parents established under this Act.
- (B) ADVISING BOARD- Each special governing committee shall directly advise the organization's governing board of its views and recommendations.

- (6) INAPPLICABILITY.--Subsections (a) through (d) shall not apply to this subsection.
- (2) CONTINUATION AWARD- When an organization requests a continuation award under this section, the board of directors or special governing committee shall submit to the Secretary a written review of the parent training and information program conducted by the organization during the preceding fiscal year.

SEC. 675. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(g) DEFINITION OF PARENT ORGANIZATION- As used in this section, the term 'parent organization' means a private nonprofit organization (other than an institution of higher education) that --

> There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subpart such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2005 through 2010.

(1) has a board of directors --

(B) that includes --

Subpart 4--General Provisions

(A) the majority of whom are parents of children with disabilities;

SEC. 681. COMPREHENSIVE PLAN FOR SUBPARTS 2 AND 3.

(i) individuals working in the fields of special education, related services, and early intervention; and

(a) COMPREHENSIVE PLAN .--

(ii) individuals with disabilities; and

(1) IN GENERAL.--After receiving input from interested individuals with relevant expertise, the Secretary shall develop and implement a comprehensive plan for activities carried out under subparts 2 and 3 in order to enhance the provision of early intervention services, educational services. related services, and transitional services to children with disabilities under parts B and C. To the extent practicable, the plan shall be coordinated with the plan developed pursuant to section 178(c) of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 and shall include mechanisms to address early intervention, educational, related service and transitional needs identified by

- (C) the parent and professional members of which are broadly representative of the population to be served; or
- (2) has --
 - (A) a membership that represents the interests of individuals with disabilities and has established a special governing committee that meets the requirements of paragraph (1); and
- (B) a memorandum of understanding between the special governing committee and the board of directors of the organization that clearly outlines the relationship between the board and the committee and the decisionmaking responsibilities and authority of each.

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SEC. 683. COMMUNITY PARENT RESOURCE CENTERS.

- (a) IN GENERAL- The Secretary may make grants to, and enter into contracts and cooperative agreements with, local parent organizations to support parent training and information centers that will help ensure that underserved parents of children with disabilities, including low-income parents, parents of children with limited English proficiency, and parents with disabilities, have the training and information they need to enable them to participate effectively in helping their children with disabilities --
 - (1) to meet developmental goals and, to the maximum extent possible, those challenging standards that have been established for all children; and(2) to be prepared to lead productive independent adult lives, to the maximum extent possible.
- (b) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES- Each parent training and information center assisted under this section shall --
- (1) provide training and information that meets the training and information needs of parents of children with disabilities proposed to be served by the grant, contract, or cooperative agreement;
- (2) carry out the activities required of parent training and information centers under paragraphs (2) through (7) of section 682(b);
- (3) establish cooperative partnerships with the parent training and information centers funded under section 682; and
- (4) be designed to meet the specific needs of families who experience significant isolation from available sources of information and support.
- (c) DEFINITION- As used is this section, the term 'local parent organization' means a parent organization, as defined in section 682(g), that either --
- (1) has a board of directors the majority of whom are from the community to be served; or
- (2) has --
 - (A) as a part of its mission, serving the interests of individuals with disabilities from such community; and
 - (B) a special governing committee to administer the grant, contract, or cooperative agreement, a majority of the members of which are individuals from such community.

SEC. 684. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR PARENT TRAINING AND INFORMATION CENTERS.

State educational agencies in applications submitted for State personnel development grants under subpart 1 and for grants under subparts 2 and 3. (2) PUBLIC COMMENT.--The Secretary shall provide a public comment period of not less than 45 days on the plan.

- (3) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.--In implementing the plan, the Secretary shall, to the extent appropriate, ensure that funds awarded under subparts 2 and 3 are used to carry out activities that benefit, directly or indirectly, children with the full range of disabilities and of all ages.
- (4) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.--The Secretary shall annually report to Congress on the Secretary's activities under subparts 2 and 3, including an initial report not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004.
- (b) ASSISTANCE AUTHORIZED.--The Secretary is authorized to award grants to, or enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with, eligible entities to enable the eligible entities to carry out the purposes of such subparts in accordance with the comprehensive plan described in subsection (a).

(c) SPECIAL POPULATIONS .--

- (1) APPLICATION REQUIREMENT.--In making an award of a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under subpart 2 or 3, the Secretary shall, as appropriate, require an eligible entity to demonstrate how the eligible entity will address the needs of children with disabilities from minority backgrounds.
- (2) REQUIRED OUTREACH AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.--Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the Secretary shall reserve not less than 2 percent of the total amount of funds appropriated to carry out subparts 2 and 3 for either or both of the following activities:
 - (A) Providing outreach and technical assistance to historically Black colleges and universities, and to institutions of higher education with minority enrollments of not less than 25 percent, to promote the participation of such colleges, universities, and institutions in activities under this subpart.
 - (B) Enabling historically Black colleges and universities, and the institutions described in subparagraph (A), to assist other colleges, universities, institutions, and agencies in improving educational and transitional results for children with disabilities, if the historically Black colleges and universities and the institutions of higher education described in subparagraph (A) meet the criteria established by the Secretary under this

- (a) IN GENERAL- The Secretary may, directly or through awards to eligible entities, provide technical assistance for developing, assisting, and coordinating parent training and information programs carried out by parent training and information centers receiving assistance under sections 682 and 683.
- (b) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- The Secretary may provide technical assistance to a parent training and information center under this section in areas such as --
 - (1) effective coordination of parent training efforts;
 - (2) dissemination of information;
 - (3) evaluation by the center of itself;
 - (4) promotion of the use of technology, including assistive technology devices and assistive technology services;
 - (5) reaching underserved populations;
 - (6) including children with disabilities in general education programs;
 - (7) facilitation of transitions from --
 - (A) early intervention services to preschool;
 - (B) preschool to school; and
 - (C) secondary school to postsecondary environments; and
 - (8) promotion of alternative methods of dispute resolution.

SEC. 685. COORDINATED TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND DISSEMINATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall, by competitively making grants or entering into contracts and cooperative agreements with eligible entities, provide technical assistance and information, through such mechanisms as institutes, Regional Resource Centers, clearinghouses, and programs that support States and local entities in building capacity, to improve early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities and their families, and address systemic-change goals and priorities.
- (b) SYSTEMIC TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES-
- (1) IN GENERAL- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall carry out or support technical assistance activities, consistent with the objectives described in <u>subsection (a)</u>, relating to systemic change.
- (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- Activities that may be carried out under this

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subpart.

- (d) PRIORITIES.--The Secretary, in making an award of a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under subpart 2 or 3, may, without regard to the rulemaking procedures under section 553 of title 5, United States Code, limit competitions to, or otherwise give priority to--
 - (1) projects that address 1 or more--
 - (A) age ranges;
 - (B) disabilities;
 - (C) school grades;
 - (D) types of educational placements or early intervention environments;
 - (E) types of services;
 - (F) content areas, such as reading; or
 - (G) effective strategies for helping children with disabilities learn appropriate behavior in the school and other community based educational settings;
 - (2) projects that address the needs of children based on the severity or incidence of their disability;
 - (3) projects that address the needs of--
 - (A) low achieving students:
 - (B) underserved populations;
 - (C) children from low income families;
 - (D) limited English proficient children;
 - (E) unserved and underserved areas;
 - (F) rural or urban areas:
 - (G) children whose behavior interferes with their learning and socialization;
 - (H) children with reading difficulties;
 - (I) children in public charter schools;
 - (J) children who are gifted and talented; or
 - (K) children with disabilities served by local educational agencies that receive payments under title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965:
 - (4) projects to reduce inappropriate identification of children as children with disabilities, particularly among minority children;
 - (5) projects that are carried out in particular areas of the country, to ensure broad geographic coverage;
 - (6) projects that promote the development and use of technologies with universal design, assistive technology devices, and assistive technology services to maximize children with disabilities' access to and participation in

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subsection include activities such as the following:

- (A) Assisting States, local educational agencies, and other participants in partnerships established under <u>subpart 1</u> with the process of planning systemic changes that will promote improved early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities.
- (B) Promoting change through a multistate or regional framework that benefits States, local educational agencies, and other participants in partnerships that are in the process of achieving systemic-change outcomes.
- (C) Increasing the depth and utility of information in ongoing and emerging areas of priority need identified by States, local educational agencies, and other participants in partnerships that are in the process of achieving systemic-change outcomes.
- (D) Promoting communication and information exchange among States, local educational agencies, and other participants in partnerships, based on the needs and concerns identified by the participants in the partnerships, rather than on externally imposed criteria or topics, regarding
 - (i) the practices, procedures, and policies of the States, local educational agencies, and other participants in partnerships; and
 - (ii) accountability of the States, local educational agencies, and other participants in partnerships for improved early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities.
- (c) SPECIALIZED TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES-
- (1) IN GENERAL- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall carry out or support activities, consistent with the objectives described in <u>subsection (a)</u>, relating to areas of priority or specific populations.
- (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- Examples of activities that may be carried out under this subsection include activities that --
 - (A) focus on specific areas of high-priority need that --
 - (i) are identified by States, local educational agencies, and other participants in partnerships;
 - (ii) require the development of new knowledge, or the analysis and synthesis of substantial bodies of information not readily available to the States, agencies, and other participants in partnerships; and
 - (iii) will contribute significantly to the improvement of early intervention, educational, and transitional services and results for children with disabilities and their families:

the general education curriculum; and

- (7) any activity that is authorized in subpart 2 or 3.
- (e) ELIGIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.--No State or local educational agency, or other public institution or agency, may receive a grant or enter into a contract or cooperative agreement under subpart 2 or 3 that relates exclusively to programs, projects, and activities pertaining to children aged 3 through 5, inclusive, unless the State is eligible to receive a grant under section 619(b).

SEC. 682. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

- (a) APPLICANT AND RECIPIENT RESPONSIBILITIES .--
- (1) DEVELOPMENT AND ASSESSMENT OF PROJECTS.--The Secretary shall require that an applicant for, and a recipient of, a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement for a project under subpart 2 or 3--
 - (A) involve individuals with disabilities or parents of individuals with disabilities ages birth through 26 in planning, implementing, and evaluating the project; and
 - (B) where appropriate, determine whether the project has any potential for replication and adoption by other entities.
- (2) ADDITIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES.--The Secretary may require a recipient of a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under subpart 2 or 3 to--
 - (A) share in the cost of the project;
 - (B) prepare any findings and products from the project in formats that are useful for specific audiences, including parents, administrators, teachers, early intervention personnel, related services personnel, and individuals with disabilities:
 - (C) disseminate such findings and products; and
 - (D) collaborate with other such recipients in carrying out subparagraphs (B) and (C).
- (b) APPLICATION MANAGEMENT .--
 - (1) STANDING PANEL .--
 - (A) IN GENERAL.--The Secretary shall establish and use a standing panel of experts who are qualified, by virtue of their training, expertise, or experience, to evaluate each application under subpart 2 or 3 that requests more than \$75,000 per year in Federal financial assistance.

- (B) focus on needs and issues that are specific to a population of children with disabilities, such as the provision of single-State and multi-State technical assistance and in-service training --
- (i) to schools and agencies serving deaf-blind children and their families; and
- (ii) to programs and agencies serving other groups of children with low-incidence disabilities and their families; or
- (C) address the postsecondary education needs of individuals who are deaf or hard-of-hearing.
- (d) NATIONAL INFORMATION DISSEMINATION; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES-
- (1) IN GENERAL- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall carry out or support information dissemination activities that are consistent with the objectives described in <u>subsection (a)</u>, including activities that address national needs for the preparation and dissemination of information relating to eliminating barriers to systemic-change and improving early intervention, educational, and transitional results for children with disabilities.
- (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- Examples of activities that may be carried out under this subsection include activities relating to --
 - (A) infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families, and children with disabilities and their families:
 - (B) services for populations of children with low-incidence disabilities, including deaf-blind children, and targeted age groupings;
 - (C) the provision of postsecondary services to individuals with disabilities;
 - (D) the need for and use of personnel to provide services to children with disabilities, and personnel recruitment, retention, and preparation:
 - (E) issues that are of critical interest to State educational agencies and local educational agencies, other agency personnel, parents of children with disabilities, and individuals with disabilities;
 - (F) educational reform and systemic change within States; and
 - (G) promoting schools that are safe and conducive to learning.
 - (3) LINKING STATES TO INFORMATION SOURCES- In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary may support projects that link States to technical assistance resources, including special education and general education resources, and may make research and related products available through libraries, electronic networks, parent training projects, and other information sources.
- (e) APPLICATIONS- An eligible entity that wishes to receive a grant, or enter

- (B) MEMBERSHIP.--The standing panel shall include, at a minimum--
 - (i) individuals who are representatives of institutions of higher education that plan, develop, and carry out high quality programs of personnel preparation;
 - (ii) individuals who design and carry out scientifically based research targeted to the improvement of special education programs and services;
- (iii) individuals who have recognized experience and knowledge necessary to integrate and apply scientifically based research findings to improve educational and transitional results for children with disabilities;
- (iv) individuals who administer programs at the State or local level in which children with disabilities participate;
- (v) individuals who prepare parents of children with disabilities to participate in making decisions about the education of their children;
- (vi) individuals who establish policies that affect the delivery of services to children with disabilities:
- (vii) individuals who are parents of children with disabilities ages birth through 26 who are benefiting, or have benefited, from coordinated research, personnel preparation, and technical assistance; and (viii) individuals with disabilities.
- (C) TERM.--No individual shall serve on the standing panel for more than 3 consecutive years.
- (2) PEER-REVIEW PANELS FOR PARTICULAR COMPETITIONS.--
- (A) COMPOSITION.--The Secretary shall ensure that each subpanel selected from the standing panel that reviews an application under subpart 2 or 3 includes--
 - (i) individuals with knowledge and expertise on the issues addressed by the activities described in the application; and
 - (ii) to the extent practicable, parents of children with disabilities ages birth through 26, individuals with disabilities, and persons from diverse backgrounds.
- (B) FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT LIMITATION.--A majority of the individuals on each subpanel that reviews an application under subpart 2 or 3 shall be individuals who are not employees of the Federal Government.
- (3) USE OF DISCRETIONARY FUNDS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES.--
 - (A) EXPENSES AND FEES OF NON-FEDERAL PANEL MEMBERS.--The Secretary may use funds available under subpart 2 or 3 to pay the expenses and fees of the panel members who are not officers or employees of the Federal Government.

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into a contract or cooperative agreement, under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require. SEC. 686. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out sections 681 through 685 such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1998 through 2002. SEC. 687. TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT, DEMONSTRATION, AND UTILIZATION; AND MEDIA SERVICES. (a) IN GENERAL- The Secretary shall competitively make grants to, and enter into contracts and cooperative agreements with, eligible entities to support activities described in subsections (b) and (c). (b) TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT, DEMONSTRATION, AND UTILIZATION; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- (1) IN GENERAL- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support activities to promote the development, demonstration, and utilization of technology. (2) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- Activities that may be carried out under this subsection include activities such as the following: (A) Conducting research and development activities on the use of innovative and emerging technologies for children with disabilities. (B) Promoting the demonstration and use of innovative and emerging technologies for children with disabilities by improving and expanding the transfer of technology from research and development to practice. (C) Providing technical assistance to recipients of other assistance under this section, concerning the development of accessible, effective, and usable products. (D) Communicating information on available technology and the uses of such technology to assist children with disabilities. (E) Supporting the implementation of research programs on captioning or video description. (F) Supporting research, development, and dissemination of technology with universal-design features, so that the technology is accessible to individuals with disabilities without further modification or adaptation.	H.R. 1350 as Passed by Congress (B) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORTThe Secretary may use not more than 1 percent of the funds appropriated to carry out subpart 2 or 3 to pay non-Federal entities for administrative support related to management of applications submitted under subpart 2 or 3, respectively. (c) PROGRAM EVALUATIONThe Secretary may use funds made available to carry out subpart 2 or 3 to evaluate activities carried out under subpart 2 or 3, respectively. (d) MINIMUM FUNDING REQUIRED (1) IN GENERALSubject to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall ensure that, for each fiscal year, not less than the following amounts are provided under subparts 2 and 3 to address the following needs: (A) \$12,832,000 to address the educational, related services, transitional, and early intervention needs of children with deaf-blindness. (B) \$4,000,000 to address the postsecondary, vocational, technical, continuing, and adult education needs of individuals with deafness. (C) \$4,000,000 to address the educational, related services, and transitional needs of children with an emotional disturbance and those who are at risk of developing an emotional disturbance. (2) RATABLE REDUCTIONIf the sum of the amount appropriated to carry out subparts 2 and 3, and part E of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 for any fiscal year is less than \$130,000,000, the amounts listed in paragraph (1) shall be ratably reduced for the fiscal year."

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to provide parents and teachers with information and training concerning early diagnosis of, intervention for, and effective teaching strategies for, young children with reading disabilities.	
 (c) EDUCATIONAL MEDIA SERVICES; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES- In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall support (1) educational media activities that are designed to be of educational value to children with disabilities; (2) providing video description, open captioning, or closed captioning of television programs, videos, or educational materials through September 30, 2001; and after fiscal year 2001, providing video description, open captioning, or closed captioning of educational, news, and informational television, videos, or materials; (3) distributing captioned and described videos or educational materials through such mechanisms as a loan service; (4) providing free educational materials, including textbooks, in accessible media for visually impaired and print-disabled students in elementary, secondary, postsecondary, and graduate schools; (5) providing cultural experiences through appropriate nonprofit organizations, such as the National Theater of the Deaf, that (A) enrich the lives of deaf and hard-of-hearing children and adults; (B) increase public awareness and understanding of deafness and of the artistic and intellectual achievements of deaf and hard-of-hearing persons; or (C) promote the integration of hearing, deaf, and hard-of-hearing persons 	
through shared cultural, educational, and social experiences; and (6) compiling and analyzing appropriate data relating to the activities described in paragraphs (1) through (5).	
(d) APPLICATIONS- Any eligible entity that wishes to receive a grant, or enter into a contract or cooperative agreement, under this section shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.	
(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS- There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 1998 through 2002.	TITLE IINATIONAL CENTER FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION RESEARCH SEC. 201. NATIONAL CENTER FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION RESEARCH.

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	(a) AMENDMENTThe Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (20 U.S.C. 9501 et seq.) is amended (1) by redesignating part E as part F; and (2) by inserting after part D the following:
	PART ENATIONAL CENTER FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION RESEARCH SEC. 175. ESTABLISHMENT. (a) ESTABLISHMENTThere is established in the Institute a National Center for Special Education Research (in this part referred to as the `Special Education Research Center').
	 (b) MISSIONThe mission of the Special Education Research Center is (1) to sponsor research to expand knowledge and understanding of the needs of infants, toddlers, and children with disabilities in order to improve the developmental, educational, and transitional results of such individuals; (2) to sponsor research to improve services provided under, and support the implementation of, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.); and (3) to evaluate the implementation and effectiveness of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act in coordination with the National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance.
	(c) Applicability of Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002Parts A and F, and the standards for peer review of applications and for the conduct and evaluation of research under sections 133(a) and 134, respectively, shall apply to the Secretary, the Director, and the Commissioner in carrying out this part.
	SEC. 176. COMMISSIONER FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION RESEARCH. The Special Education Research Center shall be headed by a Commissioner for Special Education Research (in this part referred to as the `Special Education Research Commissioner') who shall have substantial knowledge of the Special Education Research Center's activities, including a high level of expertise in the fields of research, research management, and the education of children with disabilities.
	SEC. 177. DUTIES. (a) GENERAL DUTIESThe Special Education Research Center shall carry out research activities under this part consistent with the mission described in section 175(b), such as activities that

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	(1) improve services provided under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act in order to improve (A) academic achievement, functional outcomes, and educational results for children with disabilities; and (B) developmental outcomes for infants or toddlers with disabilities; (2) identify scientifically based educational practices that support learning and improve academic achievement, functional outcomes, and educational results for all students with disabilities; (3) examine the special needs of preschool aged children, infants, and toddlers with disabilities, including factors that may result in developmental delays; (4) identify scientifically based related services and interventions that promote participation and progress in the general education curriculum and general education settings; (5) improve the alignment, compatibility, and development of valid and reliable assessments, including alternate assessments, as required by section 1111(b) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311(b)); (6) examine State content standards and alternate assessments for students with significant cognitive impairment in terms of academic achievement, individualized instructional need, appropriate education settings, and improved post-school results; (7) examine the educational, developmental, and transitional needs of children with high incidence and low incidence disabilities; (8) examine the extent to which overidentification and underidentification of children with disabilities occurs, and the causes thereof; (9) improve reading and literacy skills of children with disabilities; (10) examine methods of early intervention for children with disabilities; (11) examine methods of early intervention for children with disabilities; (12) examine and improve secondary and postsecondary education and transitional outcomes and results for children with disabilities; (13) improve the preparation of personnel, including early intervention personnel, who provide educational and instructional methods

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	expenses associated with high cost special education and related services; (15) help parents improve educational results for their children, particularly related to transition issues; (16) address the unique needs of children with significant cognitive disabilities; and (17) examine the special needs of limited English proficient children with disabilities.
	 (b) STANDARDSThe Special Education Research Commissioner shall ensure that activities assisted under this section (1) conform to high standards of quality, integrity, accuracy, validity, and reliability; (2) are carried out in accordance with the standards for the conduct and evaluation of all research and development established by the National Center for Education Research; and (3) are objective, secular, neutral, and nonideological, and are free of partisan political influence, and racial, cultural, gender, regional, or disability bias.
	 (c) PLANThe Special Education Research Commissioner shall propose to the Director a research plan, developed in collaboration with the Assistant Secretary for Special Education and Rehabilitative Services, that (1) is consistent with the priorities and mission of the Institute and the mission of the Special Education Research Center; (2) is carried out, updated, and modified, as appropriate; (3) is consistent with the purposes of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act; (4) contains an appropriate balance across all age ranges and types of children with disabilities; (5) provides for research that is objective and uses measurable indicators to assess its progress and results; and (6) is coordinated with the comprehensive plan developed under section 681 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.
	 (d) GRANTS, CONTRACTS, AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS (1) IN GENERALIn carrying out the duties under this section, the Director may award grants to, or enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with, eligible applicants. (2) ELIGIBLE APPLICANTSActivities carried out under this subsection

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	through contracts, grants, or cooperative agreements shall be carried out only by recipients with the ability and capacity to conduct scientifically valid research. (3) APPLICATIONSAn eligible applicant that wishes to receive a grant, or enter into a contract or cooperative agreement, under this section shall submit an application to the Director at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may require.
	(e) DISSEMINATIONThe Special Education Research Center shall (1) synthesize and disseminate, through the National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance, the findings and results of special education research conducted or supported by the Special Education Research Center; and (2) assist the Director in the preparation of a biennial report, as described in section 119.
	(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONSThere are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this part such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2005 through 2010.".
	 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS- (1) AMENDMENTS TO THE TABLE OF CONTENTS- The table of contents in section 1 of the Act entitled `An Act to provide for improvement of Federal education research, statistics, evaluation, information, and dissemination, and for other purposes', approved November 5, 2002 (116 Stat. 1940; Public Law 107-279), is amended (A) by redesignating the item relating to part E as the item relating to part F; and (B) by inserting after the item relating to section 174 the following:
	Part ENational Center for Special Education Research
	Sec. 175. Establishment. Sec. 176. Commissioner for Special Education Research. Sec. 177. Duties. (2) EDUCATION SCIENCES REFORM ACT OF 2002- The Education

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	Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (20 U.S.C. 9501 et seq.) is amended (A) in section 111(b)(1)(A) (20 U.S.C. 9511(b)(1)(A)), by inserting `and special education' after `early childhood education'; (B) in section 111(c)(3) (20 U.S.C. 9511(c)(3)) (i) in subparagraph (B), by striking 'and' after the semicolon; (ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period and inserting `; and'; and (iii) by adding at the end the following: `(D) the National Center for Special Education Research (as described in part E).'; (C) in section 115(a) (20 U.S.C. 9515(a)), by striking `including those' and all that follows through `such as' and inserting `including those associated with the goals and requirements of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.), the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.), and the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.), such as'; and (D) in section 116(c)(4)(A)(ii) (20 U.S.C. 9516(c)(4)(A)(ii), by inserting `special education experts,' after `early childhood experts,' (3) ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT OF 1965- Section 1117(a)(3) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6317(a)(3)) is amended by striking `part E' and inserting `part D'. SEC. 202. NATIONAL BOARD FOR EDUCATION SCIENCES. Section 116(c)(9) of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (20 U.S.C. 9516(c)(9)) is amended by striking the third sentence and inserting the following: `Meetings of the Board are subject to section 552b of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Government in the Sunshine Act).' SEC. 203. REGIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEES. Section 206(d)(3) of the Educational Technical Assistance Act of 2002 (20 U.S.C. 9605(d)(3)) is amended by striking `Academy' and inserting `Institute'. TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS SEC. 301. AMENDMENT TO CHILDREN'S HEALTH ACT OF 2000.

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	Section 1004 of the Children's Health Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 285g note) is amended (1) in subsection (b), by striking `Agency' and inserting `Agency, and the Department of Education'; and (2) in subsection (c) (A) in paragraph (2), by striking `and' after the semicolon; (B) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at the end and inserting `; and'; and (C) by adding at the end the following: `(4) be conducted in compliance with section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g), including the requirement of prior parental consent for the disclosure of any education records, except without the use of authority or exceptions granted to authorized representatives of the Secretary of Education for the evaluation of Federally-supported education programs or in connection with the enforcement of the Federal legal requirements that relate to such programs.'.
	SEC. 302. EFFECTIVE DATES.
	 (a) Parts A, B, and C, and subpart 1 of part D- (1) IN GENERAL- Except as provided in paragraph (2), parts A, B, and C, and subpart 1 of part D, of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as amended by title I, shall take effect on July 1, 2005. (2) HIGHLY QUALIFIED DEFINITION- Subparagraph (A), and subparagraphs (C) through (F), of section 602(10) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as amended by title I, shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act for purposes of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. (b) SUBPARTS 2, 3, AND 4 OF PART D- Subparts 2, 3, and 4 of part D of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as amended by title I, shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act. (c) Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002- (1) NATIONAL CENTER FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION RESEARCH-Sections 175, 176, and 177 (other than section 177(c)) of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002, as enacted by section 201(a)(2) of this Act, shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act. (2) PLAN- Section 177(c) of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002, as

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	enacted by section 201(a)(2) of this Act, shall take effect on October 1, 2005.
	SEC. 303. TRANSITION.
	 (a) ORDERLY TRANSITION- (1) IN GENERAL- The Secretary of Education (in this section referred to as 'the Secretary') shall take such steps as are necessary to provide for the orderly transition from the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as such Act was in effect on the day preceding the date of enactment of this Act, to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and part E of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002, as amended by this Act. (2) LIMITATION- The Secretary's authority in paragraph (1) shall terminate 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act. (b) MULTI-YEAR AWARDS- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may use funds appropriated under part D of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act to make continuation awards for projects that were funded under section 618, and part D, of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (as such section and part were in effect on September 30, 2004), in accordance with the terms of the original awards. (c) RESEARCH- Notwithstanding section 302(b) or any other provision of law, the Secretary may award funds that are appropriated under the Department of Education Appropriations Act, 2005 for special education research under either of the headings `SPECIAL EDUCATION' or `INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES' in accordance with sections 672 and 674 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as such sections were in effect on October 1, 2004.
	SEC. 304. REPEALER.
	Section 644 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as such section was in effect on the day before the enactment of this Act, is repealed.
	SEC. 305. IDEA TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO OTHER LAWS.
	 (a) Title 10- Section 2164(f) of title 10, United States Code is amended-(1) in paragraph (1)(B) (A) by striking `infants and toddlers' each place the term appears and inserting `infants or toddlers'; (B) by striking `part H' and inserting `part C'; and

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	(C) by striking `1471' and inserting `1431'; and (2) in paragraph (3) (A) in subparagraph (A) (i) by striking `602(a)(1)' and inserting `602'; and (ii) by striking `1401(a)(1)' and inserting `1401'; (B) by striking subparagraph (B); (C) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (B); and (D) in subparagraph (B) (as so redesignated) (i) by striking `and toddlers' and inserting `or toddlers'; (ii) by striking `672(1)' and inserting `632'; and (iii) by striking `1472(1)' and inserting `1432'. (b) Defense Dependents Education Act of 1978- Section 1409(c)(2) of the Defense Dependents Education Act of 1978- Section 1409(c)(2) is amended (1) by striking `677' and inserting `636'; and (2) by striking `677' and inserting `part C'. (c) Higher Education Act of 1965- The Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) is amended (1) in section 465(a)(2)(C) (20 U.S.C. 1087ee(a)(2)(C), by striking `Individuals With' and; (2) in section 469(c) (20 U.S.C. 1087i(c)), by striking `602(a)(1) and 672(1)' and inserting `602 and 632'. (d) EDUCATION OF THE DEAF ACT- The matter preceding subparagraph (A) of section 104(b)(2) of the Education of the Deaf Act (20 U.S.C. 4304(b)(2)) is amended by striking `618(a)(1)(A)' and inserting `618(a)(1)'. (e) Goals 2000: Educate America Act- Section 3(a)(9) of the Goals 2000: Educate America Act (20 U.S.C. 5802(a)(9)) is amended by striking `602(a)(17)' and inserting `602'; (f) School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994- Section 4(15) of the School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 6103(15)) is amended (1) by striking `1401(17)' and inserting `602'; and (2) by striking `1401(17)' and inserting `602'; and (3) in section 5208 (20 U.S.C. 7221g), by striking `602(11)' and inserting `602'; and (3) in section 5563(b)(8)(C) (20 U.S.C. 7273b(b)(8)(C)), by striking `682' and

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	inserting `671'. (h) Rehabilitation Act of 1973- The Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 701 et seq.) is amended (1) in section 101(a)(11)(D)(ii) (29 U.S.C. 721(a)(11)(D)(ii)), by striking `(as added by section 101 of Public Law 105-17)'; (2) in section 105(b)(1)(A)(ii) (29 U.S.C. 725(b)(1)(A)(ii)), by striking `682(a) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (as added by section 101 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (as added by section 101 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997; Public Law 105-17)' and inserting `671 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act'; (3) in section 105(c)(6) (29 U.S.C. 725(c)(6)) (A) by striking `fa12(a)(21)' and inserting `fa12(a)(20)'; (B) by striking `ladividual with' and inserting `fa12(a)(20)'; (B) by striking `ladividual with' and inserting `fa12(a)(20)'; (A) in section 302(f)(1)(D)(ii) (29 U.S.C. 772 (f)(1)(D)(ii)), by striking `(as amended by section 101 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997; Public Law 105-17)'; (5) in section 303(c)(6) (29 U.S.C. 773(c)(6)) (A) by striking `682(a)' and inserting `671'; and (B) by striking `682(a)' and inserting `671'; and (B) by striking `(as added by section 101 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997; Public Law 105-17)'; and (6) in section 303(c)(4)(A)(ii) (29 U.S.C. 773(c)(4)(A)(ii)), by striking `682(a) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (as added by section 101 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act amendments of 1997; Public Law 105-17)'; and inserting `671 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (as added by section 101 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. (i) PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT- The Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) is amended- (1) in section 399A(b) (42 U.S.C. 280c-6(n)(3)), by striking `part H' and inserting `part C'; (2) in section 562(d)(3)(B) (42 U.S.C. 290ff-2(d)

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	(j) SOCIAL SECURITY ACT- The Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) is amended (1) in section 1903(c) (42 U.S.C. 1396b(c)), by striking `part H' and inserting 'part C'; and (2) in section 1915(c)(5)(C)(i) (42 U.S.C. 1396n(c)(5)(C)(i)), by striking `(as defined in section 602(16) and (17) of the Education of the Handicapped Act (20 U.S.C. 1401(16), (17))' and inserting `(as such terms are defined in section 602 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1401))'. (k) Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973- Section 211(a) of the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 5011(a)) is amended (1) by striking `part H' and inserting `part C'; and (2) by striking `1471' and inserting `1431'. (l) HEAD START ACT- The Head Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9831 et seq.) is amended (1) in section 640(a)(5)(C)(iv) (42 U.S.C. 9835(a)(5)(C)(iv)), by striking `1445' and inserting `1444'; (2) in section 640(d) (42 U.S.C. 9835(d)) (A) by striking `1445' and inserting `1444'; (3) in section 641(d)(3) (42 U.S.C. 9836(d)(3)), by striking `U.S.C 1431-1445' and inserting `U.S.C. 1431-1444'; and (4) in section 642(c) (42 U.S.C. 9837(c)), by striking `1445' and inserting `1444'. (m) National and Community Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12511(21)(B)) of the National and Community Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12511(21)(B)) is amended (1) by striking `602(a)(1)' and inserting `602'; and (2) by striking `1401(a)(1)' and inserting `1401'. (n) Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000- The Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000- The Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 15001 et seq.) is amended (1) in section 154(a)(3)(E)(ii)(VI) (42 U.S.C. 15064(a)(3)(E)(ii)(VI)) (A) by striking `682 or 683' and inserting `671 or 672'; and (B) by striking `680 or 683' and inserting `671 or 672'; and (B) by striking `680 or 685' and inserting `671 or 672'; and (B) by striking `680 or 685' and inserting `671

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	 (1) in section 2002(32) (A) by striking `602(a)(1)' and inserting `602'; and (B) by striking `1401(a)(1)' and inserting `1401'; (2) in section 2202(19), by striking `Individuals With' and inserting `Individuals with'; and (3) in section 2210 (A) in the heading for subsection (c), by striking `WITH DISABILITIES' and inserting `WITH DISABILITIES'; and (B) in subsection (c), by striking `Individuals With' and inserting `Individuals with'.
	SEC. 306. COPYRIGHT.
	Section 121 of title 17, United States Code, is amended-(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following: `(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 106, it is not an infringement of copyright for a publisher of print instructional materials for use in elementary or secondary schools to create and distribute to the National Instructional Materials Access Center copies of the electronic files described in sections 612(a)(23)(C), 613(a)(6), and section 674(e) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act that contain the contents of print instructional materials using the National Instructional Material Accessibility Standard (as defined in section 674(e)(3) of that Act), if (1) the inclusion of the contents of such print instructional materials is required by any State educational agency or local educational agency; (2) the publisher had the right to publish such print instructional materials in print formats; and (3) such copies are used solely for reproduction or distribution of the contents of such print instructional materials in specialized formats.'; and (3) in subsection (d), as redesignated by this section (A) in paragraph (2), by striking `and' after the semicolon; and (B) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following: (3) `print instructional materials' has the meaning given under section 674(e)(3)(C) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act; and (4) `specialized formats' means (A) braille, audio, or digital text which is exclusively for use by blind or other persons with disabilities; and

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	(B) with respect to print instructional materials, includes large print formats when such materials are distributed exclusively for use by blind or other persons with disabilities.'.
	Speaker of the House of Representatives.
	Vice President of the United States and
	President of the Senate.
	END

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS-

- (1) AMENDMENTS TO THE TABLE OF CONTENTS- The table of contents in section 1 of the Act entitled `An Act to provide for improvement of Federal education research, statistics, evaluation, information, and dissemination, and for other purposes', approved November 5, 2002 (116 Stat. 1940; Public Law 107-279), is amended-
 - (A) by redesignating the item relating to part E as the item relating to part F; and
 - (B) by inserting after the item relating to section 174 the following:

`Part E--National Center for Special Education Research

Sec. 175. Establishment.

Sec. 176. Commissioner for Special Education Research.

`Sec. 177. Duties.'.

- (2) EDUCATION SCIENCES REFORM ACT OF 2002- The Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (20 U.S.C. 9501 et seq.) is amended--
 - (A) in section 111(b)(1)(A) (20 U.S.C. 9511(b)(1)(A)), by inserting `and special education' after `early childhood education';
 - (B) in section 111(c)(3) (20 U.S.C. 9511(c)(3))--
 - (i) in subparagraph (B), by striking `and' after the semicolon:
 - (ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period and inserting `; and'; and
 - (iii) by adding at the end the following:
 - `(D) the National Center for Special Education Research (as described in part E).';
 - (C) in section 115(a) (20 U.S.C. 9515(a)), by striking `including those' and all that follows through `such as' and inserting `including those associated with the goals and requirements of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.), the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.), and the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.), such as'; and
 - (D) in section 116(c)(4)(A)(ii) (20 U.S.C. 9516(c)(4)(A)(ii), by inserting `special education experts,' after `early childhood experts,'.
- (3) ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT OF 1965-Section 1117(a)(3) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6317(a)(3)) is amended by striking `part E' and inserting `part D'.

SEC. 202. NATIONAL BOARD FOR EDUCATION SCIENCES.

Section 116(c)(9) of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (20 U.S.C. 9516(c)(9)) is amended by striking the third sentence and inserting the following:

`Meetings of the Board are subject to section 552b of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Government in the Sunshine Act).'.

SEC. 203. REGIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEES.

Section 206(d)(3) of the Educational Technical Assistance Act of 2002 (20 U.S.C. 9605(d)(3)) is amended by striking `Academy' and inserting `Institute'.

TITLE III--MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. AMENDMENT TO CHILDREN'S HEALTH ACT OF 2000.

Section 1004 of the Children's Health Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 285g note) is amended--

- (1) in subsection (b), by striking `Agency' and inserting `Agency, and the Department of Education'; and
- (2) in subsection (c)--
 - (A) in paragraph (2), by striking `and' after the semicolon;
 - (B) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at the end and inserting `; and'; and
 - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- `(4) be conducted in compliance with section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g), including the requirement of prior parental consent for the disclosure of any education records, except without the use of authority or exceptions granted to authorized representatives of the Secretary of Education for the evaluation of Federally-supported education programs or in connection with the enforcement of the Federal legal requirements that relate to such programs.'

SEC. 302. EFFECTIVE DATES.

- (a) Parts A, B, and C, and subpart 1 of part D-
 - (1) IN GENERAL- Except as provided in paragraph (2), parts A, B, and C, and subpart 1 of part D, of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as amended by title I, shall take effect on July 1, 2005.
 - (2) HIGHLY QUALIFIED DEFINITION- Subparagraph (A), and subparagraphs (C) through (F), of section 602(10) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as amended by title I, shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act for purposes of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.
- (b) SUBPARTS 2, 3, AND 4 OF PART D- Subparts 2, 3, and 4 of part D of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as amended by title I, shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.
- (c) Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002-

- (1) NATIONAL CENTER FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION RESEARCH-Sections 175, 176, and 177 (other than section 177(c)) of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002, as enacted by section 201(a)(2) of this Act, shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.
- (2) PLAN- Section 177(c) of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002, as enacted by section 201(a)(2) of this Act, shall take effect on October 1, 2005.

SEC. 303. TRANSITION.

(a) ORDERLY TRANSITION-

- (1) IN GENERAL- The Secretary of Education (in this section referred to as `the Secretary') shall take such steps as are necessary to provide for the orderly transition from the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as such Act was in effect on the day preceding the date of enactment of this Act, to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and part E of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002, as amended by this Act.

 (2) LIMITATION- The Secretary's authority in paragraph (1) shall
- (2) LIMITATION- The Secretary's authority in paragraph (1) shall terminate 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (b) MULTI-YEAR AWARDS- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may use funds appropriated under part D of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act to make continuation awards for projects that were funded under section 618, and part D, of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (as such section and part were in effect on September 30, 2004), in accordance with the terms of the original awards.
- (c) RESEARCH- Notwithstanding section 302(b) or any other provision of law, the Secretary may award funds that are appropriated under the Department of Education Appropriations Act, 2005 for special education research under either of the headings `SPECIAL EDUCATION' or `INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION SCIENCES' in accordance with sections 672 and 674 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as such sections were in effect on October 1, 2004.

SEC. 304. REPEALER.

Section 644 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, as such section was in effect on the day before the enactment of this Act, is repealed.

SEC. 305. IDEA TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO OTHER LAWS.

- (a) Title 10- Section 2164(f) of title 10, United States Code is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)(B)--
 - (A) by striking `infants and toddlers' each place the term appears and inserting `infants or toddlers';
 - (B) by striking `part H' and inserting `part C'; and
 - (C) by striking `1471' and inserting `1431'; and
 - (2) in paragraph (3)--

- (A) in subparagraph (A)--
 - (i) by striking `602(a)(1)' and inserting `602'; and
 - (ii) by striking `1401(a)(1)' and inserting `1401';
- (B) by striking subparagraph (B);
- (C) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (B); and
- (D) in subparagraph (B) (as so redesignated)--
 - (i) by striking `and toddlers' and inserting `or toddlers';
 - (ii) by striking `672(1)' and inserting `632'; and
 - (iii) by striking `1472(1)' and inserting `1432'.
- (b) Defense Dependents Education Act of 1978- Section 1409(c)(2) of the Defense Dependents Education Act of 1978 (20 U.S.C. 927(c)(2)) is amended--
 - (1) by striking `677' and inserting `636'; and
 - (2) by striking `part H' and inserting `part C'.
- (c) Higher Education Act of 1965- The Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) is amended--
 - (1) in section 465(a)(2)(C) (20 U.S.C. 1087ee(a)(2)(C), by striking `Individuals With' and inserting `Individuals with' and;
 - (2) in section 469(c) (20 U.S.C. 1087ii(c)), by striking `602(a)(1) and 672(1)' and inserting `602 and 632'.
- (d) EDUCATION OF THE DEAF ACT- The matter preceding subparagraph (A) of section 104(b)(2) of the Education of the Deaf Act (20 U.S.C. 4304(b)(2)) is amended by striking `618(a)(1)(A)' and inserting `618(a)(1)'.
- (e) Goals 2000: Educate America Act- Section 3(a)(9) of the Goals 2000: Educate America Act (20 U.S.C. 5802(a)(9)) is amended by striking `602(a)(17)' and inserting `602'.
- (f) School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994- Section 4(15) of the School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 6103(15)) is amended--
 - (1) by striking 602(a)(17) and inserting 602; and
 - (2) by striking `1401(17)' and inserting `1401'.
- (g) Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965- The Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.) is amended--
 - (1) in section 1111(b)(2)(I)(ii) (20 U.S.C. 6311(b)(2)(I)(ii)), by striking `612(a)(17)(A)' and inserting `612(a)(16)(A)';
 - (2) in section 5208 (20 U.S.C. 7221g), by striking $^{\circ}602(11)'$ and inserting $^{\circ}602'$; and
 - (3) in section 5563(b)(8)(C) (20 U.S.C. 7273b(b)(8)(C)), by striking `682' and inserting `671'.
- (h) Rehabilitation Act of 1973- The Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 701 et seq.) is amended--
 - (1) in section 101(a)(11)(D)(ii) (29 U.S.C. 721(a)(11)(D)(ii)), by striking `(as added by section 101 of Public Law 105-17)';
 - (2) in section 105(b)(1)(A)(ii) (29 U.S.C. 725(b)(1)(A)(ii)), by striking `682(a) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (as added by section 101 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997; Public Law 105-17)' and inserting `671 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act';

- (3) in section 105(c)(6) (29 U.S.C. 725(c)(6))--
 - (A) by striking `612(a)(21)' and inserting `612(a)(20)';
 - (B) by striking `Individual with' and inserting `Individuals with'; and
 - (C) by striking `(as amended by section 101 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997; Public Law 105-17)':
- (4) in section 302(f)(1)(D)(ii) (29 U.S.C. 772 (f)(1)(D)(ii)), by striking `(as amended by section 101 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997 (Public Law 105-17))';
- (5) in section 303(c)(6) (29 U.S.C. 773(c)(6))--
 - (A) by striking `682(a)' and inserting `671'; and
 - (B) by striking `(as added by section 101 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997; Public Law 105-17)'; and
- (6) in section 303(c)(4)(A)(ii) (29 U.S.C. 773(c)(4)(A)(ii)), by striking `682(a) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (as added by section 101 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997; Public Law 105-17)' and inserting `671 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act'.
- (i) PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT- The Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) is amended--
 - (1) in section 399A(f) (42 U.S.C. 280d(f), by striking `part H' and inserting `part C';
 - (2) in section 399(n)(3) (42 U.S.C. 280c-6(n)(3)), by striking `part H' and inserting `part C';
 - (3) in section 399A(b)(8) (42 U.S.C. 280d(b)(8)), by striking `part H' and inserting `part C';
 - (4) in section 562(d)(3)(B) (42 U.S.C. 290ff-1(d)(3)(B)), by striking `and H' and inserting `and C'; and
 - (5) in section 563(d)(2) (42 U.S.C. 290ff-2(d)(2)), by striking `602(a)(19)' and inserting `602'.
- (j) SOCIAL SECURITY ACT- The Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) is amended--
 - (1) in section 1903(c) (42 U.S.C. 1396b(c)), by striking `part H' and inserting `part C'; and
 - (2) in section 1915(c)(5)(C)(i) (42 U.S.C. 1396n(c)(5)(C)(i)), by striking `(as defined in section 602(16) and (17) of the Education of the Handicapped Act (20 U.S.C. 1401(16), (17))' and inserting `(as such terms are defined in section 602 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1401))'.
- (k) Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973- Section 211(a) of the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 5011(a)) is amended--
 - (1) by striking `part H' and inserting `part C'; and
 - (2) by striking `1471' and inserting `1431'.

- (1) HEAD START ACT- The Head Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9831 et seq.) is amended-
- -
- (1) in section 640(a)(5)(C)(iv) (42 U.S.C. 9835(a)(5)(C)(iv)), by striking `1445' and inserting `1444';
- (2) in section 640(d) (42 U.S.C. 9835(d))--
 - (A) by striking `U.S.C' and inserting `U.S.C.'; and
 - (B) by striking `1445' and inserting `1444';
- (3) in section 641(d)(3) (42 U.S.C. 9836(d)(3)), by striking `U.S.C 1431-1445' and inserting `U.S.C. 1431-1444'; and
- (4) in section 642(c) (42 U.S.C. 9837(c)), by striking `1445' and inserting `1444'.
- (m) National and Community Service Act of 1990- Section 101(21)(B) of the National and Community Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12511(21)(B)) is amended--
 - (1) by striking `602(a)(1)' and inserting `602'; and
 - (2) by striking `1401(a)(1)' and inserting `1401'.
- (n) Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000- The Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 15001 et seq.) is amended--
 - (1) in section 125(c)(5)(G)(i) (42 U.S.C. 15025(c)(5)(G)(i)), by striking `subtitle C' and inserting `part C'; and
 - (2) in section 154(a)(3)(E)(ii)(VI) (42 U.S.C. 15064(a)(3)(E)(ii)(VI))--
 - (A) by striking `682 or 683' and inserting `671 or 672'; and
 - (B) by striking `(20 U.S.C. 1482, 1483)'.
- (o) District of Columbia School Reform Act of 1995- The District of Columbia School Reform Act of 1995 (Public Law 104-134) is amended--
 - (1) in section 2002(32)--
 - (A) by striking `602(a)(1)' and inserting `602'; and
 - (B) by striking `1401(a)(1)' and inserting `1401';
 - (2) in section 2202(19), by striking `Individuals With' and inserting `Individuals with'; and
 - (3) in section 2210--
 - (A) in the heading for subsection (c), by striking `WITH DISABILITIES' and inserting `WITH DISABILITIES'; and (B) in subsection (c), by striking `Individuals With' and inserting `Individuals with'.

SEC. 306. COPYRIGHT.

Section 121 of title 17, United States Code, is amended--

- (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d);
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
- `(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 106, it is not an infringement of copyright for a publisher of print instructional materials for use in elementary or secondary schools to create and distribute to the National Instructional Materials Access Center copies of the electronic files described in sections 612(a)(23)(C),

613(a)(6), and section 674(e) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act that contain the contents of print instructional materials using the National Instructional Material Accessibility Standard (as defined in section 674(e)(3) of that Act), if--

- `(1) the inclusion of the contents of such print instructional materials is required by any State educational agency or local educational agency;
- `(2) the publisher had the right to publish such print instructional materials in print formats; and
- `(3) such copies are used solely for reproduction or distribution of the contents of such print instructional materials in specialized formats.'; and (3) in subsection (d), as redesignated by this section--
 - (A) in paragraph (2), by striking `and' after the semicolon; and
 - (B) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:
- `(3) `print instructional materials' has the meaning given under section 674(e)(3)(C) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act; and `(4) `specialized formats' means--
 - `(A) braille, audio, or digital text which is exclusively for use by blind or other persons with disabilities; and
 - `(B) with respect to print instructional materials, includes large print formats when such materials are distributed exclusively for use by blind or other persons with disabilities.'.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Vice President of the United States and

President of the Senate.

END